Timely and Late Objections as of June 5, 2013

Epiq Tracking #	Objection #	Objection Status	Name 1	Name 2
1112632	600000002	Complete	BARBARA HILTON	
5928952	60000003	Complete	CAROL PARKER	
2309640	600000023	Complete	COLD STONE CREAMERY	C/O LORY AXTMAN
4303911	60000006	Complete	FANETTE POLLACK	
5274631	60000014	Complete	FORREST S TURKISH	
1304394	600000021	Late	IRENE NELSON	
527873	60000013	Complete	J KIRK JR	
527873	60000016	Duplicate	J KIRK JR	
6178153	600000009	Complete	JOHN PENTZ	CONSTANCE B PENTZ
4183781	60000007	Complete	JOSEPH FIX	
4183781	60000010	Complete	JOSEPH FIX	
4183781	60000015	Duplicate	JOSEPH FIX	
3134251	600000022	Complete	MELISSA BROWN	
3134251	600000024	Duplicate	MELISSA BROWN	
3586716	60000004	Complete	PATRICK E RUDD	
5035878	60000011	Complete	PYOTR DROZDOV	C/O MARK DROZDOV
5035878	60000019	Duplicate	PYOTR DROZDOV	C/O MARK DROZDOV
4776308	60000012	Complete	RICHARD PRICE	
4776308	60000018	Duplicate	RICHARD PRICE	
553501	60000005	Complete	RONALD GREEN	
8347641	600000020	Late	SANAE DILLARD	
7522958	600000025	Complete	SANDRA DIAZ	
3434178	60000001	Complete	SHIRELY JONES	
531578	60000017	Complete	STEVEN MORRISON	

MAY 16,2012

CLASS ACTION SETTLEMENT

JOHN G.JACOBS,ESQ
122 S.MICHIGAN AVE
ST.1850,CHICAGO,IL 60603
CC:HENERY A WEISSMANN
355S.GRAND AVE 35TH FL
LOS ANGELES, CA9001-1560
CC:CLERK OF THE COURT
1301 CLAY STREET ST.
400 S OAKLAND, CA 94612

I BARBARA HILTON WITH PIN 8646804681266 OBJECTIONS

OBJECTIONS

BOULDUM HILTON

May 10, 2012

Henry A. Weissman 355 South Grand Ave. 35th Floor Los Angeles, CA 90071-1560

Dear Mr. Henry A. Weissman:

At this time I have the right to object to the Class Counsel's request for attorney's fees and expenses of (\$7,500, 000) and/or incentive awards (\$10,000 total). I would like to exercise that right today May 10, 2012. If you need to contact me my telephone number and address is listed below.

Cordially,

Mrs C. Parker 601 West 7th Street Apt. 6G Plainfield, NJ 07060 (908) 444-8667 VOLENBS C

May 5, 2013

John G. Jacobs, Esq. 55 West Monroe Street, Suite 2970 Chicago, IL 60603

Henry A. Weissmann 355 S. Grand Ave., 35th Fl. Los Angeles, CA 90071-1560

Clerk of the Court 1301 Clay Street, St . 400 S. Oakland, CA 94612

Dear Sirs,

Regarding Verizon Third Party Class Action Settlement, I hereby **object** to the Class Counsel's request for \$7,500,000 attorneys' fees and incentive awards (\$10,000 total), on behalf of my 4 current accounts with Verizon: 01 1769 1160119300 01; 01 1769 1115858645 03; 01 1769 1160164976 05; 01 1766 1131047894 09.

Signed,

Lory Axtman, owner of businesses and individual account holder

Fanette Pollack 544 First Street Brooklyn NY 11215 July 23, 2012 My Verizon number 718-788-3822

Re Moore v. Verizon Case no. CV 09-1823 SBA

Clerk of the Court 1301 Clay Street Suite 400 S. Oakland, CA 94612

John G. Jacobs 122 S. Michigan Avenue Suite 1850 Chicago Illinois 60603

Henry A. Weissmann 355 S. Grand Ave. 35th floor Los Angeles CA 90071-1560

Moore v. Verizon Settlement Administrator PO Box 4655 Portland Oregon 97208-4655

Dear Sir or Madam:

I am writing as a Verizon customer and class member who was charged with unauthorized billing. I have found the settlement process in this case to be riddled with errors, sloppy and inefficient. Class counsel is asking for \$7,500,000 in attorneys' fees and expenses. If their handling of the case was anything like their implementation of the settlement process for Verizon customers, they should not be paid anything approaching that number, and I object to that award of fees.

I initially applied on line for a listing of my third party charges immediately after receiving a Class Action Settlement Notice in the mail, which I believe was in May. I received confirmation by e-mail (undated) that my charges would be provided in approximately 14 days. Nothing came. I put in another request and printed out another confirmation. Again nothing came. The confirmation numbers are VMNYOBOO and F3UKZDII. Several weeks later on July 1 (copy enclosed, Ex. A) I wrote again asking for my charges. I noted that without sending information to class members who have requested it, there is no basis for asking the court for attorneys' fees for settling the case.

Even this e-mail was not sufficient to get the charges from the Settlement Administrator.

I received a reply e-mail on July 11 from the Settlement Administrator stating: "Verizon has been working on a process that will make it much easier for a person to review their charges and they want to implement that for the convenience of everyone concerned before they proceed." A copy of that e-mail is also enclosed, also Ex. A. What does that mean? I had submitted two requests over a month earlier. Why was no process in place at that time when documents were promised within 14 days? The author also stated that class members have until November 15 to file and mailings (of charges) will take place "in plenty of time to meet that deadline". However November is much too late to file an objection to the settlement, if any class member had such an objection, which must be done by August 17.

On July 13, I received yet another e-mail from Verizon Services stating that said the charges were provided as an attachment. Exhibit B. However, nothing was attached. I wrote back yet another time informing the sender that nothing had been attached. Exhibit C. Finally a few days later I received my charges.

Your average consumer would not jump through these hoops to pursue their claim. If the purpose of the lawsuit is to compensate the customers of Verizon and not to enrich the attorneys, more attention should have been paid to the settlement process and less to the application for attorneys' fees and expenses.

I do not have the entire record, so I cannot express an opinion of how much the plaintiffs' attorneys should be paid. I can only register my great objection to a claims process that was sloppy, inaccurate, duplicative and cumbersome, and not designed to serve the interests of the class. And this was the experience of one claimant who highlighted the issue of payment of fees to the settlement administrator.

I do not intend to be present at the Final Approval hearing, but on behalf of Verizon customers and members of this class, I express my extreme unhappiness with the extremely poor claims procedure. I accordingly object to the request for attorneys' fees by class counsel which fees, in my view, will ultimately be passed on to Verizon customers. This is my question for the Court in considering the fee application: How much time claimed by the attorneys which was wasted in implementing the claims procedure was also wasted in other sloppy or inaccurate work performed throughout the case?

Very truly yours,

fanety Villack

Fanette Pollack

Case4:09-cv-01823-SBA Document170-7 Filed06/11/13 Page12 of 208

· From: Moore v Verizon Settlement Administrator <questions@verizonthirdpartybillingsettlement.com>

To: fanettep <fanettep@aol.com>
Subject: RE: prior claims for charges
Date: Wed, Jul 11, 2012 5:33 pm

Dear Fanette Pollack.

Thank you for your email.

We confirm receipt of your request. Verizon has been working on a process that will make it much easier for a person to review their charges and they want to implement that for the convenience of everyone concerned before they proceed. We thank you for your patience, and would remind you that everyone has until November 15th to file. Mailings will take place in plenty of time to meet that deadline.

If you should have any further questions please don't hesitate to call our toll free number, (877) 772-6219 or visit the website www.verizonthirdpartybillingsettlement.com.

Regards,

Moore v Verizon Settlement Administrator

From: fanettep@aol.com [mailto:fanettep@aol.com]

Sent: Sunday, July 01, 2012 1:26 PM

To: Moore v Verizon Settlement Administrator

Subject: prior claims for charges

To class counsel and settlement administrator:

Several weeks ago, I submitted via your web-site two requests for summary of third party charges on the case of Moore v. Verizon.

Neither request has been responded to.

I assume the attorneys are requesting attorneys' and other fees for their work on this case for the benefit of the class. If you do not submit the requested information to class members, you will have no basis for asking the court for fees.

Kindly respond.

Confirmation number F3UKZDI! and confirmation number VMNYOB0O.

If you cannot locate these files, the account is the name of Fanette Pollack 544 First Street, Brooklyn NY 11215 718-788-3822.

Thank you.

Ex.A

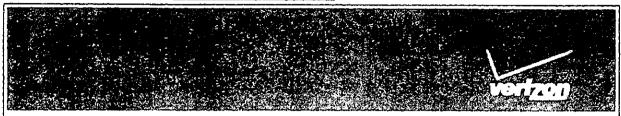
From: Verizon Services <verizon-services@verizon.com>

To: fanettep <fanettep@aol.com>

Subject: Summary of Third-Party Charges - Moore et al. v. Verizon et al., Case No. 09-cv-1823 SBA

Date: Fri, Jul 13, 2012 5:59 pm

Can't view this email properly? Click here for the online version



Attached is the summary of Third-Party charges that you requested in connection with the class action settlement in Moore et al., v. Verizon et al. (Case No. 09-cv-1823 SBA), United States District Court for the Northern District of California. Please do not respond to this e-mail. If you have questions about this summary, you may email the Claims Administrator at questions@verizonthirdpartybillingsettlement.com.

For detailed instructions on how to submit a daim under the settlement, please visit www.verizonthirdpartybillingsettlement.com/Filing.aspx. If you elect to submit a Full Claim, please note that you must submit this summary report indicating which charges you claim were unauthorized along with your completed claim form to the Settlement Administrator.

If the Settlement Administrator approves your claim, partially or in full, you will either receive a credit on your telephone bill, or payment by check mailed to the address that you provide on your claim form.

Note
There is no attachment

EX. B

Case4:09-cv-01823-SBA Document170-7 Filed06/11/13 Page14 of 208

, From: fanettep <fanettep@aol.com>

To: FANETTEP <FANETTEP@aol.com>

Subject: Fwd: Summary of Third-Party Charges - Moore et al. v. Verizon et al., Case No. 09-cv-1823 SBA

Date: Fri, Jul 13, 2012 9:36 pm

-----Original Message-----

From: fanettep < fanettep@aol.com>

To: questions < questions@verizonthirdpartybillingsettlement.com>

Sent: Fri, Jul 13, 2012 6:48 pm

Subject: Fwd: Summary of Third-Party Charges - Moore et al. v. Verizon et al., Case No. 09-cv-1823 SBA

I do not see an attachment with a summary of charges.

——Original Message——

From: Verizon Services < verizon-services@verizon.com>

To: fanettep < fanettep@aol.com > Sent: Fri, Jul 13, 2012 5:59 pm

Subject: Summary of Third-Party Charges - Moore et al. v. Verizon et al., Case No. 09-cv-1823 SBA

Can't view this email properly? Click here for the online version



Attached is the summary of Third-Party charges that you requested in connection with the class action settlement in Moore et al., v. Verizon et al. (Case No. 09-cv-1823 SBA), United States District Court for the Northern District of California. Please do not respond to this e-mail. If you have questions about this summary, you may email the Claims Administrator at questions@verizonthirdpartybillingsettlement.com. For detailed instructions on how to submit a claim under the settlement, please visit www.verizonthirdpartybillingsettlement.com/Filing.aspx. If you elect to submit a Full Claim, please note that you must submit this summary report indicating which charges you claim were unauthorized along with your completed claim form to the Settlement Administrator. If the Settlement Administrator approves your claim, partially or in full, you will either receive a credit on your telephone bill, or payment by check mailed to the address that you provide on your claim form.

EX.C

Darrell Palmer (SBN 125147) darrell.palmer@palmerlegalteam.com 2 Law Offices of Darrell Palmer PC 603 North Highway 101, Suite A 3 Solana Beach, California 92075 Telephone: (858) 792-5600 4 Facsimile: (858) 792-5655 5 Attorney for Objector Forrest Turkish 6 7 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT 8 NORTHER DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA Q DESIREE MOORE and KAREN JONES. Case No. 4:09-cv-01823-SBA 10 individually and on behalf of a class of similarly situated individuals. 11 **OBJECTIONS OF FORREST TURKISH TO** THE FINAL APPROVAL OF THE Plaintiffs, PROPOSED SETTLEMENT AND NOTICE 12 OF INTENT TO APPEAR AT HEARING VS. 13 VERIZON COMMUNICATIONS INC., a 14 Delaware corporation, VERIZON CALIFORNIA, Date: September 25, 2012 INC., a California corporation, VERIZON Time: 1:00 p.m. 15 Judge: Hon. Saundra Brown Armstrong CORPORATE SERVICES GROUP INC., a New 16 York corporation, VERIZON SERVICES CORP., a Delaware corporation, TELESECTOR 17 RESOURCES GROUP, a Delaware corporation, VERIZON SERVICES OPERATIONS INC., a 18 Delaware corporation, VERIZON SERVICES 19 ORGANIZATION, INC., a Delaware corporation, VERIZON CORPORATE SERVICES CORP., a 20 Delaware corporation, VERIZON DATA 21 SERVICES, INC., a Delaware corporation, and DOES 1 through 25, 22 Defendants. 23 24 Class member Forrest Turkish hereby objects to the final approval of the proposed settlement. 25 26 His Verizon telephone numbers end in 9321, 8866 and 9613 and his present address is in New Jersey. 27 He hereby gives notice of his counsel's intention to appear at the fairness hearing, under objection. All communication regarding this objection should be directed to his attorney of record. 28

 Forrest Turkish objects to the settlement on the following grounds:

- The claims procedure contains unnecessary hurdles designed to minimize the amount paid out by Verizon. While there is no defined amount to the common fund, there is no minimum amount Verizon must disgorge.
- 2. The requirements that an objector or his counsel be present at the fairness hearing to preserve a class member's right to appeal goes far beyond the language of Rule 23 and frustrates the purpose behind allowing class members to object.
- 3. The Notice does not disclose that there is in fact a *cy pres* component to the settlement, discussed in Section F, page 12 of the settlement. This failure to disclose this *cy pres* component in the Notice smacks of unfairness in that the class members were not fairly apprised of this aspect of the settlement. Further, while this settlement was negotiated prior to the Ninth Circuit's decision in *Dennis v. Kellogg*, July 13, 2012, the *Dennis* decision reveals that the *cy pres* component, as presently framed, does not meet Ninth Circuit standards. This conclusion could have been anticipated, as the *Dennis* decision simply clarifies existing law.

I. THE CLAIMS PROCEDURE CONTAINS UNNECESSARY HURDLES TO PROCESSING PAYMENTS TO CLASS MEMBERS

While Turkish appreciates the offer to reimburse 100% of the improper third-party charges, he does not understand the requirement of submitting documentation **provided by Verizon:** "You must provide information or documentation from the summary of third party charges provided to you by Verizon." Notice at section 10. It seems designed simply as a hurdle to reduce the number of claims, since this information could be provided directly to the administrator by Verizon.

Even after Verizon provides a class member with a summary of the unauthorized charges, Verizon is authorized to challenge the claimed amount, with the Settlement Administrator having the final authority. Notice at section 11. Interestingly, the identity of the administrator is never disclosed. Accordingly, it is unclear whether the Settlement Administrator is a disinterested third party, or if the administrator is an arm of Verizon itself. This leaves a class member wondering whether his claim will be handled fairly. The Notice does not provide this essential information and is therefore insufficient.

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Ultimately, one is given no information regarding how much Verizon is expected to disgorge. While there is no "cap," there is also no floor. Perhaps there should be.

II. THE REQUIREMENT THAT AN OBJECTOR APPEAR AT THE FAIRNESS HEARING TO PRESERVE HIS RIGHT TO APPEAL UNDERMINES THE PURPOSES OF RULE 23, IS CONTRARY TO LAW, AND MUST BE STRUCK

Section 18 of the Notice contains the following objectionable language: "No appeal may be taken from the approval of this Settlement unless the person appears in person or through counsel at the Final Approval Hearing." This requirement is patently objectionable in a nationwide settlement, and prejudices class members who do not reside near Oakland, California.

Rule 23(e)(5) states that "Any class member may object to the proposal if it requires court approval under this subdivision (e); the objection may be withdrawn only with the court's approval." There is no language imposing a requirement that an objector be present at the fairness hearing. As such, the language in the present Notice imposes unreasonable hurdles designed only to stymie the RIGHT to object.

The requirement that an objector must appear at the fairness hearing to preserve the right to appeal lacks any foundation or support at law and is clearly designed to chill objectors. Rule 23 describes class actions as representative suits, and therefore only the representatives need fulfill standing requirements as plaintiffs or appellants. Rule 23(f), governing appeals, contains no provision that objectors under (e)(5) must demonstrate their own standing requirements and appear "in person" at the fairness hearing to pursue their appeal. In fact, to allow objectors to lodge objections in district court, and then deny them the right to appeal an adverse decision turns principles of due process on their head: one has the right to lodge an objection, but has no recourse if that objection is overruled. This result makes the legislative right to object under (e)(5) hollow, and essentially meaningless if one has a right to appear in court, but no right for redress of that decision.

Case law also respects the right to object. Chief Justice Rose Bird stated that "Class members have a due process interest in expressing their own views to the courts." State of California v. Levi Strauss & Co., 41 Cal.3d 460, 484 (1986)(C.J. Bird, concurring)(emphasis added). Having a right to object, but not appeal does not square with this concept of due process.

Other case law interpreting Rule 23 underscores the fact that only the representative class member need comply with procedural standing requirements to preserve the right to appeal:

Federal case law is clear that the question of standing in class actions involves the standing of the class representative and not the class members. "Generally standing in a class action is assessed solely with respect to class representatives, not unnamed members of the class." (In re General Motors Corporation Dex-Cool Products Liability Litigation, 241 F.R.D. 305, 310 (S.D.III. 2007); see 1 Newberg & Conte, Newberg on Class Actions (3d ed. 1992) §2.07, p. 2-41 ["the standing issue focuses on whether the plaintiff is properly before the court, not whether absent class members are properly before the court"].) . . . "If that court, guided by the nature and purpose of the substantive law on which the plaintiffs base their claims, properly applies Rule 23, then the certified class must necessarily have standing as an entity." (Vuyanich v. Republic National Bank of Dallas, 82 F.R.D. 420, 428 (N.D.Tex. 1979).

In re Tobacco II Cases, 46 Cal.4th 298, 318-19 (2009)(emphasis added). Interestingly, the named representatives do not even need to appear at the fairness hearing to preserve their right to appeal. Why, then, must an unnamed representative dissatisfied with the fairness of the settlement jump through additional requirements not described by Rule 23? These additional hurdles must be struck for what they are: a barrier to objectors who have a statutory and due process right to lodge objections when their rights are being adjudicated and released. Accordingly, Turkish objects to this patently unfair requirement not even imposed on named representatives.

III.THE CY PRES COMPONENT OF THE SETTLEMENT WAS NOT ADEQUATELY DISCLOSED TO THE CLASS, AND IS NOT SUFFICIENTLY DESCRIBED TO WITHSTAND NINTH CIRCUIT SCRUTINY

The class notice describes the benefits of the settlement, and yet omits an important component of the settlement which typically must be described and disclosed to class members for approval: the cy pres component. The settlement agreement references uncashed checks, which will be earmarked for an unchosen, unnamed charity subject to agreement by the parties and approval by the Court. This afterthought, which is a guaranteed event (uncashed checks), requires further development in the settlement, disclosure to the class, and actual selection to ensure that the purposes for which the suit was brought are fulfilled in the charitable selection. Although these principles have been developed in the Ninth Circuit, as described in Six Mexican Workers v. Arizona Citrus Growers, 904 F.2d 1301 (9th Cir. 1990), the most recent Ninth Circuit pronouncement fully clarifies that the charity must be identified in

the settlement agreement, and must align with the goals of the suit, rather than just be a nice charity. In *Dennis v. Kellogg*, 2012 WL 2870128 (July 13, 2012), the court specifically struck down a *cy pres* provision identical to the present one:

A cy pres award must be "guided by (1) the objectives of the underlying statutes and (2) the interests of the silent class members," id. at 1039, and must not benefit a group "too remote from the plaintiff class," Six Mexican Workers, 904 F.2d at 1308.... Our concerns are not placated by the settlement provision that the charities will be identified at a later date and approved by the court – a decision from which the Objectors might again appeal.... The difficulty here is that, by failing to identify the cy pres recipients, the parties have restricted our ability to undertake the searching inquiry that our precedent requires. The cy pres problem present in this case is of the parties' own making, and encouraging multiple costly appeals by punting down the line our review of the settlement agreement is no solution.

Dennis, at *4, *6 (emphasis added). By failing to identify appropriate recipients, the settlement in front of the Court suffers from the same deficiency struck by the Dennis court.

IV. CONCLUSION

For the foregoing reasons, objector Turkish prays that the Court:

- A. Sustain these objections;
- B. Enter such Orders as are necessary and just to adjudicate these Objections and to alleviate the inherent unfairness, inadequacies and unreasonableness of the proposed settlement; and
- C. Award an incentive fee to this Objector for his service as unnamed Class Member in this litigation.

LAW OFFICES OF DARRELL PALMER PC

Dated: August 17, 2012

q

Joseph Darrell Palmer
Attorney for Objector Forrest Turkish

4:09-cv-01823-SBA



From: LAW OFFICES OF DARRELL PALMER 603 N. HWY 101, SUITE A SOLANA BEACH, CA 92075

MOORE V VERIZON SETTLEMENT ADMINISTRATOR PO BOX 4655 PORTLAND OR 97208

Ms. Irene Nelson 2058 Boxwood Rd. #206 Annapolis, MD 21403-1150

July 23, 2012

Henry A. Weissmann Esq. 3555 S. Grand Ave. 350F1. Los Angenes CA. 90071-1560

Pe: Class Action Settlement Notice

Dear Esqu Weiss HANN:

I STrongly OBJECT To The Settle Head, Class Counseis request fles and expenses (# ? 500,000) And or incentive AWArds (#10,000 Total).

I WANT WHAT IS best for Me (MONETATY).

ENCLOSURE: OMIT CLASS ACTION STAMMENT NOTICE PhotoCopy

410-280-8641 Line Disconnected) 410-212 2710 Cerl OR 433-254-7038 Cerl

Clicket 1000 4.09 drongston 4700 Scheener Bluds SUFFELL, VA 23434 8/17/12 Dear, Sis, In regards to Moore V. Veryon classof in case of the Moore V. Veryon Settlement administrator I am informing of a request to extend the decision declaration due to Competent cucumstarceal distressin 5 evere happenings. This request to within the anoneness of the Final approval Hearing on September 5, 2016 ort the U.G. District Court, Monthern District California, 1301 Clay Street, Oakland, OA 94412, Courtison 1. also, at this Line annotifying considerable dijections.
Chankyow, Windowsky

Case 4:09-cv-01823-SBA Document170-7 HAMPTON ROADS SUFFOIK, VA 23435 Marc Everets Rd. AUG 1 1.201 Liberty SUFFOIL, VA 23424 Moore V. Veryon Settlemet administrator P.O: Box 4655 Portland OR 97208-4655 11.1...1...1...1.111....1...1...1...1...1...1...1...1...1...1...1...1...1

Case4:09-cv-01823-SBA Document170-7 Filed06/11/13 Page29 of 208 Windstorick - hunter 47 to Schooner Bluds SUFFALL, NA 23434 8/17/12 Dear, Sira, In regards to More V. Veryon classif in care of the Moore V. Veryon Settlement administrator I am informing of a request to extend the decision declaration due to Competent cincumstancial distressing 5 evere happenings. This request to within the anoneness of the Final approval Hearing on September 5, 201 at the U.S. District Court Matheman California, 1301 Clay Street, Oakland, CA 944 12, Courtroom 1. Also, at this but not exclusion.

Chankyon, alightentiak

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27 28 Steve A. Miller (CA Bar No. 171815)

Steve A. Miller, P.C.

1625 Larimer St., Suite 2905

Denver, CO 80202

Ph: 303-892-9933 Fax:303-892-8925

Email: sampc01@gmail.com

Attorney for Objector John J. Pentz, Jr.

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA OAKLAND DIVISION

DESIREE MOORE and KAREN JONES individually and on behalf of a class of similarly situated individuals,

Plaintiffs,

x manual a

VERIZON COMMUNICATIONS, et al.

Defendants.

CASE NO. 4:09-cv-01823-SBA

Hon. Saundra Brown Armstrong

OBJECTION TO CLASS ACTION SETTLEMENT AND REQUEST FOR ATTORNEY'S FEES

Class member John J. Pentz, Jr., 1 Highland Road, East Stroudsburg, PA 18301, hereby objects to the proposed class action settlement and request for attorney's fees in this action. Mr. Pentz received notice of settlement in this case (copy attached), and requested a summary of his third-party charges on June 28, 2012 (copy attached). To date, no such requested summary has been received from any party. Objector Pentz has no reason to believe that his situation is different from any other class member's, which means that very few class members will have the information necessary to file claims, few claims will be filed, and little money will be paid out by Verizon.

Accordingly, the \$7.5 million requested by Class Counsel as attorneys' fees is premature.

There is no common fund here to justify such a request as a percentage of some hypothetical

¹ The Verizon account telephone number was 570-421-6255:

figure of unauthorized charges during the class period. The settlement has been successful only if those charges are actually refunded to class members. Any award of fees should await a final accounting of claims filed and paid. This will give Class Counsel an incentive to ensure that Verizon complies with its duties and provides an accounting of third-party charges to class members.

In valuing the settlement, the Court should look to the actual claims rate. See Yeagley v. Wells Fargo & Co., 2008 U.S. Dist LEXIS 5040 (N.D. Cal. January 18, 2008)² (referring to parties' valuation based on assumed 100% claims rate as "fiction" and "fantasy," and awarding fee of 25% of claimed benefits).

Class counsel contend that the Court must consider the amount Wells Fargo could have paid under the settlement in determining the common fund for the purpose of attorney's fees. They argue that under the Ninth Circuit's decision in Williams v. MGM-Pathe Communications Co., 129 F.3d 1026 (9th Cir. 1997), the Court must find that since all 3.8 million class members could have a made a claim for a free tri-merged credit report, the value of the recovery, that is, the common fund, is at least \$114 million... Williams does not require this Court to adopt the fiction that the settlement is worth \$114 million.... Williams, in contrast, was a settlement of a securities-fraud class action for \$4.5 million in cash...

Class counsel's \$114 million figure is pure fantasy. Counsel does not offer a shred of evidence that suggests that the parties reasonably believed that Wells Fargo would actually pay anything near that amount, and the Court finds that they did not.... To award class counsel the same fee regardless of the claim participation rate, that is, regardless of the enthusiasm of the class for the benefits purportedly negotiated on their behalf, would reduce the incentive in future cases for class counsel to create a settlement which actually addresses the needs of the class. In this case, for example, the one percent claim rate demonstrates that the brochure did not effectively educate the class members about the importance of credit reports and monitoring their credit... Common sense dictates that a reasonable fcc in a class action settlement is a fce that takes into account the actual results obtained.

² Reversed on other grounds, 365 Fed. Appx. 886 (9th Cir. 2010)(holding that fee should have been set at lodestar amount because case was brought under fee-shifting statute, but not disturbing rule that percentage fee must be based on amount claimed).

 Id. at *20-28. The court in Yeagley went on to award class counsel a fee of \$325,000, or 25% of the value of claimed settlement benefits plus attorney's fees, a figure that was approximately one-third of class counsel's claimed lodestar. See also Managing Class Action Litigation: A Pocket Guide for Judges, Federal Judicial Center 2009.

Federal courts have generally followed the Federal Judicial Center guidelines and endeavored to accurately value claims-made settlements when awarding attorney's fees. They do not simply use the amount made available to the class when calculating a percentage attorney's fee, but they wait for the claims to come in and calculate the fee based upon the amount actually paid out to the class members. See e.g., In re Compact Disc Minimum

Advertised Price Litig., 370 F. Supp. 2d 320 (D. Me. 2005) (awarding attorney's fees of 30% of value of redeemed coupons, which was 30% of claimed lodestar). See also In re Excess Value

Ins. Coverage Litig., 2005 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 45104 (SDNY 2006) at *28-33 (awarding class counsel fees in the amount of 50% of vouchers redeemed, which was 35% of lodestar).

Recognizing that percentage of funds is the preferred method of assessing fees in a settlement like this, with lodestar analysis providing only a check, I can effectively gauge appropriate attorney fees only if I know the total value of the settlement. But although I am satisfied that the coupon settlement has value to the class, I am not confident of the redemption rate that has been projected and thus of the settlement's total value. Therefore, I have determined to delay award of attorney fees until experience shows how many vouchers are exercised and thus how valuable the settlement really is.

In re Compact Disc Minimum Advertised Price Antitrust Litig., 292 F. Supp. 2d 184, 189-90 (D. Me. 2003) (Hornby, D.J.).

The percentage of Settlement approach cannot be reasonably employed at this point because the Settlement's actual value to the Class is unclear and cannot accurately be assessed until the rate at which Class Members redeem UPS Vouchers is known... "Particularly where the common benefits are in the form of discounts, coupons, options or declaratory or injunctive relief, estimates of the value or even the existence of a common fund may be unreliable, rendering application of any percentage-of-recovery approach inappropriate. Where there is

no secondary market for coupon redemption, the judge can conclude that the stated value of the coupons ... does not provide a sufficiently firm foundation to support a fee award..."

In re Excess Value Ins. Coverage Litig., 2004 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 14822 (S.D.N.Y. 2004) at *58 (quoting Manual for Complex Litigation § 14.121).

NOTICE OF INTENT TO APPEAR AT FAIRNESS HEARING

Class Member Pentz intends to appear at the Fairness Hearing scheduled for September 25, 2012 through his undersigned counsel.

Respectfully Submitted,

Steve A. Miller, P.C.

1625 Larimer St., Suite 2905

Denver, CO 80202

Telephone: 303-892-9933 Facsimile: 303-892-8925 Email: sampc01@gmail.com

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

The undersigned certifies that on August 16, 2012 a true copy of the foregoing was filed with the Clerk of the Court using CM/ECF and as a result has been served on all counsel of record and he mailed a true copy of the foregoing document by First Class US Mail to the following:

John G. Jacobs 122 S. Michigan Ave., Suite 1850

Chicago, IL 60603

Moore v Verizon Settlement Administrator

PO Box 4655

Portland, OR 97208-4655

Henry A. Weissman 355 Grand Ave., 35th floor Los Angeles, CA 90071-1560

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Case4:09-cv-01823-SBA Document170-7 Filed06/11/13 Page35 of 208

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1-877-772-6204

JOHN J PENTZ JR 1 HIGHLAND RD E STROUDSBURG PA 18901-2301 AS-IS
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Verizon Third Party Billing Settlement Moore et al., v. Verizon et al.

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STEVE A. MILLER, P. C.

THE BARCLAY, NO. 2905

DENVER, COLORADO 80202-1539

Moore v. Verizon Settlement Adminis PO Box 4655 Portland OR 97208-4655

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EXHIBIT G-10

169 Danbury Drive Cheektowaga, New York 14225-2002 (716) 836- 1264 (310) 746 – 7738 Email: or

2 August 2012

phenry 65@ hotmail. Com rentuva 2009@gmail. Com

Moore v. Verizon Settlement Administrator, PO Box 4655, Portland, OR 97208-4655

Dear Sir or Madam:

Verizon Account 716 836 1264 180 26 5

In re Verizon Class Action lawsuit. I object to the settlement. Settlement administrators have not given us, senior citizens, a timely or reasonable period to discern whether or not to opt in to the class action.

I am writing to express hurt, to stop the hurt, to prevent the hurt from occurring again, to increase communication, and improve the relationship I have with Verizon Class Action attorneys.

I am a resident of New York State.

I am a potential party to the Verizon Class action suit.

In late June, I called the provided number by Verizon Class Action attorneys to gain a summary of Third Party billing charges. We followed the instructions completely. Six weeks later, we have not received a form to submit to learn of our summary.

We are Senior Citizens, and we would like to have adequate time to reason whether or not it is in our best interest to be included in the class action.

Later in June, we filled out the form online, to gain a Summary form to better make this informed, reasoned decision. We heard nothing back. It has been over one month.

Lastly, in July, we filled out a form online again, got a ticket number again (though a much later one, we presume). We have yet to receive a form, to learn of our Third Party billing summary. We would like to make an informed decision.

In sum, we are senior citizens. We suffer from certain ailments, have many doctor's appointments, and would like to have more time than the court initially afforded in order to decide whether to opt in or out of the class action suit.

Class Counsel will ask the Court to approve payment of \$7,500,000 to them for attorneys' fees and expenses. This is certainly enough compensation for the four firms selected by the court to respond in a

reasonable time period. Six weeks, and five weeks, is certainly a reasonable enough time, in our humble estimation, to respond to the true sufferers of these over charges.

We reserve the right to ask the United States District Court for the Northern District of California to extend the deadline and / or to sanction the alleged honorable attorneys and their staff for not responding to us and other potential class action participants in a timely and reasonable manner. After all, the Attorneys have email, internet, cell phones, blackberries, computers, faxes, telephones, and the like, at their disposal. We, the humble potential plaintiffs, have only a phone, and public library access to email.

Please increase communication and improve the relationship in an expeditious manner in the approaching week. You may reach ourselves, or my son, Brian Fix, at the above information. Thank you.

Sincerety

Joseph and Betty Fix

OTHER SOLD IN ST

Haladadah Haladah dah dah dah dah dah

EXHIBIT G-11

169 Danbury Drive

Cheektowaga, NY 14225-2—2 Email: <u>phenry65@hotmail.com</u> Telephone: 716.836.1264

Cell phone of son, Brian Fix: 310.746.7738 In re: Verizon Account: 7168361264180265

8/16/2012 17:18:33 PM

Clerk of the Court at 1301 Clay Street, St. 400 S., Oakland, CA 94612

CC: John G. Jacobs at 122 S. Michigan Ave., Suite 1850, Chicago, IL 60603 (Plaintiffs' Counsel)

Bcc: Henry A. Weissmann, 355 S. Grand, Ave., 35th Fl., Los Angeles, CA. 90071-1560 (Verizon's counsel)

Bcc: Moore v. Verizon Settlement Administrator, PO Box 4655, Portland, OR 97208-4655

Dear Honorable Court and relevant counsel:

I am writing to object to the Settlement in Moore v. Verizon, Case No. CV 09-1823 SBA. My name is Joseph Fix, my wife Betty, my son Brian, and other sons and daughters not listed here. My current address is 169 Danbury Drive, Cheektowaga, New York 14225, my current telephone number is 716-836-1264, my Verizon telephone number is the same: area code 716, 836-1264. My signature is below. My primary reasons for objection are below. My factual and legal support to my objection is below. I reserve the right to enter further factual and legal information, as it becomes available to me. I shall do so in a timely manner. I intend to appear at the Final Approval Hearing. I will appear through my son, Brian Fix, or legal counsel, as provided at a later date.

Reasons for Objection to the Settlement:

I respectfully object to the settlement. I and my family are forced into this settlement. We are egregiously under informed. We are under duress to enter into present class action. We argue the terms are unconscionable. Unconscionability, duress, and other adverse bargaining conditions are due to a lack of response by Verizon and inability to influence Verizon by honorable counsel to class action. We appreciate the effort put in by honorable plaintiff's counsel. Still, Verizon and Plaintiffs' attorneys have not fully informed us as to our summary of all Third Party Charges for which we were billed. We have requested said information many, many times since June of 2012. We have never received a reply, even when promised by plaintiff counsel. We cannot make a fully informed decision. We cannot make a reasoned decision, that capable of being made by a reasonable man, without such information, as to, inter al., whether to opt in or opt out of present class action. It is now less than 24 hours before objection must be filed or not. We appreciate the efforts made by Plaintiff's counsel, but still must hold our objection. Indeed, one of the 'Benefits of class action is facilitation and receiving Summary of Third Party Charges, as stated on Administrator's website, below. This benefit has not been delivered.

We first placed our request for a Free Summary of all Third Party Charges, as instructed by Verizon and/or Counsel for the Plaintiffs in June 2012. We heard nothing back from both Verizon and Counsel. We reapplied for summary in July, via the internet site and/or email provided by Plaintiffs' counsel and Verizon. We heard nothing. We

applied a third time, and received a 2nd confirmation on or about July 15th, 2012, we received an email from the provided website, detailing that our confirmation number is: MSKXEHBI. The email pledged that "(Y)our summary of all Third-Party Charges that you have been billed during the Class Period will be emailed to you at the email address you provided in approximately 14 days. This means a summary would arrive via email on or about July 29th. No notice arrived. We received a second confirmation: confirmation number is: ULYRWP3T. We heard nothing. We called counsel for Plaintiffs on August 8th, 2012, requesting clarification, and possibly expediting Summary of Third Party Charges. This information would help us, Plaintiffs, make an informed decision on whether or not to opt in to Class action. We heard nothing. On August 9th, we received an email from counsel for the Plaintiffs: In that email, counsel wrote: "We were told that, by today or early next week, your summary will be emailed to you, or you will receive an explanation for why it was not emailed to you." This would mean a Summary would arrive on August 9th, 13th, or 14th. I interpret 'early next week' to mean Monday or Tuesday. Yet, even by Wednesday, August 15th, we heard nothing. We received neither a Summary (requested in mid to late June) nor an explanation. On Thursday, August 16, 2012, 2 pm EST, we received a call from Verizon Third Party Settlement. The call lasted more than ten minutes. No summary was produced, provided, or shared. No explanation as to the delay was provided.

Plaintiffs Joseph Fix, Betty Fix, and children will provide telephone, internet, and telephone records upon request.

Plaintiffs have at least one son and one daughter well versed enough in the law, and with contacts enough in the legal field, to make reasonable attempts to handle this case on our own. However, Verizon and, perhaps unintentionally, counsel to plaintiffs have provided numerous obstructions to obtaining said information. Verizon is especially guilty in this regard, providing unnecessary delays and breaking pledges to plaintiffs, including the strong likelihood of numerous other plaintiffs, and even pledges to counsel.

Telephone information provides by class counsel and Verizon is as follows:

"To help identify unauthorized Third-Party Charges for which you were billed during the Class Period and decide whether to submit a Flat or Full Payment Claim, you can request a free summary of all Third-Party Charges for which you were billed, by clicking here or calling 1-877-772-6219."

We have called this telephone number numerous times, beginning in mid to late June and extending through August 16, 2012. We have awaited email with Summary until 17:25 pm, 8.16.2012. Accessed but no responses.

Web page design: As the web pages were designed https://www.verizonthirdpartybillingsettlement.com/(S(vnhl13rzcb0ajdi5sss5uaye))/default.aspx)

And (https://www.verizonthirdpartybillingsettlement.com/(S(2t0vn1bbit3yz1jwem0dybgq))/FAQ.aspx) accessed on June 19th, July 15th, August 16th, 17: 16, and numerous other dates, it is confusing and difficult to trace for the common plaintiff. The default web site shows only one page, replete with incentives for plaintiffs to choose one settlement or another, but not to object or comment. There are two hypertext links under a heading advantageous to counsel: "Submit a Claim Form", which precedes all others. These links lead plaintiffs to choose one settlement or another. There are no links on this default page to include objections or comments. Additionally, the third heading, two below the enticing "Submit a Claim Form", is headlined "Comment" Only in parentheses is there a subtitle that suggests "including Object". In fact, it provides disincentives to comment or go hearing. One must delve deep into details on a dependent page for that process, whereas the first two links are all about signing up with the four assigned attorney firms.

Buried deep on the secondary, dependent page, at offer #18, is the instruction that I "like or don't like the settlement". Opting out is did not even make the top ten. It is offered at #14, beneath a blur of blue hypertext links that serve the counsel to Plaintiffs very well.

The settlement pledges that "Verizon will provide you, free of charge, a summary of all of the Third-Party Charges that you were billed from April 27, 2005 through February 28, 2012." As I and my family were customers during this entire seven year period, there is a strong likelihood that our Third Party Billing Charges were in excess of the \$40 flat fee offered by plaintiff's counsel. Indeed, on the same web page, counsel is quoted: "Class counsel contends that some class members may have a claim for hundreds of dollars or more." But Verizon and class counsel have made it difficult to discern in a timely manner of we are one of these fortunate 'hundreds of dollars' plaintiffs. If so, we may be better off filing outside of the present class action, Settlement in Moore v. Verizon, Case No. CV 09 – 1823 SBA. Again, we have access to some pretty knowledgeable legal persons. For example, our daughter has worked for a single law firm continuously for two decades, and in the field for nearly thirty years. But, without compliance from Verizon, how can the reasonable man assess whether to file independently, or opt in to the present class action? And, if Verizon can bluff, bluster, and delay a major law firm appointed by the court (which it did, in the case of the Honorable Attorney David Schachman, DAVID SCHACHMAN & ASSOCIATES, P.C., 122 South Michigan Avenue, Suite 1850, Chicago, Illinois 60603, Telephone: (877) 593-2088, how much more easily can the seemingly non-contrite Verizon put off our daughter, son, and others in our relatively less influential legal circles.

For the reasons above and related reasons, I object to the settlement

In advance, I petition for good cause to not appear in person. I and my wife are Senior Citizens and reside in New York State. We understand the Final Approval Hearing will be held in Northern California. Our son may be able to serve as proxy and advocate on our behalf. I ask that he may have the right to speak at the Final Approval Hearing.

https://www.verizonthirdpartybillingsettlement.com/(S(2t0vn1bbit3yz1jwem0dybaq))/FAQ.aspx), accessed on 16th
August 2012, states that: "Mail the objection, postmarked no later than August 17, 2012 ...". We have complied with this due date.

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing is true and correct.

Sincerely,

Joseph Fix, Betty Fix, and family

Date: 8/16/2012 5:15:31 PM

CHEEK 70 (2012) 23-200 Decument 170-7 Filed 06/11/13 Page 46 of 208 16 AUG 2012 FM 2 1 MOSKE V. VERIZON SETTLEMENT PO. Box 4655 PORTLAND, OR 97208-4655 Haladan badalliba badada dallara bibadada dalada dalada d 97208465555

EXHIBIT G-12

In re: Verizon Account: 7168361264180265

8/16/2012 17:18:33 PM

Clerk of the Court at 1301 Clay Street, St. 400 S., Oakland, CA 94612

CC: John G. Jacobs at 122 S. Michigan Ave., Suite 1850, Chicago, IL 60603 (Plaintiffs' Counsel)

Bcc: Henry A. Weissmann, 355 S. Grand, Ave., 35th Fl., Los Angeles, CA. 90071-1560 (Verizon's counsel)

Bcc: Moore v. Verizon Settlement Administrator, PO Box 4655, Portland, OR 97208-4655

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https://www.verizonthirdpartybillingsettlement.com/(S(2t0vn1bbit3yz1jwem0dybaq))/FAQ.aspx), accessed on 16th
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I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing is true and correct.

Sincerely,

Joseph Fix, Betty Fix, and family If/bf

Date: 8/16/2012 5:15:31 PM

EXHIBIT G-13

Melissa Brown 715 Cardinal Rd. Unit 120 Caldwell, TX 77836 May 21, 2013

Clerk of the Court 1301 Clay St. 400 S Oakland, CA 94612

Please file this document with the case number given below.

John G. Jacobs, Esq. 55 West Monroe Street, Suite 2970 Chicago IL 60603

Henry A. Weissmann 355 S. Grand Ave., 35th Fl Los Angeles CA 90071-1560

Verizon Third Party Billing Settlement Class Action Settlement Administrator P.O. Box 4655 Portland OR 97208-4655

RE: Moore v Verizon, Case No. CV-09-1823 SBA
Verizon Third Party Billing Class Action Settlement
Objection to Counsels Request for Attorney Fees and Expenses and incentive awards

Greetings:

I am a class member and object to the settlement. Specifically I object to the amount of fees and incentive requested. I have no objection to reasonable expenses or reasonable compensation for counsels' time and efforts. Seven million, five hundred is outrageously excessive. The incentives seem redundant as they will be compensated for successfully settling the class action. They are not an injured party, yet they intend to reap much more than the class members will get.

I am sending a signed copy of this document to all of you. My current phone number is (979) 272-6735. This is also the number which makes me a class member.

Sincerely,

Melissa Brown

Class Member, Group 3

Melina Brown

Verizon Account: 10 5496 2854164653 09

mmbrown tx@gmail.com



Unit 120 715 Cardinal Rd. Caldwell, TX 77836-4057

Case4:09-cv 01823-SBA Document170-7 ;; File #06/11/13; Page 53 of 208 DALLAS TX 750 SO MAY DOWN THIS L



Verizon Third Party Billing Settlement Class Action Settlement Administrator P.O. BOX 4655 Portland OR 97208-4655

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EXHIBIT G-14

Melissa Brown 715 Cardinal Rd. Unit 120 Caldwell, TX 77836 May 21, 2013

Clerk of the Court 1301 Clay St. 400 S Oakland, CA 94612

Please file this document with the case number given below.

John G. Jacobs, Esq. 55 West Monroe Street, Suite 2970 Chicago IL 60603

Henry A. Weissmann 355 S. Grand Ave., 35th Fl Los Angeles CA 90071-1560

Verizon Third Party Billing Settlement Class Action Settlement Administrator P.O. Box 4655 Portland OR 97208-4655

RE: Moore v Verizon, Case No. CV-09-1823 SBA

Verizon Third Party Billing Class Action Settlement

Objection to Counsels Request for Attorney Fees and Expenses and incentive awards

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I am sending a signed copy of this document to all of you. My current phone number is (979) 272-6735. This is also the number which makes me a class member.

Sincerely,

Melissa Brown

Class Member, Group 3

Melin Brown

Verizon Account: 10 5496 2854164653 09

mmbrountxe gmail com

EXHIBIT G-15

Case4:09-cv-01823-SBA Document170-7 Filed06/11/13 Page57 of 208

U,S,D,STCT-ND Cal moore et al v Verigon 09/CV/823 OBJECTOR PATRICK Rudd 44 arch St. A Frovidence RA 02907 401-751-5606-803 To Class Counsel
John G. Jacobs
1225, Michigan ave. Soute 1850 Chicago: Al 60603 Chicago: Al 60603 Herry Weissmann 3-0A Herry Weissmann 3-0A 355 Dl. Grand are 35 Los angeles Cal. 90071 cc Clerk of Ch. LISD, C. 1301 Clay St. Suite 400 S. Oakland Cal 94612 patrice sudd Objector to overcharges





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EXHIBIT G-16

LAW OFFICES OF WILLIAM R. WEINSTEIN

199 Main Street, 4th Floor White Plains, New York 10601 Tel: (914) 997-2205 Fax: (646) 448-8215

E-Mail: wrw@wweinsteinlaw.com

August 16, 2012

BY PRIORITY MAIL

Clerk of the Court U.S. District Court for the Northern District of California 1301 Clay Street Suite 400 S. Oakland, CA 94612

Re: Moore v. Verizon Communications Inc., No. 4:09-cv-01823-SBA, Objections of Mark Drozdov to Proposed Class Action Settlement – For Manual Filing

To Whom It May Concern:

Enclosed for manual filing in the above-captioned action is the August 16, 2012 Objections of Mark Drozdov to Proposed Class Action Settlement, with exhibits. The Certificate of Service attached at the end of the document states that the document has been served on the parties required under the terms of the proposed settlement by Priority Mail.

Additionally enclosed is the cover page for the document, which I request you file-stamp and return to me in the enclosed self-addressed, stamped envelope.

Should you have any questions, I can be contacted at 914.997.2205. Thank you in advance for your assistance.

Respectfully submitted,

William R. Weinstein

encl.

cc: Plaintiffs' Counsel, Verizon Counsel (w/encl.)

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

DESIREE MOORE and KAREN JONES, individually and on behalf of a class of) Case No. 4:09-cv-01823-SBA
similarly situated individuals,) <u>CLASS ACTION</u>
Plaintiffs, v.) OBJECTIONS OF MARK DROZDOV TO PROPOSED CLASS ACTION SETTLEMENT
VERIZON COMMUNICATIONS INC., et al.,)) Hon. Saundra Brown Armstrong)
Defendants.)

Class Member Mark Drozdov ("Drozdov"), by his undersigned attorneys, respectfully submits his objections to the proposed settlement of the above-captioned class action.¹ Drozdov's counsel intends to appear at the Final Approval Hearing and present argument in support of Drozdov's objections.

SUMMARY OF OBJECTIONS

The proposed settlement suffers from multiple, material defects that preclude its final approval by the Court as fair, reasonable and adequate. These defects are briefly summarized as follows:

I. The notice is inadequate to satisfy the requirements of due process. It fails to advise individual class members either of their total or their specific individual third party charges so they can meaningfully evaluate their potential total benefit from the settlement, and even fails to tell them which phone line or lines are the ones identified by Verizon as the basis

Drozdov received emails from Verizon Services dated June 26, 2012 and July 3, 2012 providing Drozdov with notice of the proposed settlement and advising him that he was a member of the proposed settlement class based on data in Verizon's records. A copy of the June 26, 2012 notice is annexed as Exhibit A hereto.

for sending them notice so that class members can easily determine as an initial matter whether they think it worth their while to proceed with the claims process. Nor does the notice or any of the other linked documents on the settlement website advise class members of the identity of all of the different Third Party "providers" so that class members can easily determine as an initial matter whether they may have actually authorized charges or should proceed with the claims process.

Of equal or greater importance, the notice and the other linked documents identified and made available on the settlement website *nowhere* advise class members of the total amount of third party charges establishing the potential individual and joint and several liability of Verizon and the other defendants, or the total amount of benefits projected to be paid out to class members under the settlement claims process -- both of which are necessary for class members to fairly evaluate the results achieved. Nor does the notice contain any meaningful discussion of the issues and defenses required under Fed. R. Civ. P. 23(c)(2)(b)(iii), which is particularly important in light of the Court's September 10, 2010 decision on defendant's motion to dismiss and is thus relevant to the defendants potential liability for damages at trial. *See I, infra.*

II. The proposed relief is unfair, unreasonable and inadequate.

A. Presumably by intent, and undeniably by effect, the manual claim mechanism is unfairly and unreasonably burdensome, and will ensure that only a *de minimis* percentage of the agreed settlement benefits will actually have to be paid by Verizon to the class in exchange for a potentially *multi-billion dollar* release – even for the subclass(es) of class members whose entitlement to refunds can be confirmed by the facts and data in the databases of Verizon and the other defendants. *See* II(A), *infra*.

B. Verizon's profit share of the \$670 million total Third Party charges it billed and/or collected -- estimated by Drozdov's counsel at between \$100 million and \$200 million and earned whether or not the related services were legitimate or bogus or authorized or used -- is the result of its indisputable role as the hub and facilitator of the enterprise which could not have existed or wrongfully profited without its essential participation. Yet under the proposed settlement Verizon will get a release worth as much as \$2 billion to it for the costs of notice and administration of the proposed settlement, the *de minimis* (and lacking any minimum) amount of claims filed, and the attorneys' fees and expenses ultimately approved by the Court. Thus, Verizon should be required to disgorge a material percentage of the millions of dollars of profit it obtained in connection with its role, and thereby create a genuine settlement fund for broad distribution to the members of the class regardless of whether or not they authorized or received the services Verizon billed them for. *See* II(B), *infra*.

C. The injunctive relief is inadequate because Verizon -- the party best situated and with the necessary computer systems already in place to efficiently, contemporaneously and effectively advise all class members and future customers of potential Third Party charges before they are billed - is excluded from any direct responsibility for advising its customers of the newly-added Third Party Charges. Additionally, the injunctive relief expires after an unreasonably short period of time. See II(C), infra.

III. The fairness, reasonableness and adequacy of the requested attorney's fees cannot be fully evaluated by class members or the Court until sufficient detail about the actual nature and timing of the work performed, and before the actual settlement benefits can be quantified, but based on the limited lodestar information provided by class counsel the fees appear to be potentially excessive.

BACKGROUND AND RELEVANT EXPERIENCE OF DROZDOV'S COUNSEL

Drozdov's lead counsel in connection with his objection is William R. Weinstein, principal of Law Offices of William R. Weinstein. Weinstein has substantial experience in class actions, including securities and consumer class actions, and over the past ten years has prosecuted a number of class actions involving bogus and misleading charges and other deceptive practices against Verizon, Verizon Wireless and other consumer telecommunications service providers, including Sprint and AT&T/Cingular Wireless. See, e.g., Schatz v. Cellco P'shp d/b/a Verizon Wireless, 2012 WL 423316 (S.D.N.Y. Jan. 31, 2012); Litman v. Cellco P'shp d/b/a Verizon Wireless, 655 F. 3d 225 (3d Cir. 2011); Shroyer v. New Cingular Wireless Services, Inc., 606 F.3d 658 (9th Cir. 2010); Emilio v. Sprint Spectrum L.P., 2008 WL 4865050 (S.D.N.Y. Nov. 6, 2008), aff'd, 315 Fed. Appx. 322 (2d Cir. Mar. 12, 2009); Opperman v. Verizon Wireless, No. BC326764 (Ca. Sup. Ct. L.A. County 2006); In re Verizon Three Way Calling Litig., No. 603484-01 (Supreme Ct. N.Y. County). See www.wweinsteinlaw.com.

Working with Weinstein in connection with Drozdov's objection is Michael Levine. In addition to being a lawyer, Levine has many years of experience in the Information Technology field, specializing in the design and implementation of databases, and in the use of databases to support business reporting and analysis. Levine has worked in the development of complex computer applications since the mid-1980's, and has specialized in database design, analysis and use since 1998, including providing services concerning databases to a number of Fortune 500 companies. Levine has assisted Weinstein in connection with the development of several complex class member databases, generating detailed damage calculations as well as other relevant class member information from the available electronic records for the purpose of potential or actual settlement of class actions.

Although in connection with class action settlements Weinstein always tries to maximize the percentage of benefits to actual damages potentially available to each individual class member, he is equally committed to the use of the settlement process to maximize the total distribution of settlement benefits to all class members where appropriate. For example, in *Lan v. Ludrof*, 2008 WL 763763 (W.D. Pa Mar. 21, 2008), by rejecting the requirement for a claim form in connection with a \$5.234 million settlement of claims arising out of a tender offer for minority shares of Erie Family Life Insurance Company. Because the necessary data was available in the relevant defendant databases, the settlement ultimately resulted in the distribution more than 99.3% of the total Net Settlement Fund to all possible class members, who each received 100% of their damages as computed under the settlement, with the remainder of the Net Settlement Fund going to the agreed-upon charity.

Furthermore, working with Levine in connection with class action settlements involving the rigorous development of class databases incorporating the necessary available computer data regarding the computation of damages in combination with appropriate "class member friendly" claims mechanisms, Weinstein has been able to achieve substantial distributions of available settlement funds under the settlement both in terms of percentage of damages and percentage of class members. For example, in the settlement in *Kitamura & Landa v. Trump Parc Condominium, et al.*, No. 603562-2008 (N.Y. Sup. Ct. New York County), the settlement resulted in the distribution of 100% of the possible damages extending back to 1994 plus additional interest to the 40% of all class members who were entitled to and filed claims, with the remainder of the Net Settlement Fund going to the agreed-upon charities. And in *Emilio v. Robison Oil Corp.*, No. 1412-2003 (N.Y. Sup. Ct. Westchester County) the settlement will provide for the distribution of approximately 74% of the total damages provable at trial plus

additional interest to the 48% of all class members entitled to and filing claims. Weinstein and Levine also recently developed a class member database in connection with the certification and/or settlement of a line item surcharge telecommunications class action involving several million class members and a class period extending over seven years.

DROZDOV'S OBJECTIONS TO THE FAIRNESS, REASONABLENESS AND ADEQUACY OF THE PROPOSED SETTLEMENT

I. The Notice is Inadequate To Satisfy Due Process Because It Fails To Include The Information Necessary For Class Members To Evaluate The Fairness, Reasonableness And Adequacy Of The Settlement Either Individually Or To The Class As A Whole

A. Inadequate Notice Regarding an Individual Class Member's Potential Benefits

Despite the fact that the information is readily available to Verizon, and thus was or should have been obtained by class counsel in connection with the discharge of their fiduciary duties the class, the notice fails to advise individual class members either of their total or their specific individual Third Party Charges so they can meaningfully evaluate their own potential benefits from the settlement. Furthermore, the notice even fails to tell class members which phone line or lines are the ones identified by Verizon as the basis for sending them notice, thus requiring class members like Drozdov with multiple lines to conduct searches of all their phone bills for all their lines to try to locate the charges that Verizon has identified as the basis for their class membership. Unless the class members have retained all bills going back during the entirety of the seven year class period (highly unlikely) and are able to find charges which plaintiffs alleged in their Second Amended Complaint were unlikely to be noticed in the first place by many (really most) class members (Docket #101 ["Complaint"], ¶59), the notice as

provided requires each class member to engage in a proverbial "snipe hunt" to try to determine on their own what settlement benefits they might reasonably expect.²

Compounding that difficulty, nowhere does the notice or any of the other linked documents on the settlement website advise class members of the actual identity of all of the different Third Party entities purportedly providing the goods and services charged for, to enable class members to more easily determine as an initial matter whether they may have actually authorized charges or should proceed with the claims process, and so that the possibility of name recognition will enable class members to more easily remember whether they ever contracted with a Third Party "provider" for goods or services. Instead, the notice only includes a cursory description of examples: "voicemail, email, fax, web page services (design, hosting or marketing), yellow page services, diet plans, identity protection and others." See Exhibit A hereto (Drozdov June 26, 2012 Notice). In fact, the list of Third Party "providers" could and should provide an explicit list of those Third Party "providers" who Verizon terminated or suspended prior to the Settlement because of fraudulent and deceptive or other improper billing practices, as well as those who were not terminated or suspended but had a substantial complaint rate also indicating impropriety. The individual notice to class members also could and should be amended to expressly advise individual class members whether they were subject to such known fraudulent or otherwise improper charges, and the amounts of such charges.³

The notice actually suggests that the fact that "the summary of all Third Party Charges that Verizon will provide to [class members] for free" constitutes some sort of material benefit to the Class. See also Fee and Expense Motion (Docket #123, p.2 n.1). The suggestion that Verizon should be able to charge class members for this list of potentially fraudulent, deceptive and other Third Party Charges for which Verizon had no express authority from the class members to impose in the first place, where Verizon has the information and data which should already have been compiled as part of the class list, and when Verizon will receive a potential multi-billion dollar release if the settlement is finally approved, is outrageous.

For example, although the class has not been advised of it, the parties stipulated to an amended form of Final Order and Judgment after the Federal Trade Commission ("FTC") filed papers to enjoin the parties to the (... footnote continued next page)

Assuming *arguendo* the omitted Third Party Charge information has not already been compiled by Verizon in connection with the class list, the reasons are obvious: providing the information would create more work and costs for Verizon, and its inclusion in the notice can only serve to increase the claims rate. Such short-cuts cannot be justified in light of the potential multi-billion release from class members Verizon hopes to obtain. *See also* II(A), *infra*.

B. Inadequate Notice Regarding Total Potential Defendant Liability and Likely Benefits Actually Paid to Class Members under Proposed Claims Process

Nowhere do the settlement notice or the other linked documents on the settlement website advise class members of the total amount of Third Party Charges establishing the potential separate and joint and several liability of Verizon and the other defendants, or the total amount of damages that might be recoverable if the case if the case went to trial. By digging through the motion papers accessible on the PACER docket (something few class members are registered for or know how to do), Drozdov's counsel was able to locate representations in the Fee and Expense Motion (Docket #123, p.4, citing Jacobs Fee Declaration ¶4) that "[t]here were some \$670 million in third-party charges paid by class members during the relevant period." Class members obviously would find that information highly material – indeed, necessary to evaluate the fairness, reasonableness and adequacy of the settlement.

proposed settlement in this case from taking any actions which would interfere with the judgment the FTC previously obtained in a different case in connection with the fraudulent practices of one the Third Party "providers," Inc21.com, et al. — including interfering by releasing any of the claims because of the failure to file claims by class members in this action. See Docket ## 122-1, 122-2, 124. The FTC papers state that Verizon actually terminated the Third Party billing privileges. See Docket 122-1 at 2.

For whatever reason, the copy of the Settlement Agreement filed with the Court and made available for review on the settlement website (Docket #94-1) omits as an exhibit the proposed Final Judgment identified in the Agreement itself as Exhibit B (Settlement Agreement, p.5 ¶2) – which is highly unusual in the experience of Drozdov's counsel, and actually constitutes another inadequacy in the notice, as class members are not provided with the full Settlement Agreement or with ready access to the proposed final judgment to be entered against them in connection with the settlement if approved. See Settlement Agreement, pages 56-57 of 86. Nor has the settlement website been updated to provide access to the proposed amendments to the Final Order and Judgment.

But Verizon's exposure and the potential damages aren't limited to that astronomical figure. The notice and other linked website papers also fail to clearly advise class members that this Court, in its September 10, 2010 decision, sustained a substantial part of plaintiff's First Amended Complaint, including the RICO allegations - a holding Drozdov's counsel believes is entirely correct in light of the clear existence of a RICO enterprise for which Verizon is not only the hub but the essential participant without whom the Third Party Charges could never have been billed and collected in the massive volumes disclosed. See Moore v. Verizon Commc'ns Inc., 2010 WL 3619877 (N.D. Cal. Sept. 10, 2010). In light of this holding, Verizon's potential liability is joint and several, with damages potentially trebled - viz., as much as \$2 billion. See 18 U.S.C. § 1964(c) (treble damages); OKI Semiconductor Co. v. Wells Fargo Bank, N.A., 298 F.3d 768, 775 (9th Cir. 2002) (potential joint and several liability for § 1962(d) RICO conspiracy claim). The failure to clearly disclose this information to the class strongly suggests it was being hidden by the parties. The omission is further compounded by the fact that the notice and other linked website papers also fail to provide any meaningful discussion of the claims, issues and defenses in the case as required under Fed. R. Civ. P. 23(c)(2)(B)(iii), including the issues already decided by the Court's 2010 decision - a decision which no doubt was a material driver for Verizon to seek a negotiated resolution by settlement.

Additionally, nowhere do the notice and other linked website papers – or any other papers of which Drozdov's counsel is presently aware – disclose how much of the \$670 million was the profit cut Verizon took for its billing and collection of the Third Party Charges that could serve as a basis for Verizon's damages on a separate basis. A comparison between these profits and the amounts Verizon will be required to expend under the settlement would be highly

material to a class member in assessing the adequacy of the settlement. As plaintiffs allege in the Complaint:

- 4. Verizon is by no means an innocent conduit in the matter of third-party billing, merely billing on behalf of third parties and passing the collected money on to the third parties. Instead, Verizon is a full joint venturer with the third-party providers and the billing aggregators involved in this system, keeping for itself a substantial portion of the amounts billed and collected for these third-party services, running in the millions of dollars annually.
- 38. Verizon is compensated for its billing and collection services by retaining substantial portions of the amounts so billed and collected, typically based upon a percentage of the billing revenue. Verizon typically purchases the accounts receivable from the billing aggregators and other billers, bills and collects from its customers and then through a system of allowances and refunds, effectively remits to the billing aggregators and other billers the amount of the collected sums minus its cut.⁴

Finally, nowhere are class members advised of a projected or estimated claims rate, which is particularly important because the settlement as presently proposed does not create a separate settlement fund or any minimum payment to all class members by Verizon, only a possible payout of refunds based on the number of claims. However, the claims rates in consumer class actions involving refunds of small amounts of money can be notoriously low, and Verizon surely knows what claims rates it has experienced in other comparable consumer class action settlements which can serve as a guide post for what Verizon truly believes it will have to pay out in this case. As Judge Posner stated in another context, "only a lunatic or fanatic sues for \$30." *Carnegie v. Household Finance Int'l, Inc.*, 376 F.3d 656, 661 (7th Cir. 2004).

The Senate Report on Cramming included as Exhibit 4 to the Preliminary Approval Motion (Docket #91-4, at 18 of 51) estimates that 300 million third party charges totaling \$2 billion or more are imposed industry-wide each year, thus resulting in an average charge of approximately \$6.67. Furthermore, the Senate Report includes representations from Verizon's Assistant General Counsel that Verizon "receives a flat fee of between \$1 and \$2 per charge." *Id.* Assuming an average charge of \$6.67, then the \$670 million of revenues represented by class counsel is comprised of approximately 100 million transactions billed by Verizon, resulting in Verizon revenues of between \$100 million and \$200 million — or between 15% and 30% of the total charges billed. In other words, Verizon is the single greatest profiteer from the wrongful conduct. This additional information is highly relevant to evaluating the adequacy of the settlement.

Unfortunately, much the same can be true in connection with claims in consumer class action settlements involving small amounts of refunds – particularly when class members aren't even told how much their own individual refund might be as part of the notice they are provided.⁵

As Judge Walker aptly stated in his unpublished order denying preliminary approval of a class action settlement for reasons including, *inter alia*, inadequate notice in *Martin v. FedEx Ground Package System Inc.*, No. 06-6883 (VRW), Slip Op. at 19 (N.D. Cal. Jul. 8, 2008) (Docket #62):

The proposed notice does not, however, explain the class claims adequately, as required by FRCP 23(c)(2)(B)(iii). As noted above, the notice does not describe the basis for counsel's estimate of class damages nor does it inform class members of the total damages that might be recoverable if the case went to trial. In addition, the notice fails to provide any estimate of how much a typical class member might receive under the settlement. The notice merely informs the plaintiffs that the maximum settlement value is \$8,125,000 and notes that this will be reduced by attorney fees and other costs, but it provides no other information that would allow class members to evaluate the quality of the proposed settlement.

The notice in the case is substantially more deficient than in *Martin*, for all of the reasons described at length herein.

In Emilio v. Sprint Spectrum L.P., supra, for which Weinstein was lead counsel, the class was alleged to involve millions of New York Sprint customers with charges relating to a single allegedly deceptive New York State-related surcharge estimated to exceed \$100 million. Sprint attempted to settle out the claims as part of the settlement of a nationwide class action which sought to extinguish claims involving a host of larger federal surcharges, in addition to the improperly included state surcharge at issue in Emilio. At oral argument in the Second Circuit, counsel for Sprint represented that Sprint had paid out claims to New York residents in connection with the nationwide settlement totaling only \$85,000.

Similarly, last week Judge Whyte issued an Order with respect to the settlement of the *Apple IPhone 4* class action stating that from a class estimated at between 15 and 27 million members, only 44,000 claims were filed. *See In re Apple IPhone 4 Prods. Liab. Litig.*, No. 5:10-md-02188-RMW, Slip Op. at 2 (N.D. Cal, Aug. 10, 2012).

II. The Proposed Relief Is Unfair, Unreasonable And Inadequate

- A. The Claims Procedure Is Unreasonably and Unfairly Burdensome to All Class Members, and Will Result in the Failure to Pay Settlement Benefits to a Substantial Number of Class Members Whose Entitlement to Payment Is Fully Confirmed by the Data and Information In Verizon's Possession
 - 1. The Requirement to Independently Request a Summary of Charges in Order to be Fully Compensated Is an Unnecessary and Unfair Impediment to Obtaining Full Compensation Under the Settlement

As noted in I(A), *supra*, the notice provided to class members in this case is inadequate because it fails to advise individual class members either of their total or their specific individual. Third Party Charges so they can meaningfully evaluate their potential total benefit from the settlement -- despite the fact that the information is readily available in Verizon's records if it is not already included in the class list Verizon prepared in connection with the dissemination of the settlement notice.

The claim mechanism unfairly and unreasonably compounds the inadequacy of the notice by requiring class members to independently request from Verizon a summary of Third Party Charges in order to determine whether they are entitled to claim a potential refund of more than \$40 dollars – *i.e.*, the full refund amount they are actually entitled to claim under the terms of the Settlement. Furthermore, even though the summary information in the possession of Verizon is now being provided by Verizon (but only to those who request it), the class member is still required to attach a copy of the summary with the paper or email claim submission – once the summary is actually received.⁶ It is clear that this hurdle is a needless and unfair impediment intended to reduce both the total number of claims filed and the number of claims filed for more than \$40: first, the class member is deprived of the necessary information to evaluate the

Drozdov made several requests for the summaries on July 23, 2012, but as of August 10, 2012 none had been received. He is now out of the country for a period extending beyond the August 17, 2012 deadline for objections.

potential claim, and then after requesting it the class member is required to give back what Verizon gave the class member.

Conversely, the failure to request the summary of charges will result in one of two outcomes: (i) undercompensation to class members with Third Party Charges exceeding \$40; and (ii) overcompensation to class members with Third Party Charges less than \$40. Indeed, even if a class member requests a summary of charges and discovers that the charges are less than \$40, the class member is still entitled to be overcompensated. Thus, class members with smaller claims are treated *better* than class members with larger claims because of the requirement for a summary request, which is unfair discrimination, particularly when providing the summary is touted by class counsel as being "free of charge." *See* Note 2, *supra*.

Finally, Drozdov's counsel is unable to discern from the settlement papers how class counsel arrived at the \$40 figure as the cutoff for requiring the summary of charges, but it appears to be both arbitrary and artificially low, and thus its basis should be disclosed to class members. Although the settlement notice and other linked documents on the settlement website fail to advise class members how many class members there actually are, Drozdov's counsel was able to locate representations in the Fee and Expense Motion (Docket #123, p. 4, *citing* Jacobs Fee Declaration ¶ 4) that the number is 7.7 million. Using this number and the \$670 million total Third Party Charges also disclosed in the fee motion means that the average claim per class member is \$87, substantially more than the \$40 apparently arbitrarily used in the settlement.

In the notice, class counsel represent the following to the class:

It is not possible to tell how much each class member is entitled to receive under the Full Payment Claim option without getting the summary of all Third-Party Charges that Verizon will provide to you, for free, as described in the next paragraph, as part of this Settlement. Some class members may have a claim for less than \$40. Class counsel contends that some class members may have a claim for hundreds of dollars or more.

2. The Claims Process Is Unnecessary and Unfair For a Substantial Number of Class Members Whom Verizon Knows Did Not Authorize Their Third Party Charges and Did Not Receive Refunds

As with other class actions, to justify the claims process in this case, Verizon is trying to exploit what the Complaint (¶55) describes as "plausible deniability" – Verizon's "I know nothing"/"head in the sand" purported lack of any specific knowledge of wrongdoing to create an "ambiguity" providing it with purported justification for requiring a separate claim form from every member of the class. In addition to each class member's total and specific individual Third Party Charges, the information and computer data unquestionably possessed by Verizon and generated and analyzed and used by Verizon in connection with the original billing and collection of the Third Party Charges renders redundant and unnecessary the information Verizon is unfairly demanding in the claim form for a substantial number of class members:

- (i) Verizon knows or can determine from its available data and information and class counsel should know if they do not -- which of the Third Party "providers" Verizon terminated or suspended for improper practices, and thus knows that these charges for these "providers" were unauthorized. See also Note 3, supra. Thus, Verizon has no legitimate need for a statement to that effect on a claim form from a class member.
- (ii) Verizon knows or can determine from its available data and information and class counsel should know if they do not -- which services of which Third Party "providers" were entirely duplicative of the same services Verizon was already providing class members. For example, plaintiff Moore was already receiving long distance service from Verizon when Verizon billed her for purported Third Party "enhanced long distance" services (Complaint ¶¶ 71-73). Similarly, plaintiff Jones was already receiving voicemail services from Verizon when Verizon billed her for purported Third Party voicemail services. It is

These representations are misleading at best, if not false. It is inconceivable that class counsel does not and cannot know what the total and specific Third Party Charges are for each class member, because as noted throughout, that information is available in Verizon's customer databases, and is or should be included in the class list compiled by Verizon for the purpose of disseminating notice to the class. Furthermore, the implication that class counsel cannot be sure whether some class members have claims less than \$40 ("Some class members may have a claim for less than \$40") (emphasis added), or that the existence of class members with claims for hundreds of dollars or more is only a "contention" of class counsel, is either misleading or confirms the existence of a serious problem in connection with what class counsel did in connection with their confirmatory discovery to independently determine the fairness and adequacy of the settlement.

inconceivable that a class member would knowingly and intentionally authorize payments for completely unnecessary and redundant services from a different provider (Complaint ¶¶ 71-73).

- (iii) Verizon knows or can determine from its available data and information and class counsel should know if they do not -- which customers complained and which Third Party "providers" they complained about, as well as the ratio of those complaints to the total customers being billed for each "Third Party "provider" to statistically analyze the total fraudulent and misleading charges for each such "provider." Thus, Verizon has no legitimate need for a statement regarding authorization of the charges from such affected class members.
- (iv) Verizon knows from its available data and information and class counsel should know if they do not -- which class members who were billed these indisputably bogus Third Party Charges received refunds of credits to their bills during the class period, and Verizon knows from the related data why the credits were issued. At a minimum, Verizon cannot rely on the possibility of a Verizon refund credit for those class members who never received one. So the information requested in the claim forms is also redundant for these class members.
- (v) Verizon either knows from its available data and information or could know with the appropriate inquiry as could and should class counsel which Third Party "providers" were the subject of class actions involving refunds or may have otherwise issued refunds to any class members. The issuance of such refunds by the Third Party "providers" were no doubt integrated into the calculations Verizon used to determine the allowances and refunds it paid to the aggregators and Third Party "providers" as described in ¶38 of the Complaint. Furthermore, Verizon itself is required to obtain that information in connection with any challenge to a claim it may lodge under the challenge procedures included at pages 10-11 of the Settlement Agreement. Thus, the purpose of the claim form is solely to substantially limit the extent of its obligation to determine the propriety of the claims submitted.

If this case had been settled during or after class certification, all of this electronic discovery data and information would have been required to be produced for analysis of precisely these types of criteria relevant to the propriety of certification -- assuming class counsel was in a position to actually use and analyze it after requesting it. And if the proposed settlement is not approved, the information will have to be developed anyway in connection with subsequent class certification proceedings. Thus, if the data and information have not already

been collected, then neither Verizon nor class counsel could object to being required to compile it in order to facilitate the claims process and assure the widest distribution of promised settlement benefits to class members. The same is true with respect to the data regarding the total and specific individual Third Party Charges that should have been included in the notice.

Verizon and other consumer class action defendants are trying to rely on an unnecessarily burdensome and unfair 20th Century claim method to deal with a 21st Century settlement. The claims process as designed and agreed to in the proposed settlement uses a blunderbuss approach rather than an approach that differentiates among different "classes" of customers with distinctly different data characteristics who are entitled to have their benefits distributed under methods tailored to their objectively determinable circumstances.

Even assuming *arguendo* Verizon should be entitled to rely on the ambiguity created by its "plausible deniability" and therefore insist on the use the claim form to avoid having to compensate a large percentage of the class members, the settlement can and should narrow its reach. The existence and availability of the necessary data can make this and other class action settlements what they can now be but often are not – vehicles to maximize the distribution of material benefits to as large a percentage of the members of the class as is reasonably practicable.

B. The Settlement Relief Is Inadequate Because It Fails To Require Verizon To Disgorge Any Material Minimum Amount Or Percentage Of The Millions Of Dollars Of Profit It Obtained In Connection With Its Role As The Facilitator Of The Wrongdoing

As stated in I(B), *supra*, nowhere do the notice and other linked website papers – or any other papers of which Drozdov's counsel is presently aware – disclose how much of the \$670 million was the profit cut Verizon took for its billing and collection of the Third Party Charges which might serve as a basis for Verizon's damages on an individual basis – although Drozdov's

counsel estimates those profits at between \$100 million and \$200 million. See Note 4, supra. In any event, there can be no serious dispute that Verizon profited by many millions of dollars in fees as its share of the estimated \$670 million total Third Party charges it billed and/or collected -- regardless of whether or not the related services were legitimate or bogus or authorized or used. Verizon indisputably is the hub and facilitator of the enterprise which could not have existed or wrongfully profited without its essential participation.

Yet under the settlement Verizon will get a release worth as much as \$2 billion to it for the costs of notice and administration of the proposed settlement, the *de minimis* amount of claims filed, and the attorneys' fees and expenses ultimately approved by the Court. In light of the frequently abysmal claim rates in these consumer settlements, including in the *Sprint* and *Apple IPhone 4* cases described in Note 5, *supra*, it is extremely possible that Verizon will end up having to come out of pocket less than \$20 million dollars – less than 3% of the \$670 million Third Party Charges quantified by class counsel in their fee papers, and only 1% of its possible RICO treble liability of in excess of \$2 billion. There is no legitimate justification for allowing Verizon to receive a release valued at between 38 and 100 times its settlement related out-of-pocket expenditures.

The only possible justification for discounts of this magnitude are litigation risks that make it overwhelmingly unlikely plaintiffs ultimately will succeed on the merits. As already noted in I(A), *supra*, the Court's 2010 decision sustaining the majority of the First Amended Complaint (including the RICO claims providing for treble damages and joint and several liability) was a substantial hurdle in plaintiffs' prosecution of the case, and no doubt was a material driver for Verizon to settle -- although the notice contains inadequate information about the decision and the claims, issues and defenses in the litigation required by Fed. R. Civ. P.

23(c)(2)(B)(iii). For the record, the facts alleged obviously support the existence of a RICO enterprise with Verizon as the hub and essential facilitator of the enterprise's wrongdoing, particularly in light of its huge share of the total revenues collected.

That leaves the risk of class certification. Class certification concededly always presents some risk in class actions, though some cases are more readily certifiable than others. Many class certification issues can be fixed by more narrowly defining the class, or through the use of appropriate subclasses. In plaintiffs' papers in support of the settlement, there is a cursory discussion of the risks of class certification, with several representations, without substantial citation to authority, to the effect that "the industry (telephone companies, aggregators and third-party providers) . . . almost always defeats class certification." *E.g.*, Jacobs Decl. in Support of Preliminary Approval, ¶3. But this description is lacking in the candor necessary to prevent it from being overstatement.

As an initial matter, this case seems to be a strong vehicle for injunctive relief under Fed. R. Civ. P. 23(b). The injunction clearly would benefit not only present class members but all future customers of Verizon, and thus presents an issue of the propriety of injunctive relief that stands on its own. There is no discussion that Drozdov's counsel is aware of regarding the propriety of Rule 23(b) certification in plaintiffs' papers in support of the settlement.

Furthermore, regarding the existence of favorable authority under Rule 23(b)(3), when Drozdov's counsel performed a basic internet search of legal documents on Google Scholar (scholar.google.com) using the search terms "cramming and 'class certification," the *first* decision identified was the decision of the U.S. Court of Appeals for the Sixth Circuit in *Beattie* v. CenturyTel, Inc., 511 F.3d 554 (6th Cir. 2007), in which the Sixth Circuit affirmed the certification of a "cramming" class under certain federal communications statutes. More

importantly, the Sixth Circuit rejected essentially the same argument by defendants there as here – that individual issue regarding whether individuals authorized the charges predominate. Rather, the Sixth Circuit held that the issue of the defendant's liability to "the class as a whole" was the issue that predominated, and not the issue of individual damages to individual class members. *Id.* at 564-66. Again, this was the first case located from an elemental Google search. And the seventh case listed in the search *also* upheld class certification in another cramming case. *Stammco, LLC V. United Tel. Of Ohio*, 2011 Ohio 6503 (Ct. App. 6th Dist. 2011), *appeal granted*, 132 Ohio St. 3d 1425 (June 20, 2012).

The issue in this case, the liability of Verizon and the other defendants in the RICO enterprise "to the class as a whole" would readily be subject to determination through the same use of discovery, including data analyses, statistical sampling and expert testimony, as any antitrust or securities fraud class action, which are litigated without any specific facts as to any individual class members, whose entitlement to damages are highly fact specific. Except that here, it would be even stronger, because Verizon has all of the necessary facts regarding the Third Party Charges on its own database.

Indeed, the very exhibits cited to and filed with plaintiffs' motion for preliminary approval – none of which were made available on the settlement website -- confirm that statistical sampling could be effectively and reliably used to measure Verizon's liability to the class as a whole: Exhibit 5, the FCC website graphic regarding "cramming" (Docket # 91-5), includes the following sobering statistic developed by the FCC based on statistics developed during its own investigation (and prominently cited in the Preliminary Approval Motion, at p. 3): "In two Commission investigations of cramming, involving approximately 36,000 consumers billed for a product on their telephone bills, only 0.1% of the consumers had actually used the

product." Furthermore, and more importantly, the statement on the same page of the Preliminary Approval Motion taken from the same Exhibit 5 FCC website graphic -- that "[o]nly 1 out of 20 victims of cramming is aware of the crammed charges" -- is based on the expert statistical study and analysis of Howard Marylander prepared on behalf of the FTC in another cramming action in the Northern District of California involving Inc21.com, the same defendant that was the subject of the FTC's motion for judicial notice recently filed in this action. See FTC v. Inc21.com, No. 3:10-cv-00022-WHA (N.D. Cal.), Docket #123-37 (Marylander statistical analysis expert report); see also Docket ##122, 122-1 and 124 in this case (FTC motion and resulting stipulation amending form of proposed Final Order and Judgment).

According to the declaration of the settlement mediator, Judge Weinstein (Docket #91-2, at ¶12), this case presents an "all or nothing" scenario. Yet under the settlement, the class gets relatively nothing in relation to Verizon's total potential liability to the class as a whole, and Verizon gets it all. Or more precisely, the class gets an estimated 1-3%, as opposed to Verizon, who gets from 97-99% of its best possible result at trial – despite the fact that it too is subject to enormous risks of continued litigation. Yet here, the same types of statistical analysis utilized by the FTC and FCC could be used for many, or most of the Third Party "providers," including but not limited to the ones that Verizon already terminated or suspended for improper practices. And if necessary, subclasses could be used as to the specific "providers" to ensure that those people receive the refunds they indisputably are entitled to.

Thus, unless Verizon is required to disgorge a material percentage of the hundreds of millions of dollars of profit it obtained in connection with its role as the principal facilitator of the wrongful Third Party practices for distribution "to the class as a whole," the settlement should not be approved as fair, reasonable and adequate. The settlement should require the

creation of a genuine settlement fund from the profits obtained by Verizon for its billing and collection functions facilitating the fraudulent enterprise regardless of whether or not individuals authorized the charges, which would then be available for broad distribution to the members of the class regardless of whether they authorized the services.⁸

C. The Injunctive Relief Is Inadequate Because It Does Not Require Contemporaneous Contact By Verizon With Its Customers Regarding Third Party Charges, And Is Too Short

The injunctive relief provided under the settlement does provides some relief for the benefit of the class and all Verizon customers going forward, and class counsel deserve to be compensated for it. Nevertheless, the injunctive relief is materially inadequate because it excludes Verizon from the process of advising customers about newly-implemented Third Party Charges before they are actually billed, even though Verizon is the party best situated to efficiently and effectively ensure that class members have the earliest opportunity possible to stop improper and unauthorized charges.

Verizon profits from the first billed and collected Third Party Charge, so it has every incentive to slow down the process by which customers learn of the charges – particularly when it is likely that only a small percentage will notice them in the bill anyway. Furthermore, Verizon is the *only* party who actually knows about every charge from every aggregator and Third Party 'provider." Yet under the proposed settlement, it is the web of Aggregators who are responsible for providing the contemporaneous confirmation notice of the new Third Party Charges – *although no maximum number of days for providing that notice is specified in the*

There is no evidence that Drozdov is aware of that the Verizon customers being billed for Third Party Charges were ever advised that the actual costs of those goods or services were actually substantially less than the billed amount, and that Verizon and the Aggregators were actually taking large cuts before remitting the balance to the Third Party "providers" – this balance is really the actual amount paid for whatever was purportedly being provided.

Settlement Agreement. See Settlement Agreement, Section II(7), p. 16. Similarly, it is the Aggregators rather than Verizon who are responsible for notifying those customers "who have been billed by the Third-Party Service Provider in the most recent month prior to termination" about the termination of the Third Party "provider." See Settlement Agreement, Section II(8), pp. 16-17.

In fact, Verizon already has in place the total system necessary to easily and contemporaneously notify customers of any change in service, including newly-added and terminated Third Party Charges. Attached as Exhibit B hereto is a copy of the electronic notice. Weinstein recently received on August 6, 2012 about a minor change in service on August 4, 2012 to one of his personal wireless telephone lines. Attached as Exhibit C hereto is a copy of an October 19, 2011 mailed notice from Verizon to Weinstein regarding an October 19, 2011 change in service to his office "landline." These notices are computer generated and are intended to be sent and received as soon as possible immediately after and contemporaneous with the change in service and its related charges.

A notice from Verizon in a Verizon "envelope" and on Verizon letterhead will be delivered more quickly, and is much more likely to be read, than a letter from an Aggregator. Indeed, most customers probably have no idea who or what the Aggregator is, and not seeing a Verizon envelop and letterhead will make it substantially more likely the notice is not read at all – even if it does reference Verizon on the envelope.

The injunctive relief is also objectionable because it releases Verizon from its obligations under the agreement only two years after the Effective Date of the settlement, regardless of whether the implementation of the relief has been proven to be effective or ineffective. Simply stated, what happens after two years? Is Verizon free to resume its normal practices which were

the essential facilitation of the wrongdoing? Under the agreement, the injunctive relief stops before it really gets going. In the absence of some major justification, the relief should last at least three years, and then be subject to a determination that it has effectively reduced the massive problems engendered by Verizon's Third Party Charge practices.⁹

The injunctive relief cannot be considered adequate when it intentionally adopts a mechanism which is certain to be less effective than the mechanism already in place at Verizon for dealing with the exact same type of changes in service and related charges. Nor can it be considered adequate when it expires before it barely gets started, and without any monitoring mechanism on behalf of Verizon's customers.

III. The Attorneys' Fee Request Cannot Be Decided Without Sufficient Additional Information

Drozdov's counsel litigate class actions, and always want to earn the largest fee, including a multiplier when appropriate, that is fair in light of the amount of time reasonably expended and the results achieved. And Drozdov's counsel believe that class counsel in all cases successfully resolved are entitled to the same.

Unfortunately, the papers filed in the action to date provide insufficient information and detail for Drozdov to definitively determine whether the amount applied for is fair and reasonable. Although none of the fee approval papers are specifically linked for access on the settlement website, a review of the filed papers shows the description of work to be too cursory to confirm that the \$3.55 million of time incurred as described in the fee motion (Docket #123, at 10). Furthermore, the general information lacks sufficient detail for the Court to perform the

To the best of Drozdov's knowledge, the Settlement Agreement does not provide for any responsibility by class counsel to monitor or review or be provided with information regarding the effectiveness of the injunctive relief, or a mechanism for class counsel to petition the court if the relief is not being complied with.

analysis it must to decide the application. See In re Bluetooth Headset Prods. Liab. Litig., 654 F.3d 935, 943-45 (9th Cir. 2011).

For the record, the complaints filed by plaintiffs in the action are extremely well-researched and obviously the product of substantial legal and factual investigation, and set out the allegations in an extremely persuasive fashion – the Court's September 10, 2010 decision sustaining the most important claims confirms its high quality. Furthermore, though not adequate for the reasons set out in II(C), *supra*, the injunctive relief provides what seems to be a good framework for the actions necessary for the Third Party Charge industry to self-regulate – but only so long as the victims of its improprieties are given the best opportunity at the earliest possible time to contribute to the reduction of the problem. And there is no doubt that class counsel will have to expend substantial additional time in connection with the administration of the settlement if approved, however it finally is structured.

Nevertheless, and without the benefit of the detailed time records, \$3.55 million seems pretty high for a case involving the preparation of the excellent complaint, successful opposition to the motion to dismiss, discovery involving 150,000 pages of documents (really not a lot, relatively speaking) and miscellaneous data compilations and analyses prepared by Verizon, the mediation and related briefing and preparation, and the presumably extensive negotiations and drafting of the settlement papers. But no definitive conclusion can be reached by Drozdov or the Court without more.

Additionally, the benefits of the settlement do not include a settlement fund or minimum distribution amount for the class as a whole. Thus, the benefits cannot be quantified until all claims are received and preliminarily administered after the prescribed claim filing deadline – which deadline occurs after the currently scheduled date for the Final Approval Hearing.

IV. If The Court Credits Drozdov's Objections And Denies Final Approval, Then Drozdov's Counsel Requests That They Be Appointed By The Court To Participate In The Implementation Of The Changes Necessary To Render The Settlement Fair, Adequate And Reasonable

As noted, *supra*, Drozdov's counsel have substantial experience in complex database techniques necessary to locate, compile, organize and analyze the available data in the context of the terms of the specific settlement, including the creation of a proper class list with the necessary information to ensure that the class benefits are distributed as widely as possible to the class. Thus, if the Court credits Drozdov's objections regarding these issues, Drozdov's counsel respectfully requests that they be appointed by the Court to participate in the implementation of the changes necessary to make the settlement fair, reasonable and adequate.

V. In Any Event, The Court Should Withhold Approval Of The Settlement And Fee Application Until The Benefits Actually Provided To The Class Can Be Quantified

The issue of the amount of settlement benefits actually provided to the class, and its impact on the fairness and adequacy of the settlement and the reasonableness of the attorneys' fees applied for, is discussed extensively throughout Drozdov's objections. Drozdov respectfully submits that those issues cannot be properly decided until those settlement benefits can be accurately quantified.

CONCLUSION

The Court should deny approval of the settlement as proposed for the reasons stated herein, or alternatively withhold its decision on the settlement and the attorneys' fees until the necessary information, including the benefits distributed to the class and the reasonable lodestar, can be accurately quantified.

Dated: August 16, 2012

Respectfully submitted,

William R. Weinstein LAW OFFICES OF WILLIAM R. WEINSTEIN 199 Main Street, 4th Fl. White Plains, NY 10601 914.997.2205

ATTORNEY FOR OBJECTOR MARK DROZDOV 271 Glendale Road Scarsdale, NY 10583 Cell: 917.417.5103

OF COUNSEL:

MICHAEL LEVINE, ESQ. 54 Walworth Avenue Scarsdale, NY 10583 914.725.7716

Exhibit A

From: To: mdrozdov@aol.com wrw@wweinsteinlaw.com

Subject:

Fwd: Class Action Settlement Notice Ordered By Federal Court in Moore et al v. Verizon et al., Case No. 09-cv-

1823 SBA

Date:

Monday, July 23, 2012 8:57:51 PM

-----Original Message-----

From: Verizon Services <verizon-services@verizon.com>

To: mdrozdov <mdrozdov@aol.com> Sent: Tue, Jun 26, 2012 8:25 pm

Subject: Class Action Settlement Notice Ordered By Federal Court in Moore et al v. Verizon et al.,

Case No. 09-cv-1823 SBA

Can't view this email properly? Click here for the online version



CLASS ACTION SETTLEMENT NOTICE

A federal court authorized this Notice. Read this Notice carefully. Your legal rights may be affected.

THIS IS <u>NOT</u> A SOLICITATION. THIS IS <u>NOT</u> A NOTICE THAT YOU HAVE BEEN SUED. THIS IS TO NOTIFY YOU THAT YOU MAY BE ENTITLED TO BENEFITS.

United States District Court for the Northern District of California

Moore et al. v. Verizon et al., Class Action Case No. 09-cv-1823 SBA

(Para ver este aviso en español, se puede visitar www.verizonthirdpartybillingsettlement.com/espanol.)

You Received This Notice Because Verizon's Records Indicate You Were Billed For Third-Party Charges Between April 27, 2005 And February 28, 2012 And May Be Entitled To A Payment From this Class Action Settlement.

A Settlement has been preliminarily approved by the Court in a class action lawsuit against Verizon alleging that it billed landline phone customers for unauthorized charges from third-party companies (a practice known as "cramming"), in violation of federal and state law. Verizon denies any wrongdoing. The Court has not decided in favor of either the plaintiffs or defendants. Instead, both sides have agreed to settle the lawsuit in order to avoid the cost, delay, and uncertainty of litigation. The Settlement calls for payments to Class Members who file approved claims and injunctive relief designed to prevent future cramming.

You have the right as a member of the Settlement Class to file a claim for (1) a **Flat Payment Claim for \$40, or** (2) a **Full Payment Claim** for the **full amount** (i.e., 100%) of all unauthorized Third-Party Charges you paid between April 27, 2005 and February 28, 2012. To receive a

settlement payment, you <u>must</u> submit a Claim Form by **November 15**, **2012**.

You have been sent this Notice because Verizon's records indicate that you have received Third-Party Charges on your Verizon bill during the class period and are therefore a class member and may be entitled to submit a claim for payments. To file your Claim on line, or to obtain a Claim Form, Click here.

How much will your payment be? That depends on whether you make a Flat Payment Claim or a Full Payment Claim. If you make a Flat Payment Claim that is approved, you will receive \$40. If you make a Full Payment Claim that is approved, you will receive the full amount (i.e., 100%) of all unauthorized Third-Party Charges you paid between April 27, 2005 and February 28, 2012 (the "Class Period"). It is not possible to tell how much each class member is entitled to receive under the Full Payment Claim option without getting the summary of all Third-Party Charges that Verizon will provide to you, for free, as described in the next paragraph, as part of this Settlement. Some class members may have a claim for less than \$40. Class counsel contends that some class members may have a claim for hundreds of dollars or more. To obtain payment, you must submit a Claim Form, which is available here or from the Settlement Administrator at www.verizonthirdpartvbillingsettlement.com, 1-877-772-6219, or questions@verizonthirdpartvbillingsettlement.com.

You can get a summary of all your Third-Party Charges. You may have been billed for Third-Party Charges over a period of months without having noticed it. To help identify unauthorized Third-Party Charges for which you were billed during the Class Period and decide whether to submit a Flat or Full Payment Claim, you can request a summary of all Third-Party Charges for which you were billed, for free. You may then use the summary of all Third-Party Charges to submit a Full Payment Claim on line, by e-mail or by mail.

To request a free summary of all of the Third-Party Charges that you were billed <u>Click here</u> or call 1-877-772-6219.

What are "unauthorized Third-Party Charges?" "Third-Party Charges" are charges for products or services provided by third-party companies (i.e., not Verizon) and are billed to your Verizon telephone bill, excluding certain charges identified in the class definition below. Examples of the types of products and services are: voicemail, email, fax, web page services (design, hosting or marketing), yellow page services, diet plans, identity protection and others. "Unauthorized Third-Party Charges" are Third-Party Charges you did not knowingly authorize.

You can block Third-Party Charges from being included on your phone bill. Verizon will, for free, place a "block" on your phone number so that certain Third-Party Charges will not be allowed to be billed to you in the future. To request the "block" on your phone number, call Verizon customer service toll free 1-800-VERIZON. If you later wish to remove the "block," you may do so, for free, by contacting Verizon at

the same number.

Who is in the Settlement Class? The Court certified a class for settlement purposes only consisting of: All current and former Verizon landline customers billed for Third-Party Charges submitted to Verizon by Billing Concepts Inc. a/k/a Billing Services Group Clearing Solutions or BSG d/b/a USBI and ZPDI, ACI Billing Services Inc. d/b/a OAN, Enhanced Services Billing, Inc. d/b/a ESBI, and HBS Billing Services Company (collectively, "Billing Concepts Inc."), The Billing Resource d/b/a Integretel, The Billing Resource LLC (collectively, "The Billing Resource"), ILD Teleservices, Inc. ("ILD"), Transaction Clearing, LLC ("Transaction Clearing") and PaymentOne Corp., d/b/a PaymentOne or Ebillit ("Payment One") from April 27, 2005 to February 28, 2012 (the "Settlement Class"). Excluded from the class are: (i) customers billed for only the following charges: (a) message telephone services ("MTS") usage charges; (b) charges that relate to a change in the customer's primary interexchange carrier ("PIC"); (c) charges billed by local telephone companies purchased from Verizon by Frontier Communications Corporation, FairPoint Communications, Inc., and Hawaiian Telcom; (ii) any judicial officer to whom the Action is assigned; and (iii) the U.S. government or any State government or instrumentality thereof. You received this email notice because Verizon's records indicate that you are a customer who was billed for such Third-Party Charges and are thus a member of the Settlement Class.

Do you have a lawyer representing you in this lawsuit? The Court appointed lawyers from four law firms to act as Class Counsel for the Settlement Class, whose information is at

www.verizonthirdpartybillingsettlement.com. Class Counsel will ask the Court to approve payment of \$7,500,000 for attorneys' fees and expenses for their efforts in achieving this Settlement and for their risk in undertaking their representation on a contingency basis and payment of \$5,000 each to Desiree Moore and Karen Jones, for their services as Class Representatives. The Settlement Class will not be required to pay any portion of the fees and expenses and incentive awards awarded by the Court, which will be paid by Verizon. Payment of these items will not reduce the benefits available to the Settlement Class. You may hire your own attorney at your own cost if you wish, who may enter an appearance on your behalf.

The Court has preliminarily approved the Settlement. The Court-appointed Class Representatives, Desiree Moore and Karen Jones, and Court-appointed Class Counsel believe that the Settlement is in the best interests of the Settlement Class. The Settlement does not constitute an admission of any wrongdoing by Verizon. IF YOU ARE A CLASS MEMBER, THE PROPOSED SETTLEMENT WILL AFFECT YOUR LEGAL RIGHTS AND OBLIGATIONS. This Notice is only a summary. For complete information, including deadlines by which you must act, you should read the full notice or the Settlement Agreement, available at

www.verizonthirdpartvbillingsettlement.com.

Your legal tong and options in this Settlements

Submit a Claim Form 2

This is the only way to get a payment. You have the right as a member of the Settlement Class to apply for (1) Flat Payment Claim for \$40 or (2) a Full Payment Claim for the full amount (i.e., 100%) of all unauthorized Third-Party Charges you paid between April 27, 2005 and February 28, 2012. To receive a settlement payment, you must submit a Claim Form by November 15, 2012. To submit your Claim Form on line Click here.

Exclude yourself

Get no payment, but do not give up your right to sue Defendants or related entities. To **exclude** yourself, you must mail a signed, written request to be excluded from Moore v. Verizon, with your name, address, and phone number, to the Settlement Administrator postmarked **by August 17, 2012**. Requests to be excluded from the Settlement should be mailed to Moore v. Verizon Settlement Administrator, PO Box 4655, Portland, OR 97208-4655. Unless you exclude yourself, you will be in the Settlement Class, and if the Settlement is approved, will be bound by it, and release claims against Released Persons, as defined in the Settlement Agreement.

Comment or object

If you do not exclude yourself, you or your lawyer have the right to object to or comment on the Settlement, Class Counsel's request for attorneys' fees and expenses and/or incentive awards, by mailing objections, in writing, to: Class Counsel, John G. Jacobs at 122 S. Michigan Ave., Suite 1850, Chicago, IL 60603, and Verizon's Counsel at Henry A. Weissmann, 355 S. Grand, Ave., 35 Fl., Los Angeles, CA 90071-1560 and filing the same with the Clerk of the Court at 1301 Clay Street, St. 400 S., Oakland, CA 94612 by August 17, 2012. Objections must include the objector's name. address, phone number, a detailed statement of the objection, all factual and legal support for it. evidence supporting it, including evidence of the objector's membership in the Settlement Class and the caption and case number appearing on the Settlement Class Notice. No one will be permitted to appear at the final approval hearing to present an objection unless that person has complied with the requirements set forth for filing a timely written objection.

Go to the	If you would like, you may ask to speak in Court			
hearing :	about the Settlement. You do not need to attend the			
The second of th	hearing unless you wish to object in person, which is			
	required to preserve your right to appeal the			
	Settlement or award of attorneys' fees. The Court			
HAND SHAPE	will hold a Final Approval Hearing on September 25,			
	2012 at 1:00 p.m. at the U.S. District Court,			
	Northern District California, 1301 Clay Street,			
	Oakland, CA 94612, Courtroom 1 to decide whether			
	the Settlement should be approved as fair,			
	reasonable and adequate and in the best interests			
	of the Class and whether to approve Class			
	Counsel's request for attorneys' fees and expenses			
	and class representative incentive awards. The			
	Court will be available to hear objections and			
	arguments about the Settlement. The hearing may			
الخور	be changed to a different date or time without notice.			
	No one will be permitted to appear at the final			
	approval hearing to present an objection unless that			
	person has complied with the requirements set forth			
	for filing a timely written objection.			
Do nothing	Get no payment and give up your right to sue			
	Defendants and other released entities regarding the			
	issues in this case.			

This is only a summary of the Settlement. For a full description of the Settlement, your rights under it, the deadlines by which you must act, and copies of relevant documents, go to www.verizonthirdpartybillingsettlement.com.

Questions or to obtain a Claim Form: Visit www.verizonthirdpartybillingsettlement.com, call 1-877-772-6219 toll free or send an email to questions@verizonthirdpartybillingsettlement.com.

No virus found in this message. Checked by AVG - www.avg.com

Version: 2012.0.2177 / Virus Database: 2437/5149 - Release Date: 07/23/12

Exhibit B

Bill Weinstein

From:

AccountNotify@verizonwireless.com [eAccountNotify@verizonwireless.com]

Sent: To:

Monday, August 06, 2012 9:38 AM

wrweinstein@optonline.net

Subject: Attachments: Account Change Notification Available in My Verizon

Certification.htm

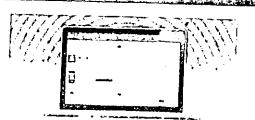


Your Wireless Number Ending With: 1084

Your confirmation letter includes an updated summary of your recent changes to the wireless number listed above. To view your copy, go to My Documents and Receipts and select the mobile number referenced above.

Go to My Documents and Receipts

Thank you for choosing Verizon Wireless.



My Verizon is also available 24/7 to assist you

- Viewing your usage
 Updating your plan
 Adding Account Members
- Paying your bill
- Finding accessories for your devices
- And much, much more...

MERICA'S LARGEST AND MOST RELIABLE HIGH SPEED WIRELESS NETWORK.

© 2011 Verizon Wireless

Venzor Wheleos J One Venzon Way I Mail Code (180WVB) Barking ikidge (NJ 07928)

We respect your privacy. Please review our privacy policy for myre information

If you are not the intended recipient and feel you have received this email in error, or if you would like to update your customer not fication preferences, please click here

RULETHEAIR

WILLIAM WEINSTEIN 3 CLAREMONT RD SCARSDALE, NY 10583-1103

SERVICE SUMMARY FOR LINE 914-523-1084 AS OF 08/04/12

You recently updated your service on line 914-523-1084.
For a summary of your service read on.

August 7, 2012

Dear William Weinstein,

Contract End Date: 03/22/14 Early Termination Fee: Up To \$350

Thank you for being a Verizon Wireless customer. This letter confirms that the service update you requested on line 914-523-1084 went into effect on August 4, 2012. See a snapshot of your service below.

Sincerely, Verizon Wireless

	TALE	TEXT			
	SHARED	SHARED			
Allowance	700 Mins.	Unlimited	7		
Monthly Access - This Line	\$9.99	Included			
Overage Rate	\$0.45/Min.	N/A	7		
Included Feature(s) for this line: «	Inlimited Nights And	Weekend Share	_J I⊸Unlimited National M2m		
CURRENT FEATURES	Price		FEATURES		
National Access Roaming	\$0.00		Web Unlimited \$29.99	Price \$29.99	
ন্থান বেল্ডাল রাগ্রাল বর্মান্ত Account #: 0282257500-00001 A					
учения с одогда / 300-00001 — д	ccount Plan Descri	ption : Nationwi	de Talk & Text Shareplan		-
	SHARED S	SERVICES			
Allowance	TALK 700 Mins,	TEXT Deliminu			
Monthly Access - Account	\$80.00	Included			
Overage Rate	\$0.45/Min,	N/A			
Total Monthly Line Access Charge	\$39.96	Included	•		
Total Lines Enrolled	4 .	4			
Nights: 9:01pm - 5:59am, Monday - F Weekenda: 12:00am Saturiay - 11:50am					:
Tarani dalahay 11.50pm	•				į
Rease note; Individual linea may have additional, ummary.	recurring monthly fees	for non-shared sen	rices. Taxes & Surcharges apply;	see details following this service	Ì
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Monthly Regulatory Charge (subject to of Monthly Regulatory Charge (subject to of Monthly Administrative Charge (subject Monthly Federal Universal Service Chargelese Charges Charges Charges Charges Charges Charges Charges	hange from time to a to change from time	to time)	99¢ per line		
ita:	on FCC rate)				
deral Universal Service, Regulatory and reless surcharges may be between 12%	Administrative Chan to 41% of your mon	ges are Verizon thly bill	Wireless charges, not taxes	. Taxes and Verizon	
te: Please retain this letter, which is for informa or, your Calling Plan and Customer Agreement	tion purposes only, for will govern.	your records. Disc	ounts apply only if you are on a q	rualitying plan. In the case of	
ESTIONS? We're here to help					60
	rireless.com/support		1 800,922,0204		

Gase4:09-cv-0182	Compacto a live operator and get automatic colt compation for only \$1.99 per call, plus airtime. Up to		
Calling Festiones	Enjoy Basic Voice Mell with Message Waiting Indicator, Caller ID, Call Waiting, 3-Way Calling, C Forwarding and No Answer/Busy Transfer.		
Date Sent or Received ²	Data sent or received using Mobile Web (including advertising), Get It Now, and other data applications with be billed \$1.99 per megabyte.		
	For information about how and when data charges are incurred and how to manage your data usage, clic on the "Understanding Your Data Charges" link located in your Account Document section a www.verizonwirefess.com/messagecenter.		
international Roaming/Calling*	Visit verizonwireless.com/international for applicable long distance and roaming rates, and for places yo can call direct and use your phone.		
Informational Text Measaging	From US to informational destinations: \$0.20 per message received and \$0.25 per message sent.		
Mobile Web 2.0	While traveling internationally: \$0.05 per message received and \$0.50 per recipient per message sent.		
modes 1100 2.0	Got the latest news, sports and weather tracking.		
Unlimited Messaging	Send and receive Text, Picture & Video Messages to anyone on any network in the US.		
Unimited National Mobile to Mobile (M2M) Calling Minutes	To call other Vertzon Wireless customers from within the U.S.		
Intimited Night & Weekund Minutes	Night hours: (Mon-Fri) 9:01 p.m 5:59 e.m. Weekend hours: (Sal-Sun) 12:00 a.m 11:59 p.m.		
international Disting (I-Dist) may be Applies when sending and receiving Messages with oustomers of wireless	outside the Nationwide Rate and Coverage Area. If he billed at \$0.015 per KB (\$15.38 per MB) unless you add a data block or data feature, required prior to calling or reaming internationally. To sign-up or activate call 1.800.822.0204. (i) Text messages in the United States. (ii) Text Messages sent via emal; (iii) Instant Messages; (iv) Text as carriers on participating oneworks in Canada, Mexico and Puerto Rico, Premium Messaging programs not might be ablocat.		

For a map of your wireless coverage, visit vertzonwireless.com/coveragelocator and enter a street address.

11340

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Exhibit C



Verizon P.O. Box 33079 St. Petersburg, FL 33733-8079

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October 19, 2011

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>03047 7181843 001 008018 03 William R Weinstein Esq 199 Main St Fl 4 White Plains NY 10601

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Dear William R Weinstein Esq:

Thank you for ordering the following service(s) from Verizon. The package features and calling services that you added, as shown below, became available on 10/19/11.

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Solutions Bundle Main Line - 2 year

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- Calling Features
- Caller ID and Voice Messaging
- Unlimited Nationwide Calling

Three-Way Calling Caller ID Call Forwarding Business Call Answering

To receive the most benefit from your service(s), please read the enclosed instructions.

We look forward to assisting you in the future with your choice of many Verizon products and services to further enhance your services while growing your business.

For additional information, see our website at www.verizon.com.

Sincerely,

Verizon's Business Voice Services and Usage Team



CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

WILLIAM R. WEINSTEIN, an attorney admitted to and in good standing with the bar of the State of New York and the United States Court of Appeals for the Ninth Circuit, among others, hereby certifies under penalties of perjury that, on August 16, 2012, he caused the foregoing Objections of Mark Drozdov to Proposed Class Action Settlement and Exhibits to be served by Priority Mail on the following recipients prescribed in the Frequently Asked Questions on the website relating to the Settlement of the action:

John G. Jacobs 122 S. Michigan Ave., Suite 1850 Chicago, IL 60603 Counsel for Plaintiffs Henry A. Weissmann 355 S. Grand, Ave., 35th Fl. Los Angeles, CA. 90071-1560 Counsel for Verizon

Moore v. Verizon Settlement Administrator PO Box 4655 Portland, OR 97208-4655

Dated: August 16, 2012

WILLIAM R. WEINSTEIN

PRIORITY MAIL

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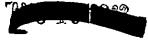


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Law Offices of Wm. R. Weinstein 199 Main Street, 4th Floor White Plains, NY 10601





TO MOONE V VENIZON SETTLEMENT ADMINISTRATION
PU BOX 4655

PONTLAND, ON 97208-4655

Label 228, January 2008





EXHIBIT G-17

LAW OFFICES OF WILLIAM R. WEINSTEIN

199 Main Street, 4th Floor White Plains, New York 10601 Tel: (914) 997-2205 Fax: (646) 448-8215

E-Mail: wrw@wweinsteinlaw.com

August 16, 2012

BY PRIORITY MAIL

Clerk of the Court
U.S. District Court for the
Northern District of California
1301 Clay Street
Suite 400 S.
Oakland, CA 94612

Re: Moore v. Verizon Communications Inc., No. 4:09-cv-01823-SBA, Objections of Mark Drozdov to Proposed Class Action Settlement - For Manual Filing

To Whom It May Concern:

Enclosed for manual filing in the above-captioned action is the August 16, 2012 Objections of Mark Drozdov to Proposed Class Action Settlement, with exhibits. The Certificate of Service attached at the end of the document states that the document has been served on the parties required under the terms of the proposed settlement by Priority Mail.

Additionally enclosed is the cover page for the document, which I request you file-stamp and return to me in the enclosed self-addressed, stamped envelope.

Should you have any questions, I can be contacted at 914.997.2205. Thank you in advance for your assistance.

Respectfully submitted

William R. Weinstein

encl.

cc: Plaintiffs' Counsel, Verizon Counsel (w/encl.)

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

DESIREE MOORE and KAREN JONES,) Case No. 4:09-cv-01823-SBA
individually and on behalf of a class of similarly situated individuals,) CLASS ACTION
Plaintiffs,	OBJECTIONS OF MARK DROZDOV TO PROPOSED
v.) CLASS ACTION SETTLEMENT
VERIZON COMMUNICATIONS INC.,)
et al.,) Hon. Saundra Brown Armstrong)
Defendants.	j ,

Class Member Mark Drozdov ("Drozdov"), by his undersigned attorneys, respectfully submits his objections to the proposed settlement of the above-captioned class action. Drozdov's counsel intends to appear at the Final Approval Hearing and present argument in support of Drozdov's objections.

SUMMARY OF OBJECTIONS

The proposed settlement suffers from multiple, material defects that preclude its final approval by the Court as fair, reasonable and adequate. These defects are briefly summarized as follows:

I. The notice is inadequate to satisfy the requirements of due process. It fails to advise individual class members either of their total or their specific individual third party charges so they can meaningfully evaluate their potential total benefit from the settlement, and even fails to tell them which phone line or lines are the ones identified by Verizon as the basis

Drozdov received emails from Verizon Services dated June 26, 2012 and July 3, 2012 providing Drozdov with notice of the proposed settlement and advising him that he was a member of the proposed settlement class based on data in Verizon's records. A copy of the June 26, 2012 notice is annexed as Exhibit A hereto.

for sending them notice so that class members can easily determine as an initial matter whether they think it worth their while to proceed with the claims process. Nor does the notice or any of the other linked documents on the settlement website advise class members of the identity of all of the different Third Party "providers" so that class members can easily determine as an initial matter whether they may have actually authorized charges or should proceed with the claims process.

Of equal or greater importance, the notice and the other linked documents identified and made available on the settlement website *nowhere* advise class members of the total amount of third party charges establishing the potential individual and joint and several liability of Verizon and the other defendants, or the total amount of benefits projected to be paid out to class members under the settlement claims process -- both of which are necessary for class members to fairly evaluate the results achieved. Nor does the notice contain any meaningful discussion of the issues and defenses required under Fed. R. Civ. P. 23(c)(2)(b)(iii), which is particularly important in light of the Court's September 10, 2010 decision on defendant's motion to dismiss and is thus relevant to the defendants potential liability for damages at trial. *See I, infra.*

II. The proposed relief is unfair, unreasonable and inadequate.

A. Presumably by intent, and undeniably by effect, the manual claim mechanism is unfairly and unreasonably burdensome, and will ensure that only a *de minimis* percentage of the agreed settlement benefits will actually have to be paid by Verizon to the class in exchange for a potentially *multi-billion dollar* release – even for the subclass(es) of class members whose entitlement to refunds can be confirmed by the facts and data in the databases of Verizon and the other defendants. *See* II(A), *infra*.

B. Verizon's profit share of the \$670 million total Third Party charges it billed and/or collected -- estimated by Drozdov's counsel at between \$100 million and \$200 million and earned whether or not the related services were legitimate or bogus or authorized or used -- is the result of its indisputable role as the hub and facilitator of the enterprise which could not have existed or wrongfully profited without its essential participation. Yet under the proposed settlement Verizon will get a release worth as much as \$2 billion to it for the costs of notice and administration of the proposed settlement, the *de minimis* (and lacking any minimum) amount of claims filed, and the attorneys' fees and expenses ultimately approved by the Court. Thus, Verizon should be required to disgorge a material percentage of the millions of dollars of profit it obtained in connection with its role, and thereby create a genuine settlement fund for broad distribution to the members of the class regardless of whether or not they authorized or received the services Verizon billed them for. See II(B), infra.

C. The injunctive relief is inadequate because Verizon -- the party best situated and with the necessary computer systems already in place to efficiently, contemporaneously and effectively advise all class members and future customers of potential Third Party charges before they are billed - is excluded from any direct responsibility for advising its customers of the newly-added Third Party Charges. Additionally, the injunctive relief expires after an unreasonably short period of time. See II(C), infra.

III. The fairness, reasonableness and adequacy of the requested attorney's fees cannot be fully evaluated by class members or the Court until sufficient detail about the actual nature and timing of the work performed, and before the actual settlement benefits can be quantified, but based on the limited lodestar information provided by class counsel the fees appear to be potentially excessive.

BACKGROUND AND RELEVANT EXPERIENCE OF DROZDOV'S COUNSEL

Drozdov's lead counsel in connection with his objection is William R. Weinstein, principal of Law Offices of William R. Weinstein. Weinstein has substantial experience in class actions, including securities and consumer class actions, and over the past ten years has prosecuted a number of class actions involving bogus and misleading charges and other deceptive practices against Verizon, Verizon Wireless and other consumer telecommunications service providers, including Sprint and AT&T/Cingular Wireless. See, e.g., Schatz v. Cellco P'shp d/b/a Verizon Wireless, 2012 WL 423316 (S.D.N.Y. Jan. 31, 2012); Litman v. Cellco P'shp d/b/a Verizon Wireless, 655 F. 3d 225 (3d Cir. 2011); Shroyer v. New Cingular Wireless Services, Inc., 606 F.3d 658 (9th Cir. 2010); Emilio v. Sprint Spectrum L.P., 2008 WL 4865050 (S.D.N.Y. Nov. 6, 2008), aff'd, 315 Fed. Appx. 322 (2d Cir. Mar. 12, 2009); Opperman v. Verizon Wireless, No. BC326764 (Ca. Sup. Ct. L.A. County 2006); In re Verizon Three Way Calling Litig., No. 603484-01 (Supreme Ct. N.Y. County). See www.wweinsteinlaw.com.

Working with Weinstein in connection with Drozdov's objection is Michael Levine. In addition to being a lawyer, Levine has many years of experience in the Information Technology field, specializing in the design and implementation of databases, and in the use of databases to support business reporting and analysis. Levine has worked in the development of complex computer applications since the mid-1980's, and has specialized in database design, analysis and use since 1998, including providing services concerning databases to a number of Fortune 500 companies. Levine has assisted Weinstein in connection with the development of several complex class member databases, generating detailed damage calculations as well as other relevant class member information from the available electronic records for the purpose of potential or actual settlement of class actions.

Although in connection with class action settlements Weinstein always tries to maximize the percentage of benefits to actual damages potentially available to each individual class member, he is equally committed to the use of the settlement process to maximize the total distribution of settlement benefits to all class members where appropriate. For example, in *Lan v. Ludrof*, 2008 WL 763763 (W.D. Pa Mar. 21, 2008), by rejecting the requirement for a claim form in connection with a \$5.234 million settlement of claims arising out of a tender offer for minority shares of Erie Family Life Insurance Company. Because the necessary data was available in the relevant defendant databases, the settlement ultimately resulted in the distribution more than 99.3% of the total Net Settlement Fund to all possible class members, who each received 100% of their damages as computed under the settlement, with the remainder of the Net Settlement Fund going to the agreed-upon charity.

Furthermore, working with Levine in connection with class action settlements involving the rigorous development of class databases incorporating the necessary available computer data regarding the computation of damages in combination with appropriate "class member friendly" claims mechanisms, Weinstein has been able to achieve substantial distributions of available settlement funds under the settlement both in terms of percentage of damages and percentage of class members. For example, in the settlement in *Kitamura & Landa v. Trump Parc Condominium, et al.*, No. 603562-2008 (N.Y. Sup. Ct. New York County), the settlement resulted in the distribution of 100% of the possible damages extending back to 1994 plus additional interest to the 40% of all class members who were entitled to and filed claims, with the remainder of the Net Settlement Fund going to the agreed-upon charities. And in *Emilio v. Robison Oil Corp.*, No. 1412-2003 (N.Y. Sup. Ct. Westchester County) the settlement will provide for the distribution of approximately 74% of the total damages provable at trial plus

additional interest to the 48% of all class members entitled to and filing claims. Weinstein and Levine also recently developed a class member database in connection with the certification and/or settlement of a line item surcharge telecommunications class action involving several million class members and a class period extending over seven years.

DROZDOV'S OBJECTIONS TO THE FAIRNESS, REASONABLENESS AND ADEQUACY OF THE PROPOSED SETTLEMENT

I. The Notice is Inadequate To Satisfy Due Process Because It Fails To Include The Information Necessary For Class Members To Evaluate The Fairness, Reasonableness And Adequacy Of The Settlement Either Individually Or To The Class As A Whole

A. Inadequate Notice Regarding an Individual Class Member's Potential Benefits

Despite the fact that the information is readily available to Verizon, and thus was or should have been obtained by class counsel in connection with the discharge of their fiduciary duties the class, the notice fails to advise individual class members either of their total or their specific individual Third Party Charges so they can meaningfully evaluate their own potential benefits from the settlement. Furthermore, the notice even fails to tell class members which phone line or lines are the ones identified by Verizon as the basis for sending them notice, thus requiring class members like Drozdov with multiple lines to conduct searches of all their phone bills for all their lines to try to locate the charges that Verizon has identified as the basis for their class membership. Unless the class members have retained all bills going back during the entirety of the seven year class period (highly unlikely) and are able to find charges which plaintiffs alleged in their Second Amended Complaint were unlikely to be noticed in the first place by many (really most) class members (Docket #101 ["Complaint"], \$59), the notice as

provided requires each class member to engage in a proverbial "snipe hunt" to try to determine on their own what settlement benefits they might reasonably expect.²

Compounding that difficulty, nowhere does the notice or any of the other linked documents on the settlement website advise class members of the actual identity of all of the different Third Party entities purportedly providing the goods and services charged for, to enable class members to more easily determine as an initial matter whether they may have actually authorized charges or should proceed with the claims process, and so that the possibility of name recognition will enable class members to more easily remember whether they ever contracted with a Third Party "provider" for goods or services. Instead, the notice only includes a cursory description of examples: "voicemail, email, fax, web page services (design, hosting or marketing), yellow page services, diet plans, identity protection and others." See Exhibit A hereto (Drozdov June 26, 2012 Notice). In fact, the list of Third Party "providers" could and should provide an explicit list of those Third Party "providers" who Verizon terminated or suspended prior to the Settlement because of fraudulent and deceptive or other improper billing practices, as well as those who were not terminated or suspended but had a substantial complaint rate also indicating impropriety. The individual notice to class members also could and should be amended to expressly advise individual class members whether they were subject to such known fraudulent or otherwise improper charges, and the amounts of such charges.³

The notice actually suggests that the fact that "the summary of all Third Party Charges that Verizon will provide to [class members] for free" constitutes some sort of material benefit to the Class. See also Fee and Expense Motion (Docket #123, p.2 n.1). The suggestion that Verizon should be able to charge class members for this list of potentially fraudulent, deceptive and other Third Party Charges for which Verizon had no express authority from the class members to impose in the first place, where Verizon has the information and data which should already have been compiled as part of the class list, and when Verizon will receive a potential multi-billion dollar release if the settlement is finally approved, is outrageous.

For example, although the class has not been advised of it, the parties stipulated to an amended form of Final Order and Judgment after the Federal Trade Commission ("FTC") filed papers to enjoin the parties to the (... footnote continued next page)

Assuming arguendo the omitted Third Party Charge information has not already been compiled by Verizon in connection with the class list, the reasons are obvious: providing the information would create more work and costs for Verizon, and its inclusion in the notice can only serve to increase the claims rate. Such short-cuts cannot be justified in light of the potential multi-billion release from class members Verizon hopes to obtain. See also II(A), infra.

B. Inadequate Notice Regarding Total Potential Defendant Liability and Likely Benefits Actually Paid to Class Members under Proposed Claims Process

Nowhere do the settlement notice or the other linked documents on the settlement website advise class members of the total amount of Third Party Charges establishing the potential separate and joint and several liability of Verizon and the other defendants, or the total amount of damages that might be recoverable if the case if the case went to trial. By digging through the motion papers accessible on the PACER docket (something few class members are registered for or know how to do), Drozdov's counsel was able to locate representations in the Fee and Expense Motion (Docket #123, p.4, citing Jacobs Fee Declaration ¶4) that "[t]here were some \$670 million in third-party charges paid by class members during the relevant period." Class members obviously would find that information highly material — indeed, necessary to evaluate the fairness, reasonableness and adequacy of the settlement.

proposed settlement in this case from taking any actions which would interfere with the judgment the FTC previously obtained in a different case in connection with the fraudulent practices of one the Third Party "providers," Inc21.com, et al. — including interfering by releasing any of the claims because of the failure to file claims by class members in this action. See Docket ## 122-1, 122-2, 124. The FTC papers state that Verizon actually terminated the Third Party billing privileges. See Docket 122-1 at 2.

For whatever reason, the copy of the Settlement Agreement filed with the Court and made available for review on the settlement website (Docket #94-1) omits as an exhibit the proposed Final Judgment identified in the Agreement itself as Exhibit B (Settlement Agreement, p.5 ¶2) – which is highly unusual in the experience of Drozdov's counsel, and actually constitutes another inadequacy in the notice, as class members are not provided with the full Settlement Agreement or with ready access to the proposed final judgment to be entered against them in connection with the settlement if approved. See Settlement Agreement, pages 56-57 of 86. Nor has the settlement website been updated to provide access to the proposed amendments to the Final Order and Judgment.

But Verizon's exposure and the potential damages aren't limited to that astronomical figure. The notice and other linked website papers also fail to clearly advise class members that this Court, in its September 10, 2010 decision, sustained a substantial part of plaintiff's First Amended Complaint, including the RICO allegations - a holding Drozdov's counsel believes is entirely correct in light of the clear existence of a RICO enterprise for which Verizon is not only the hub but the essential participant without whom the Third Party Charges could never have been billed and collected in the massive volumes disclosed. See Moore v. Verizon Commc'ns Inc., 2010 WL 3619877 (N.D. Cal. Sept. 10, 2010). In light of this holding, Verizon's potential liability is joint and several, with damages potentially trebled - viz., as much as \$2 billion. See 18 U.S.C. § 1964(c) (treble damages); OKI Semiconductor Co. v. Wells Fargo Bank, N.A., 298 F.3d 768, 775 (9th Cir. 2002) (potential joint and several liability for § 1962(d) RICO conspiracy claim). The failure to clearly disclose this information to the class strongly suggests it was being hidden by the parties. The omission is further compounded by the fact that the notice and other linked website papers also fail to provide any meaningful discussion of the claims, issues and defenses in the case as required under Fed. R. Civ. P. 23(c)(2)(B)(iii), including the issues already decided by the Court's 2010 decision – a decision which no doubt was a material driver for Verizon to seek a negotiated resolution by settlement.

Additionally, nowhere do the notice and other linked website papers – or any other papers of which Drozdov's counsel is presently aware – disclose how much of the \$670 million was the profit cut Verizon took for its billing and collection of the Third Party Charges that could serve as a basis for Verizon's damages on a separate basis. A comparison between these profits and the amounts Verizon will be required to expend under the settlement would be highly

material to a class member in assessing the adequacy of the settlement. As plaintiffs allege in the Complaint:

- 4. Verizon is by no means an innocent conduit in the matter of third-party billing, merely billing on behalf of third parties and passing the collected money on to the third parties. Instead, Verizon is a full joint venturer with the third-party providers and the billing aggregators involved in this system, keeping for itself a substantial portion of the amounts billed and collected for these third-party services, running in the millions of dollars annually.
- 38. Verizon is compensated for its billing and collection services by retaining substantial portions of the amounts so billed and collected, typically based upon a percentage of the billing revenue. Verizon typically purchases the accounts receivable from the billing aggregators and other billers, bills and collects from its customers and then through a system of allowances and refunds, effectively remits to the billing aggregators and other billers the amount of the collected sums minus its cut.⁴

Finally, nowhere are class members advised of a projected or estimated claims rate, which is particularly important because the settlement as presently proposed does not create a separate settlement fund or any minimum payment to all class members by Verizon, only a possible payout of refunds based on the number of claims. However, the claims rates in consumer class actions involving refunds of small amounts of money can be notoriously low, and Verizon surely knows what claims rates it has experienced in other comparable consumer class action settlements which can serve as a guide post for what Verizon truly believes it will have to pay out in this case. As Judge Posner stated in another context, "only a lunatic or fanatic sues for \$30." Carnegie v. Household Finance Int'l, Inc., 376 F.3d 656, 661 (7th Cir. 2004).

The Senate Report on Cramming included as Exhibit 4 to the Preliminary Approval Motion (Docket #91-4, at 18 of 51) estimates that 300 million third party charges totaling \$2 billion or more are imposed industry-wide each year, thus resulting in an average charge of approximately \$6.67. Furthermore, the Senate Report includes representations from Verizon's Assistant General Counsel that Verizon "receives a flat fee of between \$1 and \$2 per charge." Id. Assuming an average charge of \$6.67, then the \$670 million of revenues represented by class counsel is comprised of approximately 100 million transactions billed by Verizon, resulting in Verizon revenues of between \$100 million and \$200 million – or between 15% and 30% of the total charges billed. In other words, Verizon is the single greatest profiteer from the wrongful conduct. This additional information is highly relevant to evaluating the adequacy of the settlement.

Unfortunately, much the same can be true in connection with claims in consumer class action settlements involving small amounts of refunds – particularly when class members aren't even told how much their own individual refund might be as part of the notice they are provided.⁵

As Judge Walker aptly stated in his unpublished order denying preliminary approval of a class action settlement for reasons including, *inter alia*, inadequate notice in *Martin v. FedEx Ground Package System Inc.*, No. 06-6883 (VRW), Slip Op. at 19 (N.D. Cal. Jul. 8, 2008) (Docket #62):

The proposed notice does not, however, explain the class claims adequately, as required by FRCP 23(c)(2)(B)(iii). As noted above, the notice does not describe the basis for counsel's estimate of class damages nor does it inform class members of the total damages that might be recoverable if the case went to trial. In addition, the notice fails to provide any estimate of how much a typical class member might receive under the settlement. The notice merely informs the plaintiffs that the maximum settlement value is \$8,125,000 and notes that this will be reduced by attorney fees and other costs, but it provides no other information that would allow class members to evaluate the quality of the proposed settlement.

The notice in the case is substantially more deficient than in *Martin*, for all of the reasons described at length herein.

11

In Emilio v. Sprint Spectrum L.P., supra, for which Weinstein was lead counsel, the class was alleged to involve millions of New York Sprint customers with charges relating to a single allegedly deceptive New York State-related surcharge estimated to exceed \$100 million. Sprint attempted to settle out the claims as part of the settlement of a nationwide class action which sought to extinguish claims involving a host of larger federal surcharges, in addition to the improperly included state surcharge at issue in Emilio. At oral argument in the Second Circuit, counsel for Sprint represented that Sprint had paid out claims to New York residents in connection with the nationwide settlement totaling only \$85,000.

Similarly, last week Judge Whyte issued an Order with respect to the settlement of the Apple IPhone 4 class action stating that from a class estimated at between 15 and 27 million members, only 44,000 claims were filed. See In re Apple IPhone 4 Prods. Liab. Litig., No. 5:10-md-02188-RMW, Slip Op. at 2 (N.D. Cal. Aug. 10, 2012).

II. The Proposed Relief Is Unfair, Unreasonable And Inadequate

- A. The Claims Procedure Is Unreasonably and Unfairly Burdensome to All Class Members, and Will Result in the Failure to Pay Settlement Benefits to a Substantial Number of Class Members Whose Entitlement to Payment Is Fully Confirmed by the Data and Information In Verizon's Possession
 - 1. The Requirement to Independently Request a Summary of Charges in Order to be Fully Compensated Is an Unnecessary and Unfair Impediment to Obtaining Full Compensation Under the Settlement

As noted in I(A), *supra*, the notice provided to class members in this case is inadequate because it fails to advise individual class members either of their total or their specific individual. Third Party Charges so they can meaningfully evaluate their potential total benefit from the settlement -- despite the fact that the information is readily available in Verizon's records if it is not already included in the class list Verizon prepared in connection with the dissemination of the settlement notice.

The claim mechanism unfairly and unreasonably compounds the inadequacy of the notice by requiring class members to independently request from Verizon a summary of Third Party Charges in order to determine whether they are entitled to claim a potential refund of more than \$40 dollars – *i.e.*, the full refund amount they are actually entitled to claim under the terms of the Settlement. Furthermore, even though the summary information in the possession of Verizon is now being provided by Verizon (but only to those who request it), the class member is still required to attach a copy of the summary with the paper or email claim submission – once the summary is actually received.⁶ It is clear that this hurdle is a needless and unfair impediment intended to reduce both the total number of claims filed and the number of claims filed for more than \$40: first, the class member is deprived of the necessary information to evaluate the

Drozdov made several requests for the summaries on July 23, 2012, but as of August 10, 2012 none had been received. He is now out of the country for a period extending beyond the August 17, 2012 deadline for objections.

potential claim, and then after requesting it the class member is required to give back what Verizon gave the class member.

Conversely, the failure to request the summary of charges will result in one of two outcomes: (i) undercompensation to class members with Third Party Charges exceeding \$40; and (ii) overcompensation to class members with Third Party Charges less than \$40. Indeed, even if a class member requests a summary of charges and discovers that the charges are less than \$40, the class member is still entitled to be overcompensated. Thus, class members with smaller claims are treated *better* than class members with larger claims because of the requirement for a summary request, which is unfair discrimination, particularly when providing the summary is touted by class counsel as being "free of charge." *See* Note 2, *supra*.

Finally, Drozdov's counsel is unable to discern from the settlement papers how class counsel arrived at the \$40 figure as the cutoff for requiring the summary of charges, but it appears to be both arbitrary and artificially low, and thus its basis should be disclosed to class members. Although the settlement notice and other linked documents on the settlement website fail to advise class members how many class members there actually are, Drozdov's counsel was able to locate representations in the Fee and Expense Motion (Docket #123, p. 4, citing Jacobs Fee Declaration ¶ 4) that the number is 7.7 million. Using this number and the \$670 million total Third Party Charges also disclosed in the fee motion means that the average claim per class member is \$87, substantially more than the \$40 apparently arbitrarily used in the settlement.⁷

In the notice, class counsel represent the following to the class:

It is not possible to tell how much each class member is entitled to receive under the Full Payment Claim option without getting the summary of all Third-Party Charges that Verizon will provide to you, for free, as described in the next paragraph, as part of this Settlement. Some class members may have a claim for less than \$40. Class counsel contends that some class members may have a claim for hundreds of dollars or more.

2. The Claims Process Is Unnecessary and Unfair For a Substantial Number of Class Members Whom Verizon Knows Did Not Authorize Their Third Party Charges and Did Not Receive Refunds

As with other class actions, to justify the claims process in this case, Verizon is trying to exploit what the Complaint (¶55) describes as "plausible deniability" – Verizon's "I know nothing"/"head in the sand" purported lack of any specific knowledge of wrongdoing to create an "ambiguity" providing it with purported justification for requiring a separate claim form from every member of the class. In addition to each class member's total and specific individual Third Party Charges, the information and computer data unquestionably possessed by Verizon and generated and analyzed and used by Verizon in connection with the original billing and collection of the Third Party Charges renders redundant and unnecessary the information Verizon is unfairly demanding in the claim form for a substantial number of class members:

- (i) Verizon knows or can determine from its available data and information and class counsel should know if they do not -- which of the Third Party "providers" Verizon terminated or suspended for improper practices, and thus knows that these charges for these "providers" were unauthorized. See also Note 3, supra. Thus, Verizon has no legitimate need for a statement to that effect on a claim form from a class member.
- (ii) Verizon knows or can determine from its available data and information and class counsel should know if they do not -- which services of which Third Party "providers" were entirely duplicative of the same services Verizon was already providing class members. For example, plaintiff Moore was already receiving long distance service from Verizon when Verizon billed her for purported Third Party "enhanced long distance" services (Complaint ¶ 71-73). Similarly, plaintiff Jones was already receiving voicemail services from Verizon when Verizon billed her for purported Third Party voicemail services. It is

These representations are misleading at best, if not false. It is inconceivable that class counsel does not and cannot know what the total and specific Third Party Charges are for each class member, because as noted throughout, that information is available in Verizon's customer databases, and is or should be included in the class list compiled by Verizon for the purpose of disseminating notice to the class. Furthermore, the implication that class counsel cannot be sure whether some class members have claims less than \$40 ("Some class members may have a claim for less than \$40") (emphasis added), or that the existence of class members with claims for hundreds of dollars or more is only a "contention" of class counsel, is either misleading or confirms the existence of a serious problem in connection with what class counsel did in connection with their confirmatory discovery to independently determine the fairness and adequacy of the settlement.

inconceivable that a class member would knowingly and intentionally authorize payments for completely unnecessary and redundant services from a different provider (Complaint ¶¶ 71-73).

- (iii) Verizon knows or can determine from its available data and information and class counsel should know if they do not -- which customers complained and which Third Party "providers" they complained about, as well as the ratio of those complaints to the total customers being billed for each "Third Party "provider" to statistically analyze the total fraudulent and misleading charges for each such "provider." Thus, Verizon has no legitimate need for a statement regarding authorization of the charges from such affected class members.
- (iv) Verizon knows from its available data and information and class counsel should know if they do not -- which class members who were billed these indisputably bogus Third Party Charges received refunds of credits to their bills during the class period, and Verizon knows from the related data why the credits were issued. At a minimum, Verizon cannot rely on the possibility of a Verizon refund credit for those class members who never received one. So the information requested in the claim forms is also redundant for these class members.
- (v) Verizon either knows from its available data and information or could know with the appropriate inquiry as could and should class counsel which Third Party "providers" were the subject of class actions involving refunds or may have otherwise issued refunds to any class members. The issuance of such refunds by the Third Party "providers" were no doubt integrated into the calculations Verizon used to determine the allowances and refunds it paid to the aggregators and Third Party "providers" as described in ¶38 of the Complaint. Furthermore, Verizon itself is required to obtain that information in connection with any challenge to a claim it may lodge under the challenge procedures included at pages 10-11 of the Settlement Agreement. Thus, the purpose of the claim form is solely to substantially limit the extent of its obligation to determine the propricty of the claims submitted.

If this case had been settled during or after class certification, all of this electronic discovery data and information would have been required to be produced for analysis of precisely these types of criteria relevant to the propriety of certification -- assuming class counsel was in a position to actually use and analyze it after requesting it. And if the proposed settlement is not approved, the information will have to be developed anyway in connection with subsequent class certification proceedings. Thus, if the data and information have not already

been collected, then neither Verizon nor class counsel could object to being required to compile it in order to facilitate the claims process and assure the widest distribution of promised settlement benefits to class members. The same is true with respect to the data regarding the total and specific individual Third Party Charges that should have been included in the notice.

Verizon and other consumer class action defendants are trying to rely on an unnecessarily burdensome and unfair 20th Century claim method to deal with a 21st Century settlement. The claims process as designed and agreed to in the proposed settlement uses a blunderbuss approach rather than an approach that differentiates among different "classes" of customers with distinctly different data characteristics who are entitled to have their benefits distributed under methods tailored to their objectively determinable circumstances.

Even assuming arguendo Verizon should be entitled to rely on the ambiguity created by its "plausible deniability" and therefore insist on the use the claim form to avoid having to compensate a large percentage of the class members, the settlement can and should narrow its reach. The existence and availability of the necessary data can make this and other class action settlements what they can now be but often are not – vehicles to maximize the distribution of material benefits to as large a percentage of the members of the class as is reasonably practicable.

B. The Settlement Relief Is Inadequate Because It Fails To Require Verizon To Disgorge Any Material Minimum Amount Or Percentage Of The Millions Of Dollars Of Profit It Obtained In Connection With Its Role As The Facilitator Of The Wrongdoing

As stated in I(B), *supra*, nowhere do the notice and other linked website papers – or any other papers of which Drozdov's counsel is presently aware – disclose how much of the \$670 million was the profit cut Verizon took for its billing and collection of the Third Party Charges which might serve as a basis for Verizon's damages on an individual basis – although Drozdov's

counsel estimates those profits at between \$100 million and \$200 million. See Note 4, supra. In any event, there can be no serious dispute that Verizon profited by many millions of dollars in fees as its share of the estimated \$670 million total Third Party charges it billed and/or collected -- regardless of whether or not the related services were legitimate or bogus or authorized or used. Verizon indisputably is the hub and facilitator of the enterprise which could not have existed or wrongfully profited without its essential participation.

Yet under the settlement Verizon will get a release worth as much as \$2 billion to it for the costs of notice and administration of the proposed settlement, the *de minimis* amount of claims filed, and the attorneys' fees and expenses ultimately approved by the Court. In light of the frequently abysmal claim rates in these consumer settlements, including in the *Sprint* and *Apple IPhone 4* cases described in Note 5, *supra*, it is extremely possible that Verizon will end up having to come out of pocket less than \$20 million dollars – less than 3% of the \$670 million Third Party Charges quantified by class counsel in their fee papers, and only 1% of its possible RICO treble liability of in excess of \$2 billion. There is no legitimate justification for allowing Verizon to receive a release valued at between 38 and 100 times its settlement related out-of-pocket expenditures.

The only possible justification for discounts of this magnitude are litigation risks that make it overwhelmingly unlikely plaintiffs ultimately will succeed on the merits. As already noted in I(A), *supra*, the Court's 2010 decision sustaining the majority of the First Amended Complaint (including the RICO claims providing for treble damages and joint and several liability) was a substantial hurdle in plaintiffs' prosecution of the case, and no doubt was a material driver for Verizon to settle -- although the notice contains inadequate information about the decision and the claims, issues and defenses in the litigation required by Fed. R. Civ. P.

23(c)(2)(B)(iii). For the record, the facts alleged obviously support the existence of a RICO enterprise with Verizon as the hub and essential facilitator of the enterprise's wrongdoing, particularly in light of its huge share of the total revenues collected.

That leaves the risk of class certification. Class certification concededly always presents some risk in class actions, though some cases are more readily certifiable than others. Many class certification issues can be fixed by more narrowly defining the class, or through the use of appropriate subclasses. In plaintiffs' papers in support of the settlement, there is a cursory discussion of the risks of class certification, with several representations, without substantial citation to authority, to the effect that "the industry (telephone companies, aggregators and third-party providers) . . . almost always defeats class certification." *E.g.*, Jacobs Decl. in Support of Preliminary Approval, ¶3. But this description is lacking in the candor necessary to prevent it from being overstatement.

As an initial matter, this case seems to be a strong vehicle for injunctive relief under Fed. R. Civ. P. 23(b). The injunction clearly would benefit not only present class members but all future customers of Verizon, and thus presents an issue of the propriety of injunctive relief that stands on its own. There is no discussion that Drozdov's counsel is aware of regarding the propriety of Rule 23(b) certification in plaintiffs' papers in support of the settlement.

Furthermore, regarding the existence of favorable authority under Rule 23(b)(3), when Drozdov's counsel performed a basic internet search of legal documents on Google Scholar (scholar.google.com) using the search terms "cramming and 'class certification," the *first* decision identified was the decision of the U.S. Court of Appeals for the Sixth Circuit in *Beattie* v. CenturyTel, Inc., 511 F.3d 554 (6th Cir. 2007), in which the Sixth Circuit affirmed the certification of a "cramming" class under certain federal communications statutes. More

importantly, the Sixth Circuit rejected essentially the same argument by defendants there as here – that individual issue regarding whether individuals authorized the charges predominate. Rather, the Sixth Circuit held that the issue of the defendant's liability to "the class as a whole" was the issue that predominated, and not the issue of individual damages to individual class members. *Id.* at 564-66. Again, this was the first case located from an elemental Google search. And the seventh case listed in the search *also* upheld class certification in another cramming case. *Stammco, LLC V. United Tel. Of Ohio*, 2011 Ohio 6503 (Ct. App. 6th Dist. 2011), *appeal granted*, 132 Ohio St. 3d 1425 (June 20, 2012).

The issue in this case, the liability of Verizon and the other defendants in the RICO enterprise "to the class as a whole" would readily be subject to determination through the same use of discovery, including data analyses, statistical sampling and expert testimony, as any antitrust or securities fraud class action, which are litigated without any specific facts as to any individual class members, whose entitlement to damages are highly fact specific. Except that here, it would be even stronger, because Verizon has all of the necessary facts regarding the Third Party Charges on its own database.

Indeed, the very exhibits cited to and filed with plaintiffs' motion for preliminary approval – none of which were made available on the settlement website -- confirm that statistical sampling could be effectively and reliably used to measure Verizon's liability to the class as a whole: Exhibit 5, the FCC website graphic regarding "cramming" (Docket # 91-5), includes the following sobering statistic developed by the FCC based on statistics developed during its own investigation (and prominently cited in the Preliminary Approval Motion, at p. 3): "In two Commission investigations of cramming, involving approximately 36,000 consumers billed for a product on their telephone bills, only 0.1% of the consumers had actually used the

product." Furthermore, and more importantly, the statement on the same page of the Preliminary Approval Motion taken from the same Exhibit 5 FCC website graphic -- that "[o]nly 1 out of 20 victims of cramming is aware of the crammed charges" -- is based on the expert statistical study and analysis of Howard Marylander prepared on behalf of the FTC in another cramming action in the Northern District of California involving Inc21.com, the same defendant that was the subject of the FTC's motion for judicial notice recently filed in this action. See FTC v. Inc21.com, No. 3:10-cv-00022-WHA (N.D. Cal.), Docket #123-37 (Marylander statistical analysis expert report); see also Docket ##122, 122-1 and 124 in this case (FTC motion and resulting stipulation amending form of proposed Final Order and Judgment).

According to the declaration of the settlement mediator, Judge Weinstein (Docket #91-2, at ¶12), this case presents an "all or nothing" scenario. Yet under the settlement, the class gets relatively nothing in relation to Verizon's total potential liability to the class as a whole, and Verizon gets it all. Or more precisely, the class gets an estimated 1-3%, as opposed to Verizon, who gets from 97-99% of its best possible result at trial – despite the fact that it too is subject to enormous risks of continued litigation. Yet here, the same types of statistical analysis utilized by the FTC and FCC could be used for many, or most of the Third Party "providers," including but not limited to the ones that Verizon already terminated or suspended for improper practices. And if necessary, subclasses could be used as to the specific "providers" to ensure that those people receive the refunds they indisputably are entitled to.

Thus, unless Verizon is required to disgorge a material percentage of the hundreds of millions of dollars of profit it obtained in connection with its role as the principal facilitator of the wrongful Third Party practices for distribution "to the class as a whole," the settlement should not be approved as fair, reasonable and adequate. The settlement should require the

creation of a genuine settlement fund from the profits obtained by Verizon for its billing and collection functions facilitating the fraudulent enterprise regardless of whether or not individuals authorized the charges, which would then be available for broad distribution to the members of the class regardless of whether they authorized the services.⁸

C. The Injunctive Relief Is Inadequate Because It Does Not Require Contemporaneous Contact By Verizon With Its Customers Regarding Third Party Charges, And Is Too Short

The injunctive relief provided under the settlement does provides some relief for the benefit of the class and all Verizon customers going forward, and class counsel deserve to be compensated for it. Nevertheless, the injunctive relief is materially inadequate because it excludes Verizon from the process of advising customers about newly-implemented Third Party Charges before they are actually billed, even though Verizon is the party best situated to efficiently and effectively ensure that class members have the earliest opportunity possible to stop improper and unauthorized charges.

Verizon profits from the first billed and collected Third Party Charge, so it has every incentive to slow down the process by which customers learn of the charges – particularly when it is likely that only a small percentage will notice them in the bill anyway. Furthermore, Verizon is the *only* party who actually knows about every charge from every aggregator and Third Party 'provider." Yet under the proposed settlement, it is the web of Aggregators who are responsible for providing the contemporaneous confirmation notice of the new Third Party Charges – *although no maximum number of days for providing that notice is specified in the*

There is no evidence that Drozdov is aware of that the Verizon customers being billed for Third Party Charges were ever advised that the actual costs of those goods or services were actually substantially less than the billed amount, and that Verizon and the Aggregators were actually taking large cuts before remitting the balance to the Third Party "providers" – this balance is really the actual amount paid for whatever was purportedly being provided.

Settlement Agreement. See Settlement Agreement, Section II(7), p. 16. Similarly, it is the Aggregators rather than Verizon who are responsible for notifying those customers "who have been billed by the Third-Party Service Provider in the most recent month prior to termination" about the termination of the Third Party "provider." See Settlement Agreement, Section II(8), pp. 16-17.

In fact, Verizon already has in place the total system necessary to easily and contemporaneously notify customers of any change in service, including newly-added and terminated Third Party Charges. Attached as Exhibit B hereto is a copy of the electronic notice Weinstein recently received on August 6, 2012 about a minor change in service on August 4, 2012 to one of his personal wireless telephone lines. Attached as Exhibit C hereto is a copy of an October 19, 2011 mailed notice from Verizon to Weinstein regarding an October 19, 2011 change in service to his office "landline." These notices are computer generated and are intended to be sent and received as soon as possible immediately after and contemporaneous with the change in service and its related charges.

A notice from Verizon in a Verizon "envelope" and on Verizon letterhead will be delivered more quickly, and is much more likely to be read, than a letter from an Aggregator. Indeed, most customers probably have no idea who or what the Aggregator is, and not seeing a Verizon envelop and letterhead will make it substantially more likely the notice is not read at all – even if it does reference Verizon on the envelope.

The injunctive relief is also objectionable because it releases Verizon from its obligations under the agreement only two years after the Effective Date of the settlement, regardless of whether the implementation of the relief has been proven to be effective or ineffective. Simply stated, what happens after two years? Is Verizon free to resume its normal practices which were

the essential facilitation of the wrongdoing? Under the agreement, the injunctive relief stops before it really gets going. In the absence of some major justification, the relief should last at least three years, and then be subject to a determination that it has effectively reduced the massive problems engendered by Verizon's Third Party Charge practices.⁹

The injunctive relief cannot be considered adequate when it intentionally adopts a mechanism which is certain to be less effective than the mechanism already in place at Verizon for dealing with the exact same type of changes in service and related charges. Nor can it be considered adequate when it expires before it barely gets started, and without any monitoring mechanism on behalf of Verizon's customers.

III. The Attorneys' Fee Request Cannot Be Decided Without Sufficient Additional Information

Drozdov's counsel litigate class actions, and always want to earn the largest fee, including a multiplier when appropriate, that is fair in light of the amount of time reasonably expended and the results achieved. And Drozdov's counsel believe that class counsel in all cases successfully resolved are entitled to the same.

Unfortunately, the papers filed in the action to date provide insufficient information and detail for Drozdov to definitively determine whether the amount applied for is fair and reasonable. Although none of the fee approval papers are specifically linked for access on the settlement website, a review of the filed papers shows the description of work to be too cursory to confirm that the \$3.55 million of time incurred as described in the fee motion (Docket #123, at 10). Furthermore, the general information lacks sufficient detail for the Court to perform the

To the best of Drozdov's knowledge, the Settlement Agreement does not provide for any responsibility by class counsel to monitor or review or be provided with information regarding the effectiveness of the injunctive relief, or a mechanism for class counsel to petition the court if the relief is not being complied with.

analysis it must to decide the application. See In re Bluetooth Headset Prods. Liab. Litig., 654 F.3d 935, 943-45 (9th Cir. 2011).

For the record, the complaints filed by plaintiffs in the action are extremely well-researched and obviously the product of substantial legal and factual investigation, and set out the allegations in an extremely persuasive fashion – the Court's September 10, 2010 decision sustaining the most important claims confirms its high quality. Furthermore, though not adequate for the reasons set out in II(C), *supra*, the injunctive relief provides what seems to be a good framework for the actions necessary for the Third Party Charge industry to self-regulate – but only so long as the victims of its improprieties are given the best opportunity at the earliest possible time to contribute to the reduction of the problem. And there is no doubt that class counsel will have to expend substantial additional time in connection with the administration of the settlement if approved, however it finally is structured.

Nevertheless, and without the benefit of the detailed time records, \$3.55 million seems pretty high for a case involving the preparation of the excellent complaint, successful opposition to the motion to dismiss, discovery involving 150,000 pages of documents (really not a lot, relatively speaking) and miscellaneous data compilations and analyses prepared by Verizon, the mediation and related briefing and preparation, and the presumably extensive negotiations and drafting of the settlement papers. But no definitive conclusion can be reached by Drozdov or the Court without more.

Additionally, the benefits of the settlement do not include a settlement fund or minimum distribution amount for the class as a whole. Thus, the benefits cannot be quantified until all claims are received and preliminarily administered after the prescribed claim filing deadline – which deadline occurs after the currently scheduled date for the Final Approval Hearing.

IV. If The Court Credits Drozdov's Objections And Denies Final Approval, Then Drozdov's Counsel Requests That They Be Appointed By The Court To Participate In The Implementation Of The Changes Necessary To Render The Settlement Fair, Adequate And Reasonable

As noted, *supra*, Drozdov's counsel have substantial experience in complex database techniques necessary to locate, compile, organize and analyze the available data in the context of the terms of the specific settlement, including the creation of a proper class list with the necessary information to ensure that the class benefits are distributed as widely as possible to the class. Thus, if the Court credits Drozdov's objections regarding these issues, Drozdov's counsel respectfully requests that they be appointed by the Court to participate in the implementation of the changes necessary to make the settlement fair, reasonable and adequate.

V. In Any Event, The Court Should Withhold Approval Of The Settlement And Fee Application Until The Benefits Actually Provided To The Class Can Be Quantified

The issue of the amount of settlement benefits actually provided to the class, and its impact on the fairness and adequacy of the settlement and the reasonableness of the attorneys' fees applied for, is discussed extensively throughout Drozdov's objections. Drozdov respectfully submits that those issues cannot be properly decided until those settlement benefits can be accurately quantified.

CONCLUSION

The Court should deny approval of the settlement as proposed for the reasons stated herein, or alternatively withhold its decision on the settlement and the attorneys' fees until the necessary information, including the benefits distributed to the class and the reasonable lodestar, can be accurately quantified.

Dated: August 16, 2012

Respectfully submitted,

William R. Weinstein

LAW OFFICES OF WILLIAM R. WEINSTEIN

199 Main Street, 4th Fl. White Plains, NY 10601

914.997.2205

ATTORNEY FOR OBJECTOR MARK DROZDOV 271 Glendale Road Scarsdale, NY 10583

Cell: 917.417.5103

OF COUNSEL:

MICHAEL LEVINE, ESQ. 54 Walworth Avenue Scarsdale, NY 10583 914.725.7716

Exhibit A

From: mdrozdov@aol.com
To: wrw@wweinsteinlaw.com

Subject: Fwd: Class Action Settlement Notice Ordered By Federal Court in Moore et al. v. Verizon et al., Case No. 09-cv-

1823 SBA

Date: Monday, July 23, 2012 8:57:51 PM

----Original Message----

From: Verizon Services <verizon-services@verizon.com>

To: mdrozdov <mdrozdov@aol.com> Sent: Tue, Jun 26, 2012 8:25 pm

Subject: Class Action Settlement Notice Ordered By Federal Court in Moore et al.,

Case No. 09-cv-1823 SBA

Can't view this email property? Click here for the online version



CLASS ACTION SETTLEMENT NOTICE

A federal court authorized this Notice. Read this Notice carefully. Your legal rights may be affected.

THIS IS <u>NOT</u> A SOLICITATION. THIS IS <u>NOT</u> A NOTICE THAT YOU HAVE BEEN SUED. THIS IS TO NOTIFY YOU THAT YOU MAY BE ENTITLED TO BENEFITS.

United States District Court for the Northern District of California

Moore et al. v. Verizon et al., Class Action Case No. 09-cv-1823 SBA

(Para ver este aviso en español, se puede visitar www.verizonthirdpartvbillingsettlement.com/espanol.)

You Received This Notice Because Verizon's Records
Indicate You Were Billed For Third-Party Charges
Between April 27, 2005 And February 28, 2012 And May
Be Entitled To A Payment From this Class Action
Settlement.

A Settlement has been preliminarily approved by the Court in a class action lawsuit against Verizon alleging that it billed landline phone customers for unauthorized charges from third-party companies (a practice known as "cramming"), in violation of federal and state law. Verizon denies any wrongdoing. The Court has not decided in favor of either the plaintiffs or defendants. Instead, both sides have agreed to settle the lawsuit in order to avoid the cost, delay, and uncertainty of litigation. The Settlement calls for payments to Class Members who file approved claims and injunctive relief designed to prevent future cramming.

You have the right as a member of the Settlement Class to file a claim for (1) a Flat Payment Claim for \$40, or (2) a Full Payment Claim for the full amount (i.e., 100%) of all unauthorized Third-Party Charges you paid between April 27, 2005 and February 28, 2012. To receive a

settlement payment, you <u>must</u> submit a Claim Form by **November 15**, **2012**.

You have been sent this Notice because Verizon's records indicate that you have received Third-Party Charges on your Verizon bill during the class period and are therefore a class member and may be entitled to submit a claim for payments. To file your Claim on line, or to obtain a Claim Form, Click here.

How much will your payment be? That depends on whether you make a Flat Payment Claim or a Full Payment Claim. If you make a Flat Payment Claim that is approved, you will receive \$40. If you make a Full Payment Claim that is approved, you will receive the full amount (i.e., 100%) of all unauthorized Third-Party Charges you paid between April 27, 2005 and February 28, 2012 (the "Class Period"). It is not possible to tell how much each class member is entitled to receive under the Full Payment Claim option without getting the summary of all Third-Party Charges that Verizon will provide to you, for free, as described in the next paragraph, as part of this Settlement. Some class members may have a claim for less than \$40. Class counsel contends that some class members may have a claim for hundreds of dollars or more. To obtain payment, you must submit a Claim Form, which is available here or from the Settlement Administrator at www.verizonthirdpartybillingsettlement.com, 1-877-772-6219, or questions@verizonthirdpartybillingsettlement.com.

You can get a summary of all your Third-Party Charges. You may have been billed for Third-Party Charges over a period of months without having noticed it. To help identify unauthorized Third-Party Charges for which you were billed during the Class Period and decide whether to submit a Flat or Full Payment Claim, you can request a summary of all Third-Party Charges for which you were billed, for free. You may then use the summary of all Third-Party Charges to submit a Full Payment Claim on line, by e-mail or by mail.

To request a free summary of all of the Third-Party Charges that you were billed <u>Click here</u> or call 1-877-772-6219.

What are "unauthorized Third-Party Charges?" "Third-Party Charges" are charges for products or services provided by third-party companies (i.e., not Verizon) and are billed to your Verizon telephone bill, excluding certain charges identified in the class definition below. Examples of the types of products and services are: voicemail, email, fax, web page services (design, hosting or marketing), yellow page services, diet plans, identity protection and others. "Unauthorized Third-Party Charges" are Third-Party Charges you did not knowingly authorize.

You can block Third-Party Charges from being included on your phone bill. Verizon will, for free, place a "block" on your phone number so that certain Third-Party Charges will not be allowed to be billed to you in the future. To request the "block" on your phone number, call Verizon customer service toll free 1-800-VERIZON. If you later wish to remove the "block," you may do so, for free, by contacting Verizon at

the same number.

Who is in the Settlement Class? The Court certified a class for settlement purposes only consisting of: All current and former Verizon landline customers billed for Third-Party Charges submitted to Verizon by Billing Concepts Inc. a/k/a Billing Services Group Clearing Solutions or BSG d/b/a USBI and ZPDI, ACI Billing Services Inc. d/b/a OAN, Enhanced Services Billing, Inc. d/b/a ESBI, and HBS Billing Services Company (collectively, "Billing Concepts Inc."), The Billing Resource d/b/a Integretel, The Billing Resource LLC (collectively, "The Billing Resource"), ILD Teleservices, Inc. ("ILD"), Transaction Clearing, LLC ("Transaction Clearing") and PaymentOne Corp., d/b/a PaymentOne or Ebillit ("Payment One") from April 27, 2005 to February 28, 2012 (the "Settlement Class"). Excluded from the class are: (i) customers billed for only the following charges: (a) message telephone services ("MTS") usage charges; (b) charges that relate to a change in the customer's primary interexchange carrier ("PIC"); (c) charges billed by local telephone companies purchased from Verizon by Frontier Communications Corporation, FairPoint Communications, Inc., and Hawaiian Telcom; (ii) any judicial officer to whom the Action is assigned; and (iii) the U.S. government or any State government or instrumentality thereof. You received this email notice because Verizon's records indicate that you are a customer who was billed for such Third-Party Charges and are thus a member of the Settlement Class.

Do you have a lawyer representing you in this lawsuit? The Court appointed lawyers from four law firms to act as Class Counsel for the Settlement Class, whose information is at

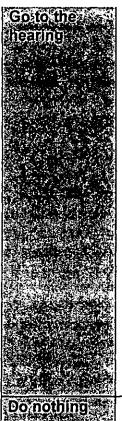
www.verizonthirdpartybillingsettlement.com. Class Counsel will ask the Court to approve payment of \$7,500,000 for attorneys' fees and expenses for their efforts in achieving this Settlement and for their risk in undertaking their representation on a contingency basis and payment of \$5,000 each to Desiree Moore and Karen Jones, for their services as Class Representatives. The Settlement Class will not be required to pay any portion of the fees and expenses and incentive awards awarded by the Court, which will be paid by Verizon. Payment of these items will not reduce the benefits available to the Settlement Class. You may hire your own attorney at your own cost if you wish, who may enter an appearance on your behalf.

The Court has preliminarily approved the Settlement. The Courtappointed Class Representatives, Desiree Moore and Karen Jones, and Court-appointed Class Counsel believe that the Settlement is in the best interests of the Settlement Class. The Settlement does not constitute an admission of any wrongdoing by Verizon. IF YOU ARE A CLASS MEMBER, THE PROPOSED SETTLEMENT WILL AFFECT YOUR LEGAL RIGHTS AND OBLIGATIONS. This Notice is only a summary. For complete information, including deadlines by which you must act, you should read the full notice or the Settlement Agreement, available at

www.verizonthirdpartybillingsettlement.com. े जार विक्ता निर्माह नाम निर्माणका में मिह उनेपालियों Submitas This is the only way to get a payment. You have the Gam Form? right as a member of the Settlement Class to apply for (1) Flat Payment Claim for \$40 or (2) a Full Payment Claim for the full amount (i.e., 100%) of all unauthorized Third-Party Charges you paid between April 27, 2005 and February 28, 2012. To receive a settlement payment, you must submit a Claim Form by November 15, 2012. To submit your Claim Form on line Click here. Get no payment, but do not give up your right to sue xclude Defendants or related entities. To exclude yourself, ourself. you must mail a signed, written request to be excluded from Moore v. Verizon, with your name. address, and phone number, to the Settlement Administrator postmarked by August 17, 2012. Requests to be excluded from the Settlement should be mailed to Moore v. Verizon Settlement Administrator, PO Box 4655, Portland, OR 97208-4655. Unless you exclude yourself, you will be in the Settlement Class, and if the Settlement is approved. will be bound by it, and release claims against Released Persons, as defined in the Settlement Agreement. If you do not exclude yourself, you or your lawyer have the right to object to or comment on the Settlement, Class Counsel's request for attorneys' fees and expenses and/or incentive awards, by mailing objections, in writing, to: Class Counsel. John G. Jacobs at 122 S. Michigan Ave., Suite 1850, Chicago, IL 60603, and Verizon's Counsel at Henry A. Weissmann, 355 S. Grand, Ave., 35 Fl., Los Angeles, CA 90071-1560 and filing the same with the Clerk of the Court at 1301 Clay Street, St. 400 S., Oakland, CA 94612 by August 17, 2012. Objections must include the objector's name, address, phone number, a detailed statement of the

objection, all factual and legal support for it, evidence supporting it, including evidence of the objector's membership in the Settlement Class and the caption and case number appearing on the Settlement Class Notice. No one will be permitted to appear at the final approval hearing to present an objection unless that person has complied with the requirements set forth for filing a timely written

objection.



If you would like, you may ask to speak in Court about the Settlement. You do not need to attend the hearing unless you wish to object in person, which is required to preserve your right to appeal the Settlement or award of attorneys' fees. The Court will hold a Final Approval Hearing on September 25. 2012 at 1:00 p.m. at the U.S. District Court, Northern District California, 1301 Clay Street, Oakland, CA 94612, Courtroom 1 to decide whether the Settlement should be approved as fair, reasonable and adequate and in the best interests of the Class and whether to approve Class Counsel's request for attorneys' fees and expenses and class representative incentive awards. The Court will be available to hear objections and arguments about the Settlement. The hearing may be changed to a different date or time without notice. No one will be permitted to appear at the final approval hearing to present an objection unless that person has complied with the requirements set forth for filing a timely written objection.

Get no payment and give up your right to sue Defendants and other released entities regarding the issues in this case.

This is only a summary of the Settlement. For a full description of the Settlement, your rights under it, the deadlines by which you must act, and copies of relevant documents, go to www.verizonthirdpartybillingsettlement.com. Questions or to obtain a Claim Form: Visit www.verizonthirdpartybillingsettlement.com, call 1-877-772-6219 toll free or send an email to questions@verizonthirdpartvbillingsettlement.com.

No virus found in this message. Checked by AVG - www.avg.com

Version: 2012.0.2177 / Virus Database: 2437/5149 - Release Date: 07/23/12

Exhibit B

Bill Weinstein

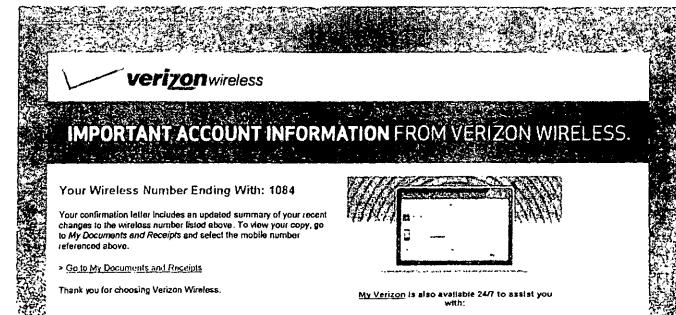
AccountNotify@verizonwireless.com [eAccountNotify@verizonwireless.com] From:

Monday, August 06, 2012 9:38 AM Sent:

To: wrweinstein@optonline.net

Subject: Account Change Notification Available in My Verizon

Attachments: _Certification_.htm



- Viewing your usage
- Updating your plan
 Adding Account Members
- Paying your bill
- Finding accessores for your devices And much, much more

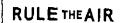
AMERICA'S LARGEST AND MOST RELIABLE HIGH SPEED WIRELESS NETWORK.

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viole. Moreover (One Venzion Way (Mail Code, 163N/V6 (Balling) hidron hij 67-97 The respect just preside. Presentation on privacy policy to have a humanism

ং provide but the intended recipient and feet pair book received this inclusive men and shall repeat for mappage your quatories not teation preferences, ip cash degligage.

PO Box 4003 Accords, CA 30101



WILLIAM WEINSTEIN 3 CLAREMONT RD SCARSDALE, NY 10583-1103

SERVICE SUMMARY FOR LINE 914-523-1084 AS OF 08/04/12

You recently updated your service on line 914-523-1084. For a summary of your service read on.

August 7, 2012

Dear William Weinstein,

Contract End Date; 03/22/14 Early Termination Fee: Up To \$350

QUESTIONS? We're twice to help

Thank you for being a Verizon Wireless customer. This letter confirms that the service update you requested on line 914-523-1084 went into effect on August 4, 2012. See a snapshot of your service below.

Sincerely, Verizon Wireless

	TALE	1527	
	SHARED	SHARED	
Allowance	700 Mins.	Unlimited	
Monthly Access - This Line	\$9.99	Included	
Overage Rate	\$0,45/Min.	NIA	
included Feature(s) for this line: *U	ntimited Nights And	Weekend Share *Unlimited National M2m	
CURRENT FEATURES	Price	CURRENT FEATURES	Price
National Access Roaming	\$0.00	Email & Web Unlimited \$29.99	\$29.99
account #: 0282257500-00001 A		lption : Nationwide Talk & Text Shareplan SERVICES	
	TALK	TEXT	
Allowance	700 Mins.	Unlimited	
Monthly Access - Account	\$80.00 \$0.45/Min.	Included N/A	
Overage Rate Total Monthly Line Access Charge	\$39.96	Included	
Total Lines Enrolled	4	. 4	
Nights: 9:01pm - 5:59am, Monday -	Edday		
Weekends: 12:00am Saturday - 11:59pn			
	al, recurring monthly fee	s for non-shared services. Taxes & Surcharges appl	y, see details following this service
• •	•		
rease note: Individual lines may have additions	on: change from time to it to change from time arge on interstate & i	e to time) 99¢ per line International	

Case4:09-cv-01823-SBA Document170-7 Filed06/11/13 Page138 of 208

DED FEATURES NO			
411 Search	Connect to a five operator and get automatic call completion for only \$1.99 per call, plus airtime. Up to numbers can be provided per call.		
Calling Featheres	Enjoy Basic Voice Mail with Message Waiting Indicator, Caller ID, Call Waiting, 3-Way Calling, C. Forwarding and No Answer/Busy Transfer.		
	Data sent or received using Mobile Web (including advertising), Get II Now, and other data applications will be billed \$1.99 per megabyle.		
Data Bent or Received ³	For information about how and when data charges are incurred and how to manage your data usage, click on the "Understanding Your Data Charges" link located in your Account Document section at www.vertzonwireless.com/messagecenter.		
International Reaming/Calting ²	Visit verizonwineless.com/international for applicable long distance and reaming rates, and for places can call direct and use your phone.		
International Text Museging	From US to international destinations: \$0.20 per message received and \$0.25 per message sent. White traveling internationally: \$0.05 per message received and \$0.50 per recipient per message sent.		
Mobile Web 2.0	Get the latest news, sports and weather tracking.		
Unimited Messaging ⁴	Send and receive Text, Picture & Video Massagos to anyone on any network in the US.		
Unstribud National Mobile to Mobile (MZM) Calling Minutes	To call other Vertzon Wireless customers from within the U.S.		
Unimited Highs & Weekend Minutes	Night hours: (Mon-Fri) 9:01 p.m 5:59 a.m. Weekend hours: (Sat-Sun) 12:00 a.m 11:59 p.m.		
Date usage for smartphone users w Informational Disting (I-Dist) may be Applies when sending and receiving Messages with customers of wirelet	n outside the Nationwide Rate and Coverage Area. If the billiod at \$0.015 per KB (\$15.36 per MB) unless you add a data block or data feature. If the billiod at \$0.015 per KB (\$15.36 per MB) unless you add a data block or data feature. If our messages in the United States. (ii) Text Messages sent via email; (iii) Instanti Messages; (iv) Text ses camers on participating networks in Canada, Mexico and Puerto Rico. Premium Messaging programs not and within the National Enhanced Services Rate and Coverage Area and is not available throughout the income.		

For a map of your wireless coverage, visit vertzonwireless.com/coveragelocator and enter a street address.

11340

Verizon Waveless is not responsible for any information, content or services you access, download or use from the internet. You may access and monitor your date usage by accessing My Verizon online or by contacting Customer Service.

Verizon Wireless calling plans, rate and coverage areas, rates, agreement provisions, business practices, procedures and policies are subject to change as specified in the Customer Agreement. 11360

Exhibit C



Verizon P.O. Box 33079 St. Petersburg, FL 33733-8079

NO CORRESPONDENCE ACCEPTED AT THIS ADDRESS

October 19, 2011

Enjoy your new service.

Here's what you'll need to know.

>03047 7181843 001 008018 03 William R Weinstein Esq 199 Main St Fl 4 White Plains NY 10601

Ref#: 9149972205

Dear William R Weinstein Esq:

Thank you for ordering the following service(s) from Verizon. The package features and calling services that you added, as shown below, became available on 10/19/11.

Telephone Number: 914 997-2205

Solutions Bundle Main Line - 2 year

- Voice Line
- Calling Features
- Caller ID and Voice Messaging
- Unlimited Nationwide Calling

Three-Way Calling Caller ID Call Forwarding Business Call Answering

To receive the most benefit from your service(s), please read the enclosed instructions.

We look forward to assisting you in the future with your choice of many Verizon products and services to further enhance your services while growing your business.

For additional information, see our website at www.verizon.com.

Sincerely,

1111-0107---

Verizon's Business Voice Services and Usage Team



CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

WILLIAM R. WEINSTEIN, an attorney admitted to and in good standing with the bar of the State of New York and the United States Court of Appeals for the Ninth Circuit, among others, hereby certifies under penalties of perjury that, on August 16, 2012, he caused the foregoing Objections of Mark Drozdov to Proposed Class Action Settlement and Exhibits to be served by Priority Mail on the following recipients prescribed in the Frequently Asked Questions on the website relating to the Settlement of the action:

John G. Jacobs 122 S. Michigan Ave., Suite 1850 Chicago, IL 60603 Counsel for Plaintiffs Henry A. Weissmann 355 S. Grand, Ave., 35th Fl. Los Angeles, CA. 90071-1560 Counsel for Verizon

Moore v. Verizon Settlement Administrator PO Box 4655 Portland, OR 97208-4655

Dated: August 16, 2012

WILLIAM R. WEINSTEIN

EXHIBIT G-18

Richard Price 688 Fourth Ave, Troy, NY 12180 Tel: 518-794-7586

August 16, 2012

Moore v. Verizon Settlement Administrator PO Box 4655 Portland, OR 97208-4655

RE: Settlement in Moore v. Verizon, Case No. CV 09-1823 SBA

Dear Sir or Madam:

As a class member, I object to the settlement in this case. I feel my incurred expenses are much higher then the proposed \$40 settlement, and I would suspect other Verizon consumers were also.

Not only did I incur these third party charges, but after several times being told they would be reversed only to be charged late fees and other billing issues which eventually led to my account being charged off for \$85 and affecting my credit rating. As of this day, I have not received my request for third party billing that was put in weeks ago.

I have enclosed a letter I sent to Verizon in September of 2009, which hopefully will offer some understanding of the most horrible customer experience I have ever had, through Verizon. I would like further representation in this matter or know if I should proceed on the outcome of this settlement in a claims case against Verizon. Thank you for your time.

Sincerely,

Richard Price

And 2R/l

(Enclosures)

September 29, 2009

Verizon Online Attn: Disputes P.O. Box 12045 Trenton, NJ 08650-2045

Re: Richard Price 688 4th Avenue Troy, NY 12180

Verizon Account # 518 237 1753 831 24 1

Contact # 518-794-7586

Dear Verizon Representative,

I am writing this letter in dispute of charges on my Verizon online & phone account. I already know they are two entities based on my experiences and there seems to be no "one" department for accounts like mine. I have spent six and a quarter hours on the phone and words can't describe how I feel about Verizon's customer service handling. That being said, I will save those details for the many Websites dedicated to Verizon's customer service, where I can share my experiences with others who have had or will have similar experiences. This was supposed to be a basic, simple account and I was told my monthly bill would be around \$45. This was not a case of not wanting to pay a bill like I see some people complain about. I will detail the accounting side here and I guess wait to see what happens. One thing I have learned is there is no guarantee with anything Verizon.

I have numbered all attached paperwork in the bottom left corner for reference.

The problems began on my 2/22/09 bill (page 1-2). I was charged a \$14.99 "shipping and activation fee" when no modem was shipped or needed.

The next bill on 3/22/09 (Pages 3-4) showed a charge of \$33.76 from a so-called company called "Zero Plus Dialing" (Page 5). After spending time on the phone with a Verizon Rep, I learned about this company; was even connected to them 3-way by the Verizon Rep, where they actually wanted my address. I refused even though the Verizon representative that told me the phone had been "crammed" by this bogus company said nothing to defend my position, but did say the charges would be reversed and he would put an "cramming block" on my line. Thanks after the fact. He would also protect my account from late fees occurred because of this charge, which I would soon learn never would happen.

The next bill on 4/22/09 (Pages 6-7) added additional charges of \$4.62 (Page 8) onto the account phone again Zero Plus Dialing. The wrong charges were now totaling \$38.38, and I was deducting them and still paying my bill, which should have been \$44.46. I called Verizon again and was informed that a credit was issued but it would take up to two billing cycles to show up. OK I understand, I guess.

On the 5/22/09 bill (Pages 9-10) new charges were normal with the exception I feel of the late fee. That being said, I once again subtracted the Zero Plus charges and paid \$94.14 of the bill. Still no sign of any credit.

Next month's bill, 6/22/09 (Pages 11-12) Still no sign of the credit, which is exactly equal to what the previous balance owed is. I was charged a \$5. late fee on these charges in dispute, which I was told I would not be. This time I do have a problem with the late fee because my "true bili" was paid in full. This prompted another call to Verizon's billing department.

Now for the 7/22/09 Bill (Pages 13-15) which issues are related to Verizon Online and not the phone portion of the bill.

The Internet Services potion of the bill now totaled \$114.62 versus the normal \$19.99 round about usual amount. This is where my customer service nightmare really began. An assortment of charges were added, and the "My Verizon:Bill Details" on Page 15 showed why...I was now being charged for two separate account #'s.

Account # 009332 6908519 and also #009332 4942715.

I spent a great deal of time on the phone being shuffled around, and no representative could see this on my account. They only saw one account number. I finally had a lady representative who could see it and said it was under a woman's name, but she could do nothing and transferred me back to Verizon's over-sea's customer department. My online charges still should have been in the \$19.99 range like previous months.

On the 8/22/09 bill (pages 16-17) the billing saga continues as you can see. Details of the billing were shown again on the "My Verizon:Bill Details" (Page 18) At this time, I was fed up with both Verizon phone and online and told a representative I wanted to cancel my account but did not want to be charged the \$75 early termination fee. I felt I should have not been charged for leaving based on the service I was receiving or at least been transferred to a representative capable of handling a now intense customer service situation. She said that was not possible and after a long time on the phone offered to reverse charges and give a \$15 discount on my internet charges, which would now be \$4.99 a month. Sounded great. I should have paid the early termination fee and left instead. My Bill for my little old account was now upwards of \$336.46 and still climbing....

My recent Bill 9/22/09 (Pages 19-20) continued the Internet Services fees and now included a charge for a "promotion reimbursement" of \$100 (wouldn't a reimbursement be a credit?) and a very complicated list of other items except what should be there....either a \$19.99 charge or a \$4.99 charge that was offered for my satisfaction the month before. The month's bill added \$100 to my growing incorrect balance.

This was my last bill received to date of this letter, and by this time both services had long been shut off and I set up account with Time-Warner. I have also filed an online complaint with the FTC; I am not calling Verizon anymore.

I am sure there will be another bill coming, and I will continue to see more fees and most undoubtedly the early termination fee. I will continue to pursue this matter as I have invested so much time in a simple problem that is now seems like it has become a job. I would welcome any contact from Verizon to resolve these issues at the above number or address.

Regards,



Manage Your Account	Phone Number	Account Number	Billing Date
My Account at verizon com/billview	518-237-1753	518 237 1753 831 24 1 = 5	-2/22/2009

RICHARD PRICE DO BOY 176

WEST LEBANON NY	12195-0176

ļ	
١	Moving? 1-866-VZ-MOVES
	One call gets you up & running! Count on t

Verizon News

he Verizon network to make at least one part of your move easier. Across the street or across the nation all you need is one call to Verizon to set up your Internet, phone & digital TV in your new home in no time. Service avallability varies.

Your Bill is Getting a Makeover!

We are redesigning the bill so it's easier to read. Quick Bill Summary will show a snapshot of your charges, which will now be grouped by Bundle, Voice, TV or Internet. If you have a bundle, its price will be displayed separately. For an itemized view, go to Breakdown of Charges on page 3.

Quick Bill Summary

Total New Charges Due by March 19, 2009

Total Amount Due by March 19, 2009

Previous Balance

		*
Payments Received Feb 23		-\$117.63
Balance Forward		. \$.00
New Charges		
Voice Services	(See pg 3)	\$13.85
Internet Services		\$46.59
Taxes, Fees & Other Charges		\$10.62

These monthly charges are for your service from February 22 to March 21.

	Direct Payment Enrollment	Online Billing & Payment	Questions about your bill?
	verizon.com/billpay	verizon.com/billvlew	verizon.com or 1-800=VERIZON (1-800-837-4966)



Please return this remit slip with payment

New Charges Due Account Number

Mar 19, 2009

518 237 1753 831,24 1

Total Amount Due: \$71.06

055504

\$117.63

\$71.06

\$71.06

Make Check Payable to Verizon

00015867 01 AT 0.346 V2403711 0056 XX RICHARD PRICE V11 PO BOX 176 WEST LEBANON NY 12195-0176 In Noble Mide Miller Migraphic and the India

VERIZON PO BOX 1100 ALBANY NY 12250-0001



Phone Number

Account Number

Date Due

518-237-1753

518 237 1753 831 24 1

Mar 19, 2009

3 of 4

Verizon Online Account 0093324942715

Breakdown of Charges

Voice Services	
Monthly Charge for Dial Tone	13.85
Total Voice Services	\$13.85
Internet Services	
Verizon High Speed Internet Jan 14 - Jan 31	11.61
Verizon High Speed Internet Feb 1 - Feb 28	19,99
Shipping and Activation Fee	14.99
Total Internet Services	\$46,59
Taxes, Fees & Other Charges	
Voice	
Federal Tax	.63
NY State/Local Sales Tax	1.74
911 Surcharge	.35
Federal USF Surcharge	.73
Surcharge(s)	.75
FCC Line Charge	6.42
Total Taxes, Fees & Other Charges	\$10.62



Manage Your Account	1 -	Account Number	Billing Date
My Account at verizon.com/billview	518-237-1753	518 237 1753 831 24 1	3/22/2009

RICHARD PRICE

PO BOX 176	
WEST LEBANON NY	12195-0176

Verizon News
Moving? 1–866–VZ–MOVES
One call gets you up & running! Count on the

Verizon network to make at least one part of your move easier. Across the street or across the nation all you need is one call to Verizon to set up your Internet, phone & digital TV in your new home in no time. Service availability varies.

Quick Bill Summary

Pd. Ch 4 # # 120.52

Previous Balance	\$71.06
Balance Forward	\$71,06

New Charges

Voice Services	(See pg 3)	\$13.85
Internet Services		\$19.99
Taxes, Fees & Other Charges		\$15.62
Other Providers	(See pg 4)	\$33.76
Total New Charges Due by April 1	6, 2009	\$83.22

Total Amount Due \$154.28

These monthly charges are for your service from March 22 to April 21.

Direct Payment Enrollment	Online Billing & Payment	Questions about your bill?
. verizon.com/billpay	vertzon.com/billview	verizon.com or 1–800–VERIZON (1–800–837–4966)



Phone Number

518-237-1753

Account Number

Date Due

Page

518 237 1753 831 24 1 · Apr 16, 2009

3 of 6

Questions? Visit verizon.com or call 1–800–VERIZON (1–800–837–4966)

Verizon Online Account 0093324942715

Breakdown of Charges

W-1. 0 1	·
Voice Services	
Monthly Charge for Dial Tone	13.85
Total Voice Services	\$13.85
Internet Services	
Verizon High Speed Internet Mar 1 - Mar 31	19.99
Total Internet Services	\$19.99
Taxes, Fees & Other Charges	
Voice	
Federal Tax	.63
NY State/Local Sales Tax	1.74
911 Surcharge	.35
Federal USF Surcharge	.73
Surcharge(s)	.75
FCC Line Charge	6.42
Miscellaneous	•
Late Payment Charge	5.00
Total Taxes, Fees & Other Charges	\$15.62



Phone Number

Account Number

Date Due

Page

518-237-1753

518 237 1753 831 24 1

Apr 16, 2009

4 of 6

Other Providers

Zero Plus Dialing Inc

If you have questions concerning this portion of your bill, please contact Zero Plus Dialing Inc at 1–888–506–0734 or on the web at www.billview.com/zpdi

This portion of your bill is provided as a service to Zero Plus Dialing Inc.

Your local telephone service will not be disconnected for failure to pay the charges on this portion of your bill. If you fail to pay these charges, the service provider may pursue collections independently.

Called from 518 237 1753

Account Number: 5182371753831

Breakdown of Charges

Zero Plus Dialing Inc Summary

Collect Calls	27.15
Miscellaneous Charges and Credits	. 5.68
New York gross receipts tax surcharge	.93
Total	\$33.76

Call Detail

Collect	Calis					
Date	Time	Received from	Number	Rate period	Min:Sec	Amount
Billed on	behalf o	1 Custom TeleConn	ect			
Directly (Dialed					
Feb 17	5:06 pr	n Winterpark FL	407 672 2099	day	3.00	27.15
. Totai						\$27.15
Misco	ellane	eous Charg	es and Credit	S		
Date	De	scription				Amount
Billed on	behalf o	f Custom TeleConn	ect			
Feb 17	Fed	universal Svc Fund				3.18
Feb 17	USF	Carrier Admin Fee				2.50
Total						\$5,68



BA Document170-7 File	ed06/11/13 F	Page151 of 208	
Manage Your Account	Phone Number	Account Number	Billing Date
My Account at verizon com/billview	518-237-1753	518 237-1753 831 24 1	4/22/2009

RICHARD PRICE PO BOX 176 WEST LEBANON NY 12195-0176

	Verizon News	
Moving?	1 OCC V/7 MOVEC	
woving:	1-866-VZ-MOVES	

One call gets you up & running! Count on the Verizon network to make at least one part of your move easier. Across the street or across the nation all you need is one call to Verizon to set up your Internet, phone & digital TV in your new home in no time. Service availability varies.

Verizon Foundation

Visit Thinkfinity.org for thousands of FREE educational resources for teachers, students, parents and the after—school community.

Quick Bill Summary

Previous Balance	\$154.28
Payments Received Apr 10	-\$120.52
Balance Forward	\$33.76

\$10.62 \$4.62 \$49.08
\$10.62 \$ 4.62
\$10.62
\$19.99
\$13.85

These monthly charges are for your service from April 22 to May 21.

787.84 -38.38 + 4.61 44.46 38.38

Direct Payment Enrollment	Online Billing & Payment	Questions about your bill?
The state of the s	The state of the s	AND AND THE PROPERTY OF THE PR
verizon:com/bilipay	F. verizon.com/biliview 事だされる。	everizon.com or 1-800-VERIZON (1-800-837-4966)

Phone Number

Account Number

Page

518-237-1753

518 237 1753 831 24 1 May 18, 2009

3 of 5 --

\$10.62

Questions? Visit verizon.com or call 1-800-VERIZON (1-800-837-4966)

Verizon Online Account 0093324942715

Breakdown of Charges

Total Taxes, Fees & Other Charges

Voice Services	
Monthly Charge for Dial Tone	13.85
Total Voice Services	\$13.85
Internet Services	
Verizon High Speed Internet Apr 1 - Apr 30	19,99
Total Internet Services	\$19.99
Taxes, Fees & Other Charges	
Voice	
Federal Tax	.63
NY State/Local Sales Tax	1.74
911 Surcharge	.35
Federal USF Surcharge	.73
Surcharge(s)	.75
FCC Line Charge	6.42



Other Providers

Zero Plus Dialing Inc

If you have questions concerning this portion of your bill, please contact Zero Plus Dialing Inc at 1–888–506–0734 or on the web at www.billview.com/zpdi

This portion of your bill is provided as a service to Zero Plus Dialing Inc.

Your local telephone service will not be disconnected for failure to pay the charges on this portion of your bill. If you fail to pay these charges, the service provider may pursue collections independently.

Called from 518 237 1753

Account Number: 5182371753831

Breakdown of Charges

_	
Zero Plus Dialing Inc Summary	
Miscellaneous Charges and Credits	4.49
New York gross receipts tax surcharge	.13
Total	\$4.62

Miscellaneous Charges and Credits

Date	Description	Amount
Billed on behalf of Custom TeleConnect		,
Feb 17	Regassesment Fee	1.50
Feb 28	Lec Bill Fee	2.99
Total		\$4.49





Manage Your Account

Phone Number

Account Number

Billing Date

My Account at verizon.com/billview

518-237-1753

.518 237 1753 831 24 1 - 5/22/2009

Verizon News

Switch Now & Surf Twice as Fast

Upgrade your Verizon High Speed Internet & get speeds up to 7M, It's easy! Just call 1-888-251-9655 & pay \$29.99 for the 1st 6 months & only \$39,99/mo for mos 7-12. Plus 250MB Verizon Online Back-up & Sharing. Availability & speeds vary, Other charges, taxes & terms apply.

Talk Endlessly Without Time Limit

With Verizon Freedom Value you can keep in touch with unlimited calling across the U.S. and Canada. Sign up for only \$44.99/mo & call your loved ones without worrying about the bill. Call 1-877-765-1113 today. Subject to taxes, fees & terms.

Quick Bill Summary for

RICHARD PRICE

Previous Balance	\$82.84
No Payment Received	\$.00
Balance Forward	\$82.84

New Charges

Voice Services	(See pg 3)	\$14.03
Internet Services	(4-)	\$19.99
Taxes, Fees & Other Charges		\$15.66
Total New Charges Due by June 16, 2009		\$49.68

Total Amount Due

These monthly charges are for your service from May 22 to June 21.

SHOULD Pd. 94.14 SHOULD Pd. 94.14 CREDITS CAR 5/16 CAR 5/16

		
Direct Payment Enrollment	Online Billing & Payment	Questions about your bill?
		verizon.com or 1-800-VERIZON (1-800-837-4966)

Case4:09-cv-01823-SBA Document170-7 Filed06/11/13 Page155 of 208 Account Number Date Due Page

Verizon 518-237-1753 518 237 1753 831 24 1 Jun 16; 2009 3 of 4

Questions? Visit verizon.com or call 1–800–VERIZON (1–800–837–4966)

Verizon Online Account 0093324942715

Breakdown of Charges

Voice Services	
Verizon Local Calls (see Call Detail)	.18
Monthly Charge for Dial Tone	13.85
Total Voice Services	\$14.03
Internet Services	
Internet 1/384 May 1 – May 31	19.99
Total Internet Services	\$19.99
Taxes, Fees & Other Charges	
Voice	
Federal Tax	.64
NY State/Local Sales Tax	1.76
911 Surcharge	.35
Federal USF Surcharge	.73
Surcharge(s)	76
FCC Line Charge	6.42
Miscellaneous	
Late Payment Charge	5.00
Total Taxes, Fees & Other Charges	\$15.66

Call Detail

tong you talk.

Verizon Local Calls

Place called	Charge per call	Number of calls	Period	Amount
Refer to your phone !	book for rates and discour	nt information.		
Α	.09	2	day	
Total				\$.18





Manage Your Account

Phone Number

Account Number

Billing Date

My Account at verizon com/billview 518-237-1753

518 237 1753 831 24 1

6/22/2009.

Verizon News

Talk Endlessly Without Time Limit

With Verizon Freedom Value you can keep in touch with unlimited calling across the U.S. and Canada, Sign up for only \$44.99/mo. & call your loved ones w/o worrying about the bill. Call 1-888-240-8918 today. Subject to taxes, fees & terms.

Double Your Web Surfing Speed

It's easy to upgrade your Verizon High Speed Internet to speeds up to 7M. Call 1-888-251-9657 & get \$10 off the first 6 mos & only pay \$39.99/mo for mos 7-12. No installation required & you even keep your email address. Availability & speeds vary. Other charges, taxes and terms apply.

Moving? 1-866-VZ-MOVES

One call gets you up & running! Count on the Verizon network to make at least one part of your move easier. Across the street or across the nation all you need is one call to Verizon to set up your Internet, phone & digital TV in your new home in no time. Service availability

Quick Bill Summary for

RICHARD PRICE

Previous Balance		\$132.52
Payments Received Jun 18		-\$94.14
Balance Forward	37.32	\$38.38

New Charges

Voice Services	(See pg 3)	\$16.02
Internet Services		\$19.99
Taxes, Fees & Other Charges		\$15.96
Total New Charges Due by July 17, 2009		\$51.97

Total Amount Due

These monthly charges are for your service from June 22 to July 21

ZERO PLUS DIALING! PO BOX 29206 SAN ANTONZO, TX

	Direct Payment Enrollment	Online Billing & Payment	Questions about your bill?
	verizon.com/bilipay.≈	/verizon.com/billview	verizon.com or 1-800-VERIZON (1-800-837-4966)
•			



Please return this remit slip with payment

New Charges Due Account Number

Jul 17, 2009 518 237 1753 831 24 1

Total Amount Due: \$90.35

065504

Make Check Payable to Verizon

00019315 01 AT 0.357 V2412111 0079 XX RICHARD PRICE PO BOX 176 WEST LEBANON NY 12195-0176 լ Ոնգիլի կարևարհյականում իրականի ինհինի ինչին գիժում ի

VERIZON PO BOX 1100 ALBANY NY 12250-0001

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Case4:09-cv-01823-SBA Document170-7 Filed06/11/13 Page157 of 208
Phone Number Account Number Date Due Page

518-237-1753 518 237 1753 831 24 1 Jul 17, 2009 3 of 4

Questions?

Visit verizon.com or call 1-800-VERIZON (1-800-837-4966)

Verizon Online Account 0093324942715

Breakdown of Charges

Total Taxes, Fees & Other Charges	\$15.96
Late Payment Charge	5.00
Miscellaneous	
FCC Line Charge	6.42
Surcharge(s)	84
Federal USF Surcharge	.73
911 Surcharge	.35
NY State/Local Sales Tax	1.92
Federal Tax	.70
Voice	
Taxes, Fees & Other Charges	
Total Internet Services	\$19.99
Internet 1/384 Jun 1 – Jun 30	19.99
Internet Services	
Total Voice Services	\$16,02
Monthly Charge for Dial Tone Jun 20 - Jul 21	15.93
Verizon Local Calis (see Call Detail)	.09
Voice Services	

Call Detail

Verizon Local Calls

Place called	Charge per call	Number of calls	Period	Amount
Refer to your phone t	oock for rates and discou	nt information.		
Α	.09	1	ngt	
Total				\$.09

With message rate service you pay a set price for each local call you make no matter how long you talk.



Manage Your Account

Phone Number

Account Number

Billing Date

My Account at verizon.com/billview 518-237-1753 6.5

Control of the contro

18-237-1753 🖒 ... 5 | 8 237 1753 831 24 1

7/22/2009

Verizon News

Talk Endlessly Without Time Limit

With Verizon Freedom Value you can keep in touch with unlimited calling across the U.S. and Canada. Sign up for only \$44.99/mo & call your loved ones w/o worrying about the bill. Call 1–888–240–8918 today. Subject to taxes, fees & terms.

Get Hooked on an Easy & Affordable In-Home Entertainment Experience

Verizon Games on Demand & Starz® Play Entertainment Bundle offers unlimited access and downloads to 1,300+ full version PC games and 2,500+ movie and video selections at only \$16/mo, over 20% savings. Call 1–888–267–9124 now! Other charges, taxes & terms apply.

Moving? 1-866-VZ-MOVES

One call gets you up & running! Count on the Verizon network to make at least one part of your move easier. Across the street or across the nation all you need is one call to Verizon to set up your Internet, phone & digital TV in your new home in no time. Service availability varies.

Quick Bill S	Summary for
--------------	-------------

860-567-6789 Billing Ocot. 8-6

RICHARD PRICE

518 890-1500

Previous Balance	390 6464	\$90.35
No Payment Received		\$.00
Balance Forward		\$90.35
New Charges		
Voice Services	(See pg 3)	\$15.80

Total New Charges Due by August 17, 2009

Taxes, Fees & Other Charges

Total Amount Due

Internet Services

\$238.86

\$114.62

\$18.09

\$148.51

These monthly charges are for your service from July 22 to August 21.

Direct Payment Enrollment	Online Billing & Payment	Questions about your bill?	
verizon.com/bilipay	verizon.com/billview	vertizon.com or 1-800-VERIZON (1-800-837-4966)	** -

verizon

Please return this remit slip with payment

New Charges Due Account Number

Aug 17, 2009 518 237 1753 831 24 1

Total Amount Due: \$238.86

072209

Make Check Payable to Verizon

\$ 000.00



Phone Number

Account Number

Page

518-237-1753

518 237 1753 831 24 1

Aug 17, 2009

3 of 4:

Questions? Visit verizon.com or call 1-800-VERIZON (1-800-837-4966)

Verizon Online Account 0093324942715

Breakdown of Charges

Voice Services	
Monthly Charge for Dial Tone	15.80
Total Voice Services	\$15.80
Internet Services	
Internet 3/768 May 26 - Jun 15	27.09
Internet Bundle Discount May 26 – Jun 15	-6,77
Internet 3/768 Jun 16 – Jul 15	39.99
Internet Bundle Discount Jun 16 - Jul 15	-10.00
Shipping and Activation Fee	14.99
Modem @ 39.99 Payment 1 of 3	13.33
Verizon Unlimited Games + Starz(R) Play Pak May 23 - Jun 22	20.98
Gaming Starz Play Bundle Discount May 23 - Jun 22	-4.98
Internet 1/384 Jul 1 - Jul 31	19.99
Total Internet Services	\$114.62
Taxes, Fees & Other Charges	
Voice	
Federal Tax	.69
NY State/Local Sales Tax	1.92
911 Surcharge	.35
Federal USF Surcharge	.90
Surcharge(s)	.84
FCC Line Charge	6.40
Internet	
State Tax	1.00
County Tax	.99
Miscellaneous	
Late Payment Charge	5.00
Total Taxes, Fees & Other Charges	\$18.09

Internet and Phone Numbers

Visit verizon.com 24 hours a day or call 1-800-VERIZON (1-800-837-4966)

Enter your ten digit number 518-237-1753

Use 831 if asked for the three digits following your account number.

Billing Questions and Bill Balance Amount of Payment Due or Payment Arrangements 24 Hour Repair or Technical Support To Order New Products For Pending Orders Centro Hispano de Verizon Preguntas de Pagos	- say 'Billing' or press '1' - say 'Payment' or press '1' - say 'Repair and Tech Support ' or press '2' - say 'New Products' or press '3' - say 'Order Status' or press '4' verizon.com/espanol or 1-800-837-4966 verizon.com/ or 1-800-837-4966	
New Charges		
New Charges		
Voice Services		\$15.80
Monthly Charge for Dial Tone	\$15.80	
Verizon Single Rate Long Distance	\$0.00	
Internet Services New Charges for Account 0093326908519 New Charges for Account 0093324942715		\$114.62
Shipping and Activation Fee	\$14.99	
Modem @ 39.99 Payment 1 of 3	\$13.33	
Verizon Unlimited Games + Starz(R) Play Pak		
Gaming Starz Play Bundle Discount May 23		
Internet 1/384 Jul 1 - Jul 31	\$19.99	
Taxes, Fees and Other Charges		\$18.09
Voice		
Federal Excise Tax	\$0.69	
State Tax	\$1.92	
Surcharge(s)	\$0.84	
911 Surcharge	\$0.35	
Federal Universal Service Fund Charge	\$0.90	
FCC Line Charge	\$6.40	
Internet		
State Tax	\$1.00	
County Tax	\$0.99	
Miscellaneous		
Late Payment Fee	\$5.00	
Total Charges		\$148.51

Messages from Verizon

My Account at verizon.com/billview

Billing Date

518-237-1753 518 237 1753 831 24 1 8/22/2009

Verizon News

Staying In Touch Made Easy!

Get unlimited residential calling across the U.S. and to Canada with Verizon Freedom Value for a great low price of just \$44.99/mo. One low price and the best of the Network. Call 1-877-896-6077 for details. Terms & restrictions apply.

Great Entertainment for Less

Verizon Games on Demand & Starz® Play Entertainment Bundle offers unlimited access and downloads to 1,400+ full version PC games and 2,500+ movie and video selections at only \$16/mo, over 20% savings. Call 1-888-658-8090 now for easy & affordable entertainment. Other charges, taxes & terms apply.

Get More, Save More.

At Verizon, we want to make sure you're getting the best services at the best value from phone and Internet, to TV and money-saving bundles, Call 1-888-652-8111 today, and together we'll evaluate your current services, and find ways to save you even more.

Quick Bill Summary for

RICHARD PRICE

Previous Balance	\$238.86
No Payment Received	· \$.00
Balance Forward	\$238.86

New Charges

Voice Services	(See pg 3)	\$10.80
Internet Services		\$69.31
Taxes, Fees & Other Charges		\$17.49
Total New Charges Due by Septen	nber 16, 2009	\$97.60

Total Amount Due

\$336.46

These monthly charges are for your service from August 22 to September 21,

Direct Payment Enrollment	Online Billing & Payment	Questions about your bill?
verizon.com/billpay		verizon.com or 1–800–VERIZON (1–800–837–4966)



Please return this remit slip with payment

New Charges Due Account Number

Sep 16, 2009 518 237 1753 831 24 1

Total Amount Due: \$336,46

082209

Make Check Payable to Verizon



00020711 01 AT 0.357 V2416511 0082 XX RICHARD PRICE PO BOX 176 WEST LEBANON NY 12195-0176

մինինել է արևանի անականին անությունները և անձանությանի և արևանին արևանին արևանին անականությունները և արևաների

VERIZON PO BOX 1100 ALBANY NY 12250-0001 halladdalddalddalladladladladlad





Phone Number

Account Number

Date Due

Page

- 518 237 1753 831 24 1

Sep 16, 2009

3 of 4 -

Questions?

Visit verizon.com or call 1-800-VERIZON (1-800-837-4966)

Verizon Online Account 0093324942715

Breakdown of Charges

Total Taxes, Fees & Other Charges

Maior Comicos	•
Voice Services	
Monthly Charge for Dial Tone	15.80
HSI \$15 Bundle Offer	-5.00
This credit will apply to your bill up to and including your	
Jan 22, 2010 bill.	
Total Voice Services	\$10.80
Internet Services	
Internet 3/768 Jul 16 - Aug 15	39.99
Internet Bundle Discount Jul 16 - Aug 15	-10.00
Modem Ø 39.99 Payment 2 of 3	13.33
Verizon Unlimited Games + Starz(R) Play Pak Jun 23 - Jul 22	20.98
Gaming Starz Play Bundle Discount Jun 23 – Jul 22	-4.98
Internet 1/384 Aug 1 – Aug 31	19.99
HSI \$15 Bundle Offer	-10.00
This credit will apply to your bill up to and including your	
Jan 22, 2010 bill.	
Total Internet Services	\$69.31
Taxes, Fees & Other Charges	•
Voice	
Federal Tax	.69
NY State/Local Sales Tax	1.50
911 Surcharge	.35
Federal USF Surcharge	.83
Surcharge(s)	.72
FCC Line Charge	6.41
Internet	
State Tax	1.00
County Tax	.99
Miscellaneous	
Late Payment Charge	5.00

Especial My Verizon | Sign Out | Location; WEST LEBANON, NY 12195 Enter a search term Residential **Business** Wireless Internet TV Phone Bundles Support My Verizon My Verizon Welcome, RICHARD PRICE. Viewing Account 518 237 1753 Overview | My Bill | My Services | My Profile | Customer Service | Account Summary Breakdown of Charges Recent Activity My Bill for: 22 aul 09 ___ Change Print and Download **Custom Reports** Back ONE-BILL® **New Charges** Paperless Billing \$15.80 Voice Services Payment Information \$114.62 Internet Services My Bill Actions New Charges for Account 0093326908519 New Charges for Account 0093324942715 # View My Bill Shipping and Activation Fee \$14.99 Print and Download Modern @ 39.99 Payment 1 of 3 \$13,33 Options Verizon Unlimited Games + Starz(R) Play Pak May 23 - Jun 22 \$20.98 Setup Payment Garning Starz Play Bundle Discount May 23 - Jun 22 -\$4.98 Reminder Change Billing Address Internet 1/384 Jul 1 - Jul 31 \$19.99 Request Past Bill Copy \$18.09 * Taxes, Fees and Other Charges Billing Terms Payment Locations **Total Charges** \$148.51 View Refund Status Bill FAQs How do I make payment attendements? How do i dispute a + How to Reach VERIZON charge on my bill? Enter for the Chance to WIN a 2010 Silver Toyota Prius Enter to Win

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BHOP 1/RCOVA05V





Manage Your Account

Phone Number

Account Number

My Account at vertzon.com/billview

518-237-1753

518 237 1753 831 24 1

9/22/2009

Verizon News

Staying In Touch Made Easy!

Get unlimited residential calling across the U.S. and to Canada with Verizon Freedom Value for a great low price of just \$44,99/mo. One low price and the best of the Network. Call 1-888-747-5772 for details. Terms & restrictions apply.

Answers And Fixes 24/7, 365

Now you can count on Verizon for more with Premium Technical Support. Wireless not working? Setting up a new PC for school? We're here for many issues. PC, peripherals and beyond. Just \$9.99/mo 1st 3 mos. plus taxes. Call 1-888-747-4977.

Get More, Save More

At Verizon, we want to make sure you're getting the best services at the best value from phone and Internet, to TV and money-saving bundles, Call 1-888-652-8111 today, and together we'll evaluate your current services, and find ways to save you even more.

Quick Bill Summary for

RICHARD PRICE

Previous Balance		\$336.46
No Payment Received		\$.00
Adjustments	(See pg 3)	-\$19.99
Balance Forward		\$316.47
New Charges		
Voice Services	(See pg 3)	\$10.80
Internet Services	(v. = 100 0	\$92.01
Taxes, Fees & Other Charges		\$17.49
Total New Charges Due by Octobe	г 19, 2009	\$120.30
Total Amount Due		\$436.77

These monthly charges are for your service from September 22 to October 21.

Direct Payment Enrollment	Online Billing & Payment	Questions about your bill?
verizon.com/bilipay	verizon.com/billview	verizon.com or 1-800-VERIZON (1-800-837-4966)



Please return this remit slip with payment

New Charges Due **Account Number**

Oct 19, 2009

518 237 1753 831 24 1

Total Amount Due: \$436.77

092209

Make Check Payable to Verizon

00019562 01 AT 0.357 V2418511 0071 XX RICHARD PRICE PO BOX 176 WEST LEBANON NY 12195-0176

- գլով<u>ինիկիկինիինիրը օրերկինիկինիինիինի</u>

VERIZON PO BOX 15124 ALBANY NY 12212-5124 Indialahdadiahhlaladiahladiad



Taxes, Fees & Other Charges

Total Taxes, Fees & Other Charges

NY State/Local Sales Tax

Federal USF Surcharge

911 Surcharge

Surcharge(s)

Internet State Tax

County Tax

Miscellaneous

Late Payment Charge

FCC Line Charge

.69

1.50

.35

.83

.72

6.41

1.00

.99

5.00

\$17.49

Voice Federal Tax CREOIT REPORT EQUIFAX

CHARGE-OFF FROM VERIZON

VERIZON NEW YORK

500 TECHNOLOGY DR WELDON SPRING MO 63304 (877) 325-5156 Partial account number 518237175....

Date opened Mar 2008 Reported since Last reported Apr 2009

Date of status Apr 2009 Jun 2010

Туре Responsibility Individual Utility Terms I Months Monthly payment NA

Credit limit or original amount Unknown High balance NA

Recent balance \$85 as of Jun 2010 2010.

Status: Account charged off, \$85 written off. \$85 past due as of Jun

Account history:

Charge Off as of Jun 2010, Dec 2009, Oct 2009, Jun 2009, Apr 2009 This account is scheduled to continue

on record until Apr 2015.

Your Statement: "Y ITEM DISPUTED BY CONSUMER"

Creditor's statement: "Account closed at credit grantor's request."

This item was verified and updated on Oct 2009.

Address identification number: 2573 1397









ITERMATIONAL RESTRICTIONS APPLY:

ustoms forms are required. Consult the ternetional Mail Manual (IMM) at pe.usps.gov



For Domestic and International Use



UNITED STATES POSTAL SERVICE

From R. Perce 688 400 AUE. TRUY, NY 12180

Case4:09-cv-01823

Moore V. VERIZON SETTLBABUT ADAM.

PO BOX 4655 PORTIANO, OR 97208-4655

Label 228, January 2008

PS00001000014



EXHIBIT G-19

Richard Price 688 Fourth Ave, Troy, NY 12180 Tel: 518-794-7586

August 16, 2012

Henry A. Weissmann 355 S. Grand, Ave., 35th Fl. Los Angeles, CA. 90071-1560

RE: Settlement in Moore v. Verizon, Case No. CV 09-1823 SBA

Dear Sir:

As a class member, I object to the settlement in this case.

I feel my incurred expenses are much higher then the proposed \$40 settlement.

Not only did I incur these third party charges, but after several times being told they would be reversed only to be charged late fees and other billing issues which eventually led to my account being charged off for \$85 and affecting my credit rating.

I have enclosed a letter I sent to Verizon in September of 2009, which hopefully will offer some understanding of the most horrible customer experience I have ever had, through Verizon. I would like further representation in this matter or know if I should proceed on the outcome of this settlement in a claims case against Verizon. Thank you for your time.

Sincerely,

Richard Price

MAM

(Enclosures)

September 29, 2009

Verizon Online Attn: Disputes P.O. Box 12045 Trenton, NJ 08650-2045

Re: Richard Price 688 4th Avenue Troy, NY 12180

Verizon Account # 518 237 1753 831 24 1

Contact # 518-794-7586

Dear Verizon Representative,

I am writing this letter in dispute of charges on my Verizon online & phone account. I already know they are two entities based on my experiences and there seems to be no "one" department for accounts like mine. I have spent six and a quarter hours on the phone and words can't describe how I feel about Verizon's customer service handling. That being said, I will save those details for the many Websites dedicated to Verizon's customer service, where I can share my experiences with others who have had or will have similar experiences. This was supposed to be a basic, simple account and I was told my monthly bill would be around \$45. This was not a case of not wanting to pay a bill like I see some people complain about. I will detail the accounting side here and I guess wait to see what happens. One thing I have learned is there is no quarantee with anything Verizon.

I have numbered all attached paperwork in the bottom left corner for reference.

The problems began on my 2/22/09 bill (page 1-2). I was charged a \$14.99 "shipping and activation fee" when no modem was shipped or needed.

The next bill on 3/22/09 (Pages 3-4) showed a charge of \$33.76 from a so-called company called "Zero Plus Dialing" (Page 5). After spending time on the phone with a Verizon Rep, I learned about this company; was even connected to them 3-way by the Verizon Rep, where they actually wanted my address. I refused even though the Verizon representative that told me the phone had been "crammed" by this bogus company said nothing to defend my position, but did say the charges would be reversed and he would put an "cramming block" on my line. Thanks after the fact. He would also protect my account from late fees occurred because of this charge, which I would soon learn never would happen.

The next bill on 4/22/09 (Pages 6-7) added additional charges of \$4.62 (Page 8) onto the account phone again Zero Plus Dialing. The wrong charges were now totaling \$38.38, and I was deducting them and still paying my bill, which should have been \$44.46. I called Verizon again and was informed that a credit was issued but it would take up to two billing cycles to show up. OK I understand, I guess.

On the 5/22/09 bill (Pages 9-10) new charges were normal with the exception I feel of the late fee. That being said, I once again subtracted the Zero Plus charges and paid \$94.14 of the bill. Still no sign of any credit.

Next month's bill, 6/22/09 (Pages 11-12) Still no sign of the credit, which is exactly equal to what the previous balance owed is. I was charged a \$5. late fee on these charges in dispute, which I was told I would not be. This time I do have a problem with the late fee because my "true bill" was paid in full. This prompted another call to Verizon's billing department.

Now for the 7/22/09 Bill (Pages 13-15) which issues are related to Verizon Online and not the phone portion of the bill.

The Internet Services potion of the bill now totaled \$114.62 versus the normal \$19.99 round about usual amount. This is where my customer service nightmare really began. An assortment of charges were added, and the "My Verizon:Bill Details" on Page 15 showed why...! was now being charged for two separate account #'s.

Account # 009332 6908519 and also #009332 4942715.

I spent a great deal of time on the phone being shuffled around, and no representative could see this on my account. They only saw one account number. I finally had a lady representative who could see it and said it was under a woman's name, but she could do nothing and transferred me back to Verizon's over-sea's customer department. My online charges still should have been in the \$19.99 range like previous months.

On the 8/22/09 bill (pages 16-17) the billing saga continues as you can see. Details of the billing were shown again on the "My Verizon:Bill Details" (Page 18) At this time, I was fed up with both Verizon phone and online and told a representative I wanted to cancel my account but did not want to be charged the \$75 early termination fee. I felt I should have not been charged for leaving based on the service I was receiving or at least been transferred to a representative capable of handling a now intense customer service situation. She said that was not possible and after a long time on the phone offered to reverse charges and give a \$15 discount on my internet charges, which would now be \$4.99 a month. Sounded great. I should have paid the early termination fee and left instead. My Bill for my little old account was now upwards of \$336.46 and still climbing....

My recent Bill 9/22/09 (Pages 19-20) continued the Internet Services fees and now included a charge for a "promotion reimbursement" of \$100 (wouldn't a reimbursement be a credit?) and a very complicated list of other items except what should be there....either a \$19.99 charge or a \$4.99 charge that was offered for my satisfaction the month before. The month's bill added \$100 to my growing incorrect balance.

This was my last bill received to date of this letter, and by this time both services had long been shut off and I set up account with Time-Warner. I have also filed an online complaint with the FTC; I am not calling Verizon anymore.

I am sure there will be another bill coming, and I will continue to see more fees and most undoubtedly the early termination fee. I will continue to pursue this matter as I have invested so much time in a simple problem that is now seems like it has become a job. I would welcome any contact from Verizon to resolve these issues at the above number or address.

Regards,



Manage Your Account			Billing Date
My Account at verizon.com/bilivlew	518-237-1753	518 237 1753 831 24 1	2/22/2009

RICHARD PRICE	
PO BOX 176	
WEST LEBANON NY	12195-0176

Verizon News

Moving? 1-866-VZ-MOVES

One call gets you up & running! Count on the Verizon network to make at least one part of your move easier. Across the street or across the nation all you need is one call to Verizon to set up your internet, phone & digital TV in your new home in no time. Service avallability varies.

Your Bill is Getting a Makeover!

We are redesigning the bill so it's easier to read. Quick Bill Summary will show a snapshot of your charges, which will now be grouped by Bundle, Voice, TV or Internet. If you have a bundle, its price will be displayed separately. For an itemized view, go to Breakdown of Charges on page 3.

Quick Bill Summary

Previous Balance	\$117.63
Payments Received Feb 23	-\$117.63
Balance Forward	. \$.00

New Charges

Voice Services	(See pg 3)	\$13.85
Internet Services		\$46.59
Taxes, Fees & Other Charges		\$10,62
Total New Charges Due by March 19	9, 2009	\$71.06

Total Amount Di	ie by March 19, 2009	\$71.06
TOTAL ALTOURN DE	ic by march to, 2005	φ/ 1.0

These monthly charges are for your service from February 22 to March 21.

Direct Payment Enrollment	Online Billing & Payment	Questions about your bill?
venzofi.com/billpay	verizon.com/billview	vertzon.com or 1-800-VERIZON (1-800-837-4966)



Please return this remit slip with payment

New Charges Due Account Number

Mar 19, 2009 518 237 1753 831 24 1

Total Amount Due: \$71.06

022209

Make Check Payable to Verizon

00015867 01 AT 0.346 V2403711 0056 XX RICHARD PRICE PO 80X 176 WEST LEBANON NY 12195-0176

la:Malda:Mhashlaadhaidhdaidhiidd

VERIZON PO BOX 1100 ALBANY NY 12250-0001

Jan Haria Jan Lalah da Harri Harri Harri da Halaa l

Case4:09-cv-01823-SBA Document170-7 Filed06/11/13 Page173 of 208



Phone Number

Account Number

Date Due

Page

518-237-1753

518 237 1753 831 24 1

Mar 19, 2009

· · · · · · 3 of 4 .

Verizon Online Account 0093324942715

Breakdown of Charges

Voice Services	
Monthly Charge for Dial Tone	13.85
Total Voice Services	\$13.85
Internet Services	
Verizon High Speed Internet Jan 14 - Jan 31	11.61
Verizon High Speed Internet Feb 1 - Feb 28	19.99
Shipping and Activation Fee	14.99
Total Internet Services	\$46,59
Taxes, Fees & Other Charges	
Voice	
Federal Tax	.63
NY State/Local Sales Tax	1.74
911 Surcharge	.35
Federal USF Surcharge	.73
Surcharge(s)	.75
FCC Line Charge	6.42
Total Taxes, Fees & Other Charges	\$10.62



Manage Your Account	Phone Number	Account Number	Billing Date
My Account at verizon.com/biliview	518-237-1753	518 237 1753 831 24 1	3/22/2009

RICHARD PRICE PO BOX 176 WEST LEBANON NY 12195-0176

ST	LEBANON	NY	12195-0176

	Verizon News	100
Moving? 1-	-866-VZ-M0	OVES

One call gets you up & running! Count on the Verizon network to make at least one part of your move easier. Across the street or across the nation all you need is one call to Verizon to set up your internet, phone & digital TV in your new home in no time. Service

availability varies.

Quick Bill Summary

Pd. Ch K # # 120.52

Previous Balance		\$71.06
Balance Forward		\$71.06

New	Charges

Total Amount Due	\$154.28	
Total New Charges Due by April 10	\$83.22	
Other Providers	(See pg 4)	\$33.76
Taxes, Fees & Other Charges		\$15.62
Internet Services		\$19.99
Voice Services	(See pg 3)	\$13.85

These monthly charges are for your service from March 22 to April 21.

Direct Payment Enrollment	Online Billing & Payment	Questions about your bill?
verizon.com/billpay	verizon.com/biliview	vertzön com or 1–800–VERIZON (1–800–837–4966)

Case4:09-cv-01823-SBA Document170-7 Filed06/11/13 Page175 of 208



Phone Number 518-237-1753 **Account Number**

Date Due

Page

518 237 1753 831 24 1 · Apr 16, 2009

3 of 6

Questions? Visit vertzon.com or call 1-800-VERIZON (1-800-837-4966)

Verizon Online Account 0093324942715

Breakdown of Charges

Voice	Services
-------	----------

Monthly Charge for Dial Tone 13.85 **Total Voice Services** \$13.85

Internet Services

Verizon High Speed Internet Mar 1 - Mar 31 19.99 **Total Internet Services** \$19.99

Taxes, Fees & Other Charges

Voice

Federal Tax	.63
NY State/Local Sales Tax	1.74
911 Surcharge	.35
Federal USF Surcharge	.73
Surcharge(s)	.75
FCC Line Charge	6.42

Miscellaneous

Late Payment Charge 5.00 Total Taxes, Fees & Other Charges \$15.62



Phone Number

Account Number

Date Due

* Page 4 of 6

518-237-1753

518 237 1753 831 24 1 Apr 16; 2009

Other Providers

Zero Plus Dialing Inc

If you have questions concerning this portion of your bill, please contact Zero Plus Dialing Inc at 1-888-506-0734 or on the web at www.billview.com/zpdi

This portion of your bill is provided as a service to Zero Plus Dialing Inc.

Your local telephone service will not be disconnected for failure to pay the charges on this portion of your bill. If you fail to pay these charges, the service provider may pursue collections independently.

Called from 518 237 1753

Account Number: 5182371753831

Breakdown of Charges

Zero Plus Dialing Inc Summary

Collect Calls	27.15
Miscellaneous Charges and Credits	. 5.68
New York gross receipts tax surcharge	.93
Total	\$33.76

Call Detail

Collect Calls

Date	Time	Received from	Number	Rate period	Min: Sec	Amount
Billed or	n behalf o	of Custom TeleConn	ecl	······································		
Directly	Dialed					
Feb 17	5:06 p	m Winterpark FL	407 672 2099	day	3.00	27.15
Total					·	\$27.15
Misc	ellan	eous Charg	es and Credit	S		

LING BETTY FETTING HIS TOT WAS INVESTIGATED AND THE TILL SAFTEMATING AND THE COLUMN TO A COMMANDAMENT OF THE T

IAHOCC	manevus Gharges and Greur	is .
Date	Description	Amount
Billed on I	behalf of Custom TeleConnect	
Feb 17	Feduniversal Svc Fund	3.18
: Feb 17	USF Carrier Admin Fee	2.50
Total	The state of the s	\$5.68
•		





Manage Your Account		Account Number	Billing Date
My Account at verizon com/billview	518-237-1753	518 237 1753 831 24 1	4/22/2009

RICHARD PRICE

PO BOX 176 **WEST LEBANON NY 12195-0176**

Verizon News Moving? 1-866-VZ-MOVES

One call gets you up & running! Count on the Verizon network to make at least one part of your move easier. Across the street or across the nation all you need is one call to Verizon to set up your internet, phone & digital TV in your new home in no time. Service availability varies.

Verizon Foundation

Visit Thinkfinity.org for thousands of FREE educational resources for teachers, students, parents and the after-school community.

Quick Bill Summary

Previous Balance	\$154,28
Payments Received Apr 10	-\$120.52
Balance Forward	\$33.76

Total Amount Due		\$82.84
Total New Charges Due by May 1	8, 2009	\$49.08
Other Providers	(See pg 4)	\$4.62
Taxes, Fees & Other Charges		\$10.62
Internet Services		\$19.99
Voice Services	(See pg 3)	\$13.85
New Charges		

These monthly charges are for your service from April 22 to May 21.

787.84	33.76
- 38.38	+ 4.61
44.46	38.38

Direct Payment Enrollment	Online Billing & Payment	Questions about your bill?
verizon:com/bilipay	verizon.com/biliview -	verizon.com or 1-800-VERIZON (1-800-837-4966)

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 Phone Number
 Account Number
 Date Due
 Page

 518-237-1753
 518 237 1753 831 24 1
 May 18, 2009
 3 of 5

Questions? Visit verizon.com or call 1–800–VERIZON (1–800–837-4966)

Verizon Online Account 0093324942715

Breakdown of Charges

Voice Services	
Monthly Charge for Dial Tone	13.85
Total Voice Services	\$13.85
Internet Services	
Verizon High Speed Internet Apr 1 - Apr 30	19.99
Total Internet Services	\$19.99
Taxes, Fees & Other Charges	
Voice	
Federal Tax	.63
NY State/Local Sales Tax	1.74
911 Surcharge	.35
Federal USF Surcharge	.73
Surcharge(s)	.75
FCC Line Charge	6.42
Total Taxes, Fees & Other Charges	\$10.62



Phone Number	Account Number	Date Due	Rege
518-237-1753	518 237 1753 831 24	1May 18, 2009	40/6

Other Providers

Zero Plus Dialing Inc

If you have questions concerning this portion of your bill, please contact Zero Plus Dialing Inc at 1-888-506-0734 or on the web at www.billview.com/zpdi

This portion of your bill is provided as a service to Zero Plus Dialing Inc.

Your local tetephone service will not be disconnected for failure to pay the charges on this portion of your bill. If you fail to pay these charges, the service provider may pursue collections independently.

Called from 518 237 1753

Account Number: 5182371753831

Breakdown of Charges

Zero Plus Dialing Inc Summary

Miscellaneous Charges and Credits 4.49
New York gross receipts tax surcharge .13
Total \$4.62

Miscellaneous Charges and Credits

Date	Description	Amount
Billed on I	pehall of Custom TeleConnect	,
Feb 17	Regassesment Fee	1.50
Feb 28	Lec Bitl Fee	2.99
Total		\$4.49



Manage Your Account

Phone Number

Account Number

Billing Date

My Account at verizon.com/billview

518-237-1753

.518 237 1753 831 24 1 - 5/22/2009

Verizon News

Switch Now & Surf Twice as Fast

Upgrade your Verizon High Speed Internet & get speeds up to 7M. It's easy! Just call 1-888-251-9655 & pay \$29.99 for the 1st 6 months & only \$39.99/mo for mos 7-12. Plus 250M8 Verizon Online Back-up & Sharing. Availability & speeds vary, Other charges. taxes & terms apply.

Talk Endlessly Without Time Limit

With Verizon Freedom Value you can keep in touch with unlimited calling across the U.S. and Canada. Sign up for only \$44.99/mo & call your loved ones without worrying about the bill, Call 1-877-765-1113 today. Subject to taxes, fees & terms.

Quick Bill Summary for

RICHARD PRICE

Previous Balance	\$82.84
No Payment Received	\$.00
Balance Forward	\$82.84

New Charnes

Voice Services	(See pg 3)	\$14.03
Internet Services		\$19.99
Taxes, Fees & Other Charges		\$15.66
Total New Charges Due by June 16, 2009		\$49.68

Total Amount Due

These monthly charges are for your service from May 22 to June 21.

SHOULD Pd. 94.14 BE CREDITS CREDITS CREDITS CREDITS

Direct Payment Enrollment	Online Billing & Payment	Questions about your bill?
The state of the s	verizon.com/billview	verizon.com or 1-800-VERIZON (1-800-837-4966)



 Phone Number
 Account Number
 Date Due
 Page

 518-237-1753
 518 237 1753 831 24 1 Jun 16, 2009
 3 of 4

Questions? Visit verizon.com or call 1–800–VERIZON (1–800–837–4966)

Verizon Online Account 0093324942715

Breakdown of Charges

Voice Services	
Verizon Local Calls (see Call Detail)	.18
Monthly Charge for Dial Tone	13.85
Total Voice Services	\$14,03
Internet Services	
Internet 1/384 May 1 - May 31	19.99
Total Internet Services	\$19.99
Taxes, Fees & Other Charges	
Voice	
Federal Tax	.64
NY State/Local Sales Tax	1.76
911 Surcharge	.35
Federal USF Surcharge	.73
Surcharge(s)	76
FCC Line Charge	6,42
Miscellaneous	
Late Payment Charge	5.00

Call Detail

Verizon Local Calls

Total Taxes, Fees & Other Charges

Place called	Charge per call	Number of calls	Period	Amount
Refer to your phone boo	k for rates and discour	nt information.		
<u>A</u>	.09	2	day	
Total				\$.18

\$15.66

With message rate service you pay a set price for each local call you make no matter how long you talk, $\dot{\ }$



Manage Your Account

Phone Number

Account Number

Billing Date

My Account at verizon:com/billyfew

518-237-1753

.. 518 237 1753 831 24 1 👆

6/22/2009 -

Verizon News

Talk Endlessly Without Time Limit

With Verizon Freedom Value you can keep in touch with unlimited calling across the U.S. and Canada. Sign up for only \$44.99/mo. & call your loved ones w/o worrying about the bill. Call 1—888—240—8918 today. Subject to taxes, fees & terms.

Double Your Web Surfing Speed Now

it's easy to upgrade your Verizon High Speed Internet to speeds up to 7M. Call 1–888–251–9657 & get \$10 off the first 6 mos & only pay \$39.99/mo for mos 7–12. No Installation required & you even keep your email address. Availability & speeds vary. Other charges, taxes and terms apply.

Moving? 1-866-VZ-MOVES

One call gets you up & running! Count on the Verizon network to make at least one part of your move easier. Across the street or across the nation all you need is one call to Verizon to set up your Internet, phone & digital TV in your new home in no time. Service availability varies.

Quick Bill Summary for

RICHARD PRICE

Previous Balance \$132.52
Payments Received Jun 18 -\$94.14
Balance Forward \$37.33

New Charges

Voice Services (See pg 3) \$16.02 Internet Services \$19.99

Taxes, Fees & Other Charges \$15.96

Total New Charges Due by July 17, 2009 \$51.97

Total Amount Due

\$90.35 - 37.32

These monthly charges are for your service from June 22 to July 21. 53.03

ZERO PLUS DIALINOT PO BOX 29206 SAN ANTONIO, TX 78229

Direct Payment Enrollment	Online Billing & Payment	Questions about your bill?
verizon.com/billpay.	verizon.com/biliview	verizon.com.or 1=800-VERIZON (1=800-837-4966)

verizon

Please return this remit stip with payment

New Charges Due Account Number Jul 17, 2009

518 237 1753 831 24 1

Total Amount Due: \$90.35

025504

Make Check Parable to Verizon

\$ 53 0

VERIZON
PO BOX 1100
ALBANY NY 12250-0001



Phone Number	Account Number	Date Due	Page
518-237-1753	518 237 1753 831 24	1 - Jul 17, 2009	30[4

Questions? Visit verizon.com or call 1–800–VERIZON (1–800–837–4966)

Verizon Online Account 0093324942715

Breakdown of Charges

Voice Services	•
Vertzon Local Calls (see Call Detail)	.09
· · · · ·	
Monthly Charge for Dial Tone Jun 20 – Jul 21	15.93
Total Voice Services	\$16.02
Internet Services	
Internet 1/384 Jun 1 – Jun 30	19.99
Total Internet Services	\$19.99
Taxes, Fees & Other Charges	
Voice	
Federal Tax	.70
NY State/Local Sales Tax	1.92
911 Surcharge	.35
Federal USF Surcharge	.73
Surcharge(s)	.84
FCC Line Charge	6.42
Miscellaneous	
Late Payment Charge	5.00
Total Taxes, Fees & Other Charges	\$15.96

Call Detail

Verizon Local Calls

Place called	Charge per call	Number of calls	Period	Amount
Refer to your phone bo	ck for rates and discour	nt information.		
Α	.09	1	ngt	
Total		-		\$.09

With message rate service you pay a set price for each local call you make no matter how long you talk.



Manage Your Account

Phone Number

Account Number

Billing Date

My Account at verizon com/billylew

518-237-1753 4 - 518 237 1753 831 24 1

7/22/2009

Verizon News

Talk Endlessly Without Time Limit

With Verizon Freedom Value you can keep in touch with unlimited calling across the U.S. and Canada. Sign up for only \$44.99/mo & call your loved ones w/o worrying about the bill. Call 1-888-240-8918 today. Subject to taxes, fees & terms.

Get Hooked on an Easy & Affordable In-Home Entertainment Experience

Verizon Games on Demand & Starz® Play Entertainment Bundle offers unlimited access and downloads to 1,300+ full version PC games and 2,500+ movie and video selections at only \$16/mo, over 20% savings. Call 1–888–267–9124 now! Other charges, taxes & terms apply.

Moving? 1-866-VZ-MOVES

One call gets you up & running! Count on the Verizon network to make at least one part of your move easier. Across the street or across the nation all you need is one call to Verizon to set up your Internet, phone & digital TV in your new home in no time. Service availability varies.

Quick	Bill	Summary for
-------	------	-------------

860-567-6789 Billing Dept. 8-6

518 890-1500

290 4464

Previous Balance	31-	0 (0 -	\$90.35
No Payment Received			\$.00
Balance Forward			\$90.35

New Charges

RICHARD PRICE

Voice Services	(See pg 3)	\$15.80
Internet Services		\$114.62
Taxes, Fees & Other Charges		\$18.09
Total New Charges Due by	lugust 17, 2009	\$148,51

Total Amount Due

\$238.86

These monthly charges are for your service from July 22 to August 21.

Direct Payment Enrollment	Online Billing & Payment	Questions about your bill?
verizon.com/bilipay	verizon.com/billview	vertzon.com or 1–800–VERIZON (1–800–837–4966)

verizon

Please return this remit stip with payment

New Charges Due Account Number Aug 17, 2009 518 237 1753 831 24 1

Total Amount Due: \$238.86

072209

Make Check Payable to Verizon

\$ 000.00

VERIZON PO BOX 1100 ALBANY NY 12250-0001 Inchialahahahahahan



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Phone Number 518-237-1753

Account Number

Date Due

Page

518 237 1753 831 24 1

Aug 17, 2009

3 of 4:

Questions? Visit verizon.com or call 1-800-VERIZON (1-800-837-4966)

Verizon Ordine Account 0093324942715

Breakdown of Charges

Voice Services	
Monthly Charge for Dial Tone	15.80
Total Voice Services	\$15.80
Internet Services	
Internet 3/768 May 26 - Jun 15	27,09
Internet Bundle Discount May 26 – Jun 15	 6.77
Internet 3/768 Jun 16 - Jul 15	39.99
Internet Bundle Discount Jun 16 - Jul 15	-10.00
Shipping and Activation Fee	14.99
Modem @ 39.99 Payment 1 of 3	13,33
Verlzon Unlimited Games + Starz(R) Play Pak May 23 – Jun 22	20.98
Gaming Starz Play Bundle Discount May 23 - Jun 22	-4.98
Internet 1/384 Jul 1 – Jul 31	19.99
Total Internet Services	\$114.62
Taxes, Fees & Other Charges	
Voice Federal Tax	.69
NY State/Local Sales Tax	1.92
911 Surcharge	.35
Federal USF Surcharge	.90
Surcharge(s)	.84
FCC Line Charge	6.40
Internet	
State Tax	1.00
County Tax	.99
Miscellaneous	,55
Late Payment Charge	5.00
Total Taxes, Fees & Other Charges	\$18,09
tomi taveal i has of actor attaches	4.0.00

Verizon.com Online Bill

Internet and Phone Numbers

Visit verizon.com 24 hours a day or call 1-800-VERIZON (1-800-837-4966)

Enter your ten digit number 518-237-1753

Use 831 if asked for the three digits following your account number.

Billing Questions and Bill Balance	- say 'Billing' or press 'I'
Amount of Payment Due or Payment	- say 'Payment' or press '1'
Arrangements	
24 Hour Repair or Technical Support	- say 'Repair and Tech Support ' or press '2'
To Order New Products	- say 'New Products' or press '3'
For Pending Orders	- say 'Order Status' or press '4'
Centro Hispano de Verizon	verizon.com/espanol or 1-800-837-4966

Preguntas de Pagos verizon.com/ or 1-800-837-4966

New Charges

New Charges		
New Charges		
Voice Services		\$15.80
Monthly Charge for Dial Tone	\$15.80	
Verizon Single Rate Long Distance	\$0.00	
Internet Services		\$114.62
New Charges for Account 0093326908519 New Charges for Account 0093324942715		
Shipping and Activation Fee	\$14.99	
Modern @ 39.99 Payment 1 of 3	\$13.33	
Verizon Unlimited Games + Starz(R) Play Pak May 23 - Jun 22	\$20.98	
Gaming Starz Play Bundle Discount May 23 - Jun 22	-\$4.98	
Internet 1/384 Jul 1 - Jul 31	\$19.99	
Taxes, Fees and Other Charges		\$18.09
Voice		
Federal Excise Tax	\$0.69	
State Tax	\$1.92	
Surcharge(s)	\$0.84	
911 Surcharge	\$0.35	
Federal Universal Service Fund Charge	\$0.90	
FCC Line Charge	\$6.40	
Internet		
State Tax	\$1.00	
County Tax	\$0.99	
Miscellaneous		

Total Charges \$148.51

\$5.00

Messages from Verizon

Late Payment Fee





Manage Your Account

Phone Number

Account Number

Billing Date

My Account at verizon.com/billview

518-237-1753

518 237 1753 831 24 1

8/22/2009

Verizon News

Staying In Touch Made Easy!

Get unlimited residential calling across the U.S. and to Canada with Verizon Freedom Value for a great low price of just \$44.99/mo. One low price and the best of the Network. Call 1–877–896–6077 for details. Terms & restrictions apply.

Great Entertainment for Less

Verizon Games on Demand & Starz® Play Entertainment Bundle offers unlimited access and downloads to 1,400+ full version PC games and 2,500+ movie and video selections at only \$16/mo, over 20% savings. Call 1-888-658-8090 now for easy & affordable entertainment. Other charges, taxes & terms apply.

Get More, Save More.

At Verizon, we want to make sure you're getting the best services at the best value – from phone and Internet, to TV and money-saving bundles. Call 1–888–652–8111 today, and together we'll evaluate your current services, and find ways to save you even more.

Quick Bill Summary for

RICHARD PRICE

Previous Balance		\$238.86
No Payment Received		\$.00
Balance Forward	A 1881	\$238.86
New Charges		
Voice Services	(See pg 3)	\$10 .80
Internet Services		\$69.31
Taxes, Fees & Other Charges		\$17,49
Total New Charges Due by Septe	mber 16, 2009	\$97.60
Total Amount Due		\$336.46

These monthly charges are for your service from August 22 to September 21.

Direct Payment Enrollment	Online Billing & Payment	Questions about your bill?
vertzon.com/bilipay	vertzon.com/billview	verizon.com or 1-800-VERIZON (1-800-837-4966)



Please return this rems stip with payment

New Charges Due Account Number Sep 16, 2009 518 237 1753 831 24 1

Total Amount Due: \$336.46

082209

Make Check Payable to Verizon

\$ 000.00

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VERIZON
PO 80X 1100
ALBANY NY 12250-0001
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Phone Number	Account Number	Date Due	Page
mental district and a season and an included the land	and the first of the programming of the first of		
518-237-1753	518 237 1753 831 24 1	Sep 16, 2009	3 of 4

Questions?

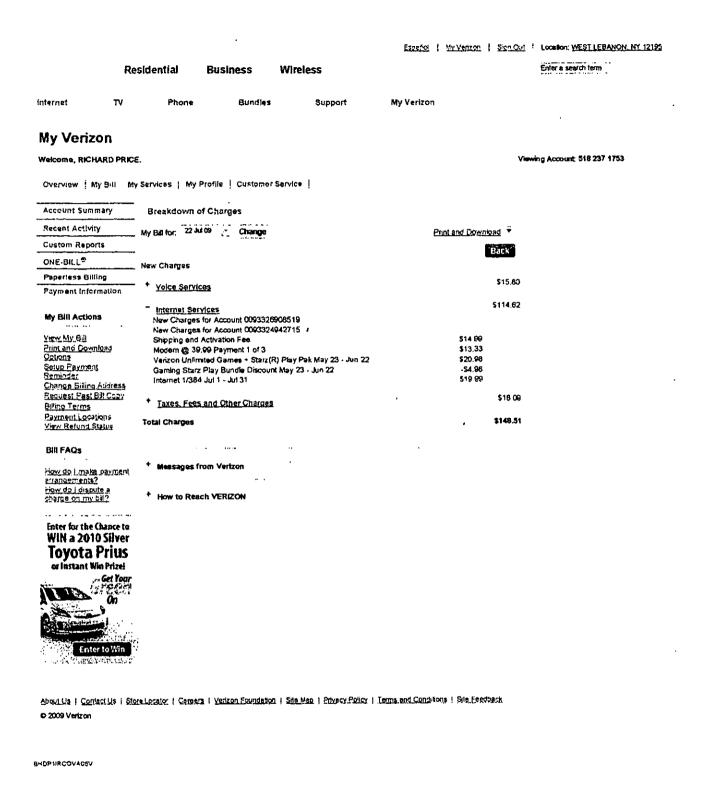
Visit verizon.com or catl 1-800-VERIZON (1-800-837-4966)

Vertzon Online Account 0093324942715

Breakdown of Charges

Voice Services	
Monthly Charge for Dial Tone	15.80
HSI \$15 Bundle Offer	-5.00
This credit will apply to your bill up to and including your	
Jan 22, 2010 bill.	
Total Voice Services	\$10,80
Internet Services	
Internet 3/768 Jul 16 Aug 15	39.99
Internet Bundle Discount Jul 16 - Aug 15	-10.00
Modern @ 39.99 Payment 2 of 3	13.33
Verizon Unlimited Games + Starz(R) Play Pak Jun 23 – Jul 22	20.98
Garning Starz Play Bundle Discount Jun 23 – Jul 22	-4.98
Internet 1/384 Aug 1 - Aug 31	19.99
HSI \$15 Bundle Offer	-10,00
This credit will apply to your bill up to and including your	
Jan 22, 2010 bill. Total Internet Services	******************
10131 IUIGIDAL SALAICAS	\$69,31
Taxes, Fees & Other Charges	
Voice	
Federal Tax	.69
NY State/Local Sales Tax	1.50
911 Surcharge	.35
Federal USF Surcharge	.83
Surcharge(s)	.72
FCC Line Charge	6.41
Internet	
State Tax	1.00
County Tax	.99
Miscellaneous	
Late Payment Charge	5,00
Total Taxes, Fees & Other Charges	\$17.49

My Verizon: Bill Details Page 1 of 1







Manage Your Account

Phone Number

Account Number

Billing Date

My Account at verizon.com/billview

518-237-1753

518 237 1753 831 24 1

9/22/2009

Verizon News

Staying In Touch Made Easy!

Get unlimited residential calling across the U.S. and to Canada with Verizon Freedom Value for a great low price of just \$44.99/mo. One low price and the best of the Network. Call 1-888-747-5772 for details. Terms & restrictions apply.

Answers And Fixes 24/7, 365

Now you can count on Verlzon for more with Premium Technical Support. Wireless not working? Setting up a new PC for school? We're here for many issues. PC, peripherals and beyond. Just \$9.99/mo 1st 3 mos. plus taxes. Call 1-888-747-4977.

Get More, Save More

At Verizon, we want to make sure you're getting the best services at the best value from phone and Internet, to TV and money-saving bundles. Call 1-888-652-8111 today, and together we'll evaluate your current services, and find ways to save you even more.

Quick Bill Summary for

RICHARD PRICE

Previous Balance		\$336.46
No Payment Received		\$.00
Adjustments	(See pg 3)	-\$19.99
Balance Forward		\$316.47
New Charges		
Volce Services	(See pg 3)	\$10.80
Internet Services		\$92.01
Taxes, Fees & Other Charges		\$17.49
Total New Charges Due by October	г 19, 2009	\$120.30
Total Amount Due		\$438.77

These monthly charges are for your service from September 22 to October 21.

Direct Payment Enrollment	Online Billing & Payment	Questions about your bill?
verizon.com/billpay		vertzon.com or 1~800-VERIZON (1~800-837-4966)

verizon

Please return this remit stip with payment

New Charges Due Account Number

Oct 19, 2009

518 237 1753 831 24 1

Total Amount Due: \$436.77

P055P0

Make Check Payable to Verizon



00019562 01 AT 0.357 V2418511 0071 XX RICHARD PRICE V11 PO BOX 176 WEST LEBANON NY 12195-0176 ոլհակ[]իլի[իլի[իրի[իսիհորհուհիսի[իլիսիորհուհիսիկիկիհին

VERIZON PO BOX 15124

ALBANY NY 12212-5124 in the block to the state of the block to the state of th





Phone Number 518-237-1753

Account Number

Date Due

Page

518 237 1753 831 24 1

Oct 19, 2009

3 of 4

~18.38

100.00

.69

\$17.49

Questions?

Visit verizon.com or call 1-800-VERIZON (1-800-837-4966)

Verizon Online Account 0093326908519

Adjustments

Internet

Access Credit Aug 28 -19.99
Total Adjustments -\$19.99

Breakdown of Charges

Voice Services

Monthly Charge for Dial Tone 15.80
HSI \$15 Bundle Offer -5.00
This credit will apply to your bill up to and including your
Jan 22, 2010 bill.

Total Voice Services \$10.80

Internet Services

Internet 3/768 Jul 28 - Aug 15

Promotion Relmbursement

13.33 Modem @ 39.99 Payment 3 of 3 Verizon Unlimited Games + Starz(R) Play Pak -8.46 -.24State Tax -.24 County Tax Verizon Unlimited Games + Starz(R) Play Pak Jul 23 - Aug 22 20.98 Gaming Starz Play Bundle Discount Jul 23 - Aug 22 -4.98-10.00HSI \$15 Bundle Offer This credit will apply to your bill up to and including your Jan 22, 2010 bill.

Total Internet Services \$92.01

Taxes, Fees & Other Charges

Total Taxes, Fees & Other Charges

Voice Federal Tax

1.50 NY State/Local Sales Tax .35 911 Surcharge .83 Federal USF Surcharge .72 Surcharge(s) 6.41 FCC Line Charge Internet 1.00 State Tax .99 **County Tax** Miscellaneous 5.00 Late Payment Charge

Creditor's statement: "Account closed at credit grantor's request."

This item was verified and updated on

Oct 2009.

Address identification number: 25731397

Your Statement: "Y ITEM DISPUTED BY CONSUMER"

CRECET REPORT / EGUTFAX CHARGE-OFF FROM VERIZON

VERIZON NEW YORK 500 TECHNOLOGY DR	Date opened Mar 2008	Date of status Apr 2009	Ceility Ceility	Responsibility Individual	Credit limit or or original amount	Recent belance	Credition or Recent betwee Status: Account charged off, \$85 orginal ancount \$85 as of Jun written off. \$85 past due as of Jun
WELDON SPRING MO 63304 (877) 325-5156	Reported since Apr 2009	Lest reported Jun 2010	Ferms Months		High bulance NA	0.00	Account history:
Fartial account number 518237175			Monthly payment NA				Charge Off as of Jun 2010, Dec 2007, Oct 2009, Jun 2009, Apr 2009
				,			This account is scheduled to continue
,							on record until Apr 2015.

EXHIBIT G-20

RONALD M. GREEN 5540 BARNHOLLOW RD. NORFOLK, VA 23502

ronaldpreppie@aol.com 757-466-2965 Home

July 6, 2012

Henry A. Weissmann, 355 S. Grand, Ave., 35th Fl. Los Angeles, CA. 90071-1560 (Verizon's counsel)

RE: OBJECTION

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:

- I, Ronald M. Green of 5540 Barnhollow Road, Norfolk, Va. 23502, a plaintiff class member objects to current settlement for the following reasons:
- 1). I object to the United States government being a plaintiff since the government with each respective state had a regulatory responsibility to avoid such fiascos or debacles with sufficient and more stringent regulation backed with supervisory follows-ups on especially all Corporations like Verizon, who also receive massive tax breaks. The government's portion considered should be split among the other class members due to inadequate execution and enforcement of laws. This has largely along with Verizon's conduct alleged contributed to providing the importunity for cramming. Now this is further supported by:
 - a). The "Declaration" of John G. Jacobson page 2, lines 19-21.
 - b). "Declaration of David Schachman", number 4, page 3 lines 5-13,
 - c). Again, with respect to government regulation(at least annual accountability of "Verizon" to customers and the government, and quarterly accountability from Third Party Billing to Verizon) in relations to number 9 of page 5 of Schachman's Decl.,
 - d). With respect towards the inadequacies of government and defendants in relations to the "Declaration of the Honorable Daniel H. Weinstein(Ret) in Support of Motion for Preliminary Approval of Class Action Settlement, page 5, lines 16-19, and
 - e). In further support of the defendant's conduct complained of with respect to deficient governmental execution and enforcement towards accountability, number 20 of page 8 of the declaration of the Honorable judge D. H. Weinstein.
- 2). It appears based on my understanding that the amounts payable to each class member apart from the lead plaintiffs equals to "Full payment of claims" (100%) of monies charged unauthorized. Unless the other issues raised by Class Counsel applies such as actual, treble, and exemplary damages, for class plaintiff (in addition to injunctive and declaratory relief, interest, costs, and reasonable attorneys fees).

- 3). Now if such damages do apply then I object to a complete lump sum payment made if the amount is more than \$1,000.00 rather than paid in increments of \$1,000.00 or less consecutively until exhausted due to disability requirements such as the "Substantive Gainful Activity Level".
- 4). I object to the period certain for determining claims without having verification of knowledge within the Amended Complaint or subsequent motions. I support a 10 year period certain based on "the Senate Report" of page 9 of 34 of the Plaintiff's Notice of Motion and Motion for Preliminary Approval of Class action Settlement; Memorandum of Points and Authorities in Support Thereof.
- 5). I object to the payment amounts of the lead plaintiffs and Class Counsel because these people are heroes and should be paid three times as much at minimum of what is reported in current settlement.
- 6). I'm not anticipating appearing before the U.S.D.C. for the Northern District of California for the Final Approval hearing, however; I object if my right to reserve a change of mind to appear would be denied pursuant to the Stipulation and Settlement Agreement page 29 of D.1.(v), Objections by Settlement Class Members.
- 7). I object to Termination for Unexpected Incident of Exclusion and Termination for Modification Reversal or Failure to Obtain Approval on page 29, numbers A. and B., it should not be convenient for the defendants in relations to the inconvenience defendants have imposed on class plaintiffs. Any suffering of defendants is only consequential and well deserved.
- 8). With respect to Effect of Termination or Non-Occurrence of Effective Date, I object because whatever portions of the Settlement are workable, each class member should have the right to decide on the outcome of whether to accept after determination of defendant's denial by each class member's acknowledgement of right to choose to settle based on denial options.
- 9). Responding only in letter form rather than by motion unless letters become exhibits to be added to the record.
- 10). I object to the fact I haven't received the package to view over my account for cramming, when I had made my request by phone on or around 05/23/12, and by email on 05/30/12.

Thank you sincerely,

.

Ronald M. Green

RONALD M. GREEN 5540 BARNHOLLOW ROAD NORFOLK, VIRGINIA 23502

March 1, 2010

VERIZON
P. O. BOX 9000
ANNAPOLIS, MD 21401-9000

RE: Freeze on my account #: 000126094858 13Y, since 03/18/04 and future Notifications?

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:

On March 18, 2004, I called Verizon to report a carrier I saw on the internet appearing to attempt to switch me from Verizon without authorization. I was also persuaded by Verizon to put a freeze on my account as witnessed and recorded by a Third Party Verifier, who in turn informed me that I must notify Verizon to remove the freeze if I decide to change to another carrier. Documentation in support of the verification was also placed on the subsequent billing.

However; my inquiry before you today is to find out why Verizon once notified of my intent to switch carriers and port my phone number only sought to deny Ooma(new carrier) and myself of my Request despite the paperwork I initialed with Ooma to display my obvious "intent to contract"? In addition, on September 14, 2009, and September 22, 2009, included but not limited thereto; why wasn't I also again reminded and/or informed of the freeze on my account during the times I made aware to Verizon of my intent to change carriers, cut off one phone line(757-466-8826) and/or reduce current phone services to Economy plans, when Verizon during those times asked(as answered) why was I changing, cutting off and/or reducing services?

I'm also requesting a copy of the verification process as recorded on 03/18/04 along with what constitutes notification from a customer for intent to change carriers pursuant to your corporate policy, and/or procedure. Please inform me of any costs necessary to accommodate my requests.

Thank you sincerely,

RONALD M. GREEN 757-466-2965 HOME 757-348-0436 CELL

EXHIBIT G-21

Sanae Dillard
9725 Ramona St #9
Bellflower, CA 90706
Pinkylove777@gmail.com
562-760-2967

September 1, 2012 Class Counsel, John G. Jacobs 122 S. Michigan Ave, Suite 1850 Chicago, IL 60603

Verizon's Counsel at Henry A. Weissmann 355 S. Grand Ave. 35th floor Los Angeles, CA 90071

Clerk of the Court 1301 Clay Street, 400 S Oakland, CA 94612

RE: Objection

I Sanae Dillard continuously received emails regarding a class action lawsuit with Moore et al v. Verizon et al., Case No. 09-cv1823 SBA and I responded by doing one of the following and that is to request the third party charges between April 27, 2005 and February 28, 2012. I never received that information but instead received an email on August 27, 2012 stating that Verizon records show that the account for which I requested a summary report for wasn't billed 3rd party charges and that if I have questions I could submit a letter to Moore Settlement Administrator. I object to this because I recall when it was happening questioning Verizon wireless representatives as to why I was being charged for the third party companies that I had been seeing on my bill that I hadn't seen before and I was told that it had something to do with taxes and it wasn't them doing it and it was out of their control. I can't recollect all of that information because I shredded those statements. I have been with Verizon wireless over approximately 7 y ears and have had different numbers and cell phones and I don't recall everything, but I do recall being charged by third parties and I was upset about it as well. I would like to be compensated and Verizon Wireless should have copies of all of this information seeing that everything is computerized, they know who they has paid third parties. This is absurd. I also received a letter telling me that I would get a long distance phone benefit in connection with the settlement case entitled Cowit v. Cellco Partnership d/b/a/ Verizon Wireless which I don't know if it has something to do with this case, but I don't want that because my plan already comes with long distance benefits.

Thank-You Sanaé Dillard Larae Dillard

8/d VZ# 5/02-7/00-9256

EXHIBIT G-22

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SETTLEMENT CLAIM FORM Moore v. Verizon Class Action Settlement Claim Form Moore et al., v. Verizon et al., Case No. 09-cv-1823 SBA This Claim Form must be postmarked or received no later than October 21, 2013.
To receive a settlement payment, please select <u>either</u> a Flat Payment Claim <u>or</u> Full Payment Claim, but not both, by checking the appropriate box below.
Flat Payment Claim (\$40): I hereby submit a claim for the flat payment amount of \$40 for all Third-Party Charges that were billed to me during the Class Period. In support of my claim, I state that I: (i) paid for Third-Party Charges; (ii) did not knowingly authorize those Third-Party Charges; (iii) did not receive a full refund of those Third-Party Charges; (iv) did not intentionally use the service associated with those Third-Party Charges; and (v) did not release claims related to those Third-Party Charges in any prior litigation.
Full Payment Claim (100% refund of unauthorized charges): I hereby submit a claim for benefits in the full amount of any
Third-Party Charges that I incurred during the Class Period, for a total of \$\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}\frac{9}{9}
In support of my Full Payment Claim, I have attached the summary of third-party charges Verizon provided to me as part of this Settlement.
Please Type or Print in the Boxes Below; Do NOT use Red Ink, Pencil, or Staples First Name MI Last Name
Signarg IIIIII A Oliga IIIIIII
Business Name (if applicable)
Mailing Address (Street, PO Box, Suite or Office Number, as applicable)
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City State Zip Code
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Current Telephone Number
47131-6819-6381 3
Current Email Address SGNQ19019ZM940-5 10970GCM911100M) (Username)
Are you submitting a claim for a current account or former account? (If you terminated your service with Verizon on or after April 11, 2012
please select the Current Account option): Current Account: Former Account:
f you are submitting a claim for a current account, please provide the Verizon Account Number to which the unauthorized charges were billed
f you are submitting a claim for a former account, please provide the PIN that was on the back of the Postcard notice you received:
9783959998 T
n order to complete this Claim Form you must sign it below.
By signing below I hereby verify under penalty of perjury that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, the statements made in this Claim Formere true and corrects

Signature:

To file a Claim Form online, visit www.verizonthirdpartybulingsettlement.com. If you are submitting a hard copy, mail this Claim Form, along with any necessary documentation, to:

Moore v. Verizon Settlement Administrator PO Box 4655 Portland, OR 97208-4655

PLEASE DO NOT SEND THIS TO VERIZON.

02-CA3071

Questions or to obtain a Claim Form: visit www.verizonthirdpartybillingsettlement.com, or call 1-877-772-6219 toll free or email at questions@verizonthirdpartybillingsettlement.com.

CLAIM FORM INSTRUCTIONS

Read and follow these instructions carefully. Failure to follow these instructions could result in the rejection of your claim for a settlement payment. If you have questions or need help in filling out the Claim Form, you can call the Settlement Administrator at 1-877-772-6219. You must file your claim no later than October 21, 2013.

If you received a Notice of this class action Settlement in the mail, by email, or as a result of receiving a post card notice about the Settlement, it is because Verizon's records indicate that you are either a current or former landline telephone customer of Verizon who was billed for Third-Party Charges between April 27, 2005 and February 28, 2012, and may be entitled to a payment under the Settlement.

If you were billed for unauthorized charges, you have the right as a member of the Settlement Class to submit a claim for either. (a) a Flat Payment Claim for \$40, or (b) a Full Payment Claim for a refund of the full amount (i.e., 100%) of all unauthorized Third-Party Charges that you paid between April 27, 2005 and February 28, 2012. Verizon will provide you, for free, a summary of all of the third-party charges that you paid during the relevant time period that you can submit with your Claim Form. To get a summary of charges, contact the Settlement Administrator at www.verizonthirdpartybillingsettlement.com, 1-877-772-6219, or questions@verizonthirdpartybillingsettlement.com.

Follow the steps below to submit a Claim Form for a settlement payment. If you do not submit a Claim Form, you will not receive any payment under the terms of the Settlement.

Step One-Complete and Sign the Claim Form

(1) check the box to indicate if you are submitting a Flat Payment Claim or a Full Payment Claim, but not both;

(2) if the Full Payment Claim is selected, (a) identify the total dollar amount you claim, and (b) confirm that you have provided the required supporting information or documentation from the summary of third-party charges. In the case of an online claim, you must include information from the summary of third-party charges. In the case of a paper or mailed claim, you must attach the paper summary of third-party charges. This information is required only for Full Payment Claims.

(3) provide your name, current address, current telephone number, and current email address; If your address changes after you file your claim, please provide your full name, new address, and account number or PIN to the Settlement Administrator. (4) provide your Verizon account information: (a) if you are submitting a claim for a current Verizon Account, please provide the Verizon Account Number to which the unauthorized charges were billed (your Account Number can be found at the top of your Verizon bill); (b) if you are submitting a claim for a former Verlzon Account, please provide the PIN that was printed on the back of your postcard notice. You may have both an account number(s) for your current Verizon account(s) and PIN(s) for a former Verizon account(s), and you are allowed to obtain billing summaries and file claims for all such accounts. If you need assistance locating the Verizon Account Number on your bill, or the PIN that was printed on your postcard notice, visit www.verizonthirdpartybillingsettlement.com, or contact the Settlement Administrator at the contact information below.

(5) please note that if you have multiple Verizon Account Numbers, or assigned PINs, you may attach a separate sheet of paper to list the additional Account Numbers or PINs if the contact information is exactly the same for all Account Numbers, or assigned PINs. Otherwise, you will need to submit a separate Claim Form for each Verizon Account Number or PIN. For each Account Number, or PIN, indicate if you are submitting a Flat Payment Claim or a Full Payment Claim. You must identify the total dollar amount and provide the summary of third-party charges for each Verizon Account Number or PIN for which you select a Full Payment Claim. You may also contact Class Counsel at (877) 593-2088 for additional assistance with multiple accounts or PINs.

(6) sign the completed Claim Form.

Note: For Flat Payment Claims, you need only provide the information requested in items (1), (3), (4) and (6) above.

Step Two-Submit the Claim Form to the Settlement Administrator by the Claims Deadline

Claim Forms may be submitted online at www.verizonthirdpartybillingsettlement.com, by mail to Moore v. Verizon Settlement Administrator, PO Box 4655, Portland, OR 97208-4655, or email to questions@verizonthirdpartybillingsettlement.com. To be on time, the Settlement Class member's Claim Form must be postmarked or received by **October 21**, **2013**.

What happens to the Claim Forms: Verizon and the other entities involved in the third-party charges have the opportunity to challenge a Claim Form if they believe that the Class Member is not entitled to payment under the terms of the Settlement. For a full listing of the bases on which challenges can be made, go to www.verizonthirdpartybillingsettlement.com and consult the FAQ concerning the claims challenge process. If a Claim Form is challenged, the Class Member will be informed and will have an opportunity to respond. Class Counsel will help you, for free, in the event your claim is challenged. The Court-appointed Settlement Administrator will make the final decision.

IF YOU FAIL TO SUBMIT YOUR CLAIM FORM ON OR BEFORE OCTOBER 21, 2013, YOUR CLAIM MAY NOT BE APPROVED.

No paper Claim Form will be accepted without an original signature.

FAILURE TO FILL OUT THE CLAIM FORM COMPLETELY MAY RESULT IN THE REJECTION OF YOUR CLAIM.

NO PAYMENTS WILL BE MADE AVAILABLE UNTIL AFTER FINAL APPROVAL OF THE SETTLEMENT BY THE COURT, INCLUDING AFTER ANY APPEALS ARE RESOLVED. THE PROCESS MAY TAKE TIME. PLEASE BE PATIENT.

Questions or to obtain a Claim Form: visit www.verizonthirdpartybillingsettlement.com, or call 1-877-772-6219 toll free or email at questions@verizonthirdpartybillingsettlement.com.



EXHIBIT G-23

Мау 9, 2012
John G. Jacobs, Esq
122 S. Michigan Ave. St. 1850
Chicago, IL 60603
Henry A.Weissmann,
355 S. Grand Ave., 35 th FI
Los Angeles, CA 90071-1560
Clerk of the Court
1301 Clay Street, St. 400 S
Oakland, CA 94612
U.S. District Court, Northern District California
Court Room 1
131 Clay Street
Oakland, CA 94612
CONDING, CA SHOLL
To. When Is have record
To: Whom It May concern:
RE: Moore v. Verizon law suit settlement.
I am writing to object/ appeal the settlement, class counsel's request for attorney's fees & expenses
(7,500, 00 0) and/or incentive awards (10,000 total).
I would like to appeal the settlement or award of attorney's fees. I want all my winnings of the class action suit to come directly to me in the Moore v. Verizon law suit.
Sincerely,
2

Cell: 617-212-2195, press # to bypass greeting

Shirley A. Jones

Email address: sjones@rhdboston.org

EXHIBIT G-24

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

Moore et al v. Verizon et al Class Action Case No. cv-1823 SBA

OBJECTION TO THE PROPOSED SETTLEMENT

My name is Steven K. Morrison and I received a notice (printed on yellow background) that I had the opportunity to object to the proposed settlement. I am 77 years old and retired and the notice also told me that I should expect to receive \$40 or some still undisclosed amount from the proposed settlement. I am spending more than 3 percent of my alleged return on postage to object to the proposed settlement.

The people who may be liable for my possible \$40 and the 7.5 million dollar legal fees are mainly the 2012 Verizon stockholders. But those culpable for the scurrilous behavior were those individuals at Verizon who developed the scheme and were rewarded for misleading and overbilling Verizon customers, an activity which produced their inflated salaries, bonuses and stock options in earlier years. Not only should they have exclusive liability for the settlement and the attorney fees, but they should be fired from their Verizon employment now!

There may be cases that do or do not support this viewpoint. I am not going to devote a lot more of my great windfall return to hire someone to do legal research as the Notice suggests I might. However, I am really vexed that this sleazy behavior (a Ponzi scheme that I did not and do not consent to) apparently goes unaddressed and the actual perpetrators have an insufficient personal downside for their bad behavior.

Steven K. Morrison

13816 Vintage Lane

Silver Spring, MD 20906-2240

(301) 871-6452

On this 17th day of August, 2012, I personally mailed the foregoing OBJECTION, first class mail from a US Post Office, to John G. Jacobs, 122 S. Michigan Ave., Suite 1850, Chicago, IL. 60603, Henry Weiss, 355 S. Grand Ave., 35th Floor, Los Angeles, CA 90071-1560, and Clerk of the Court, 1301 Clay Street, Ste 400 S., Oakland, CA 94612.